

Challenges the Hotel Industry and Transforms Space

#### Thesis:

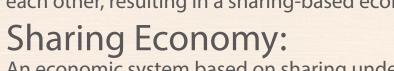
The Sharing Economy is a disruptive force in many industries, particularly travel, consumer goods, transportation, finance, and employment. A driver in this transfor mative system is the home-sharing online platform, Airbnb.

As an impactful innovation, it provides a certain unique set of options that traditional hotels do not. In contrast to traditional hotel experiences, it offers better access and affordability, endless options to bookings and locations, personal customization, a unique and meaningful experience, and a relationship between users and hosts.

This research investigates the key components of the sharing economy business model's success, and applys it to the hotel environments that are adapting to the future. The research looks specifically at spatial comparisons between Airbnb listings and hotels, human feedback and expectations, experiential values that have been created by this technology, and regulations that may be necessary.

### Disruptive Technology:

An inoovation that transforms a product to be much more affordable and accessable that a much larger population have access to it (Ref 3). Airbnb is a global example of this. It is a 'collaborative consumption platform', a result of the Web 2.0 generation. Collaborative platforms **Venmo** enable people to efficiently get what they need from each other, resulting in a sharing-based economy.



Sharing Economy: An economic system based on sharing underused assets or services, for free or for a fee, directly between individuals.

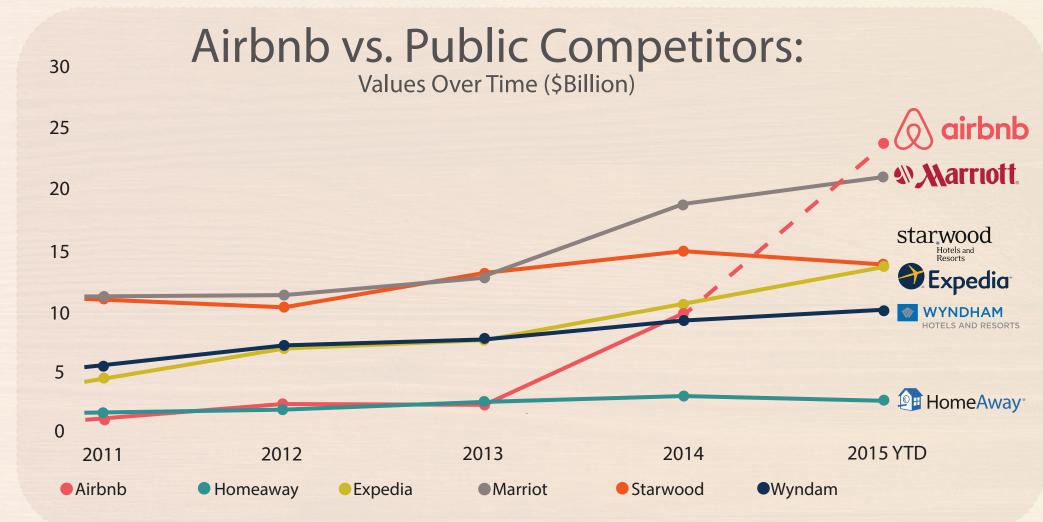




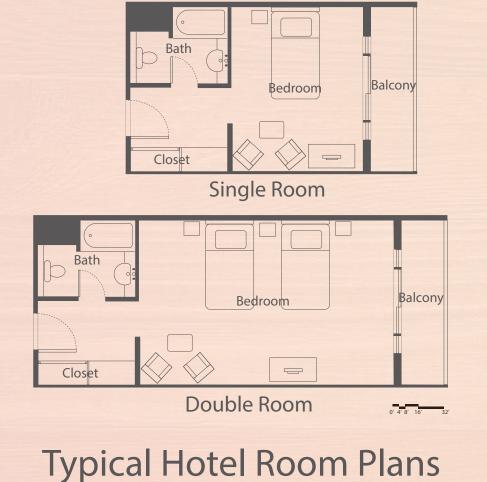
Airbnb is an online community marketplace that connects people looking to rent their homes with people who are looking for accommodations. Airbnb users include hosts and travelers: hosts list and rent out their unused spaces, and travelers search for

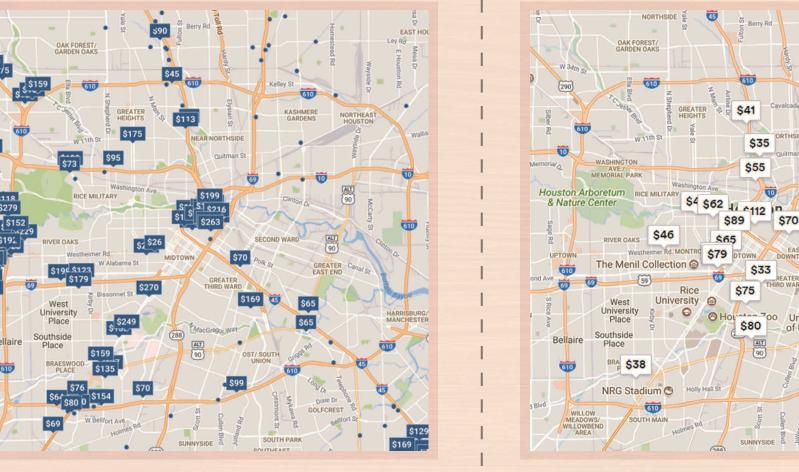




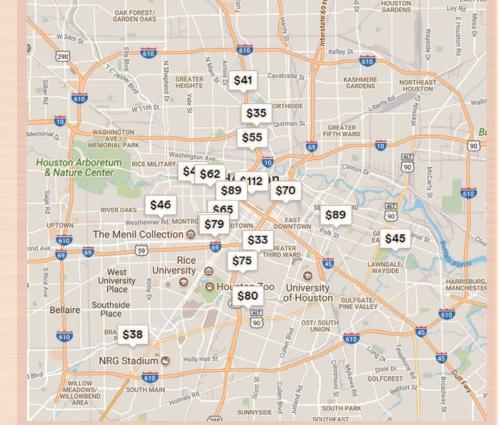


## Hotels vs. airbnb Houston,TX •

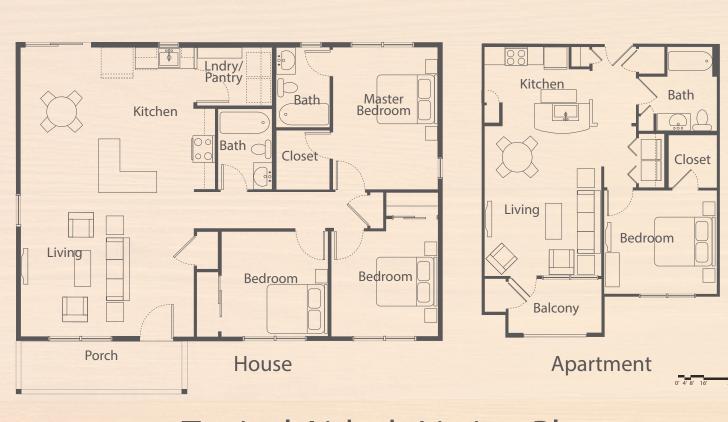




Hotel Stays District-oriented, near major highways



Airbnb Listings Dispersed, alternative neighborhoods



Typical Airbnb Listing Plans



Hotel Derek 3.8 ★★★★ 580 Google reviews



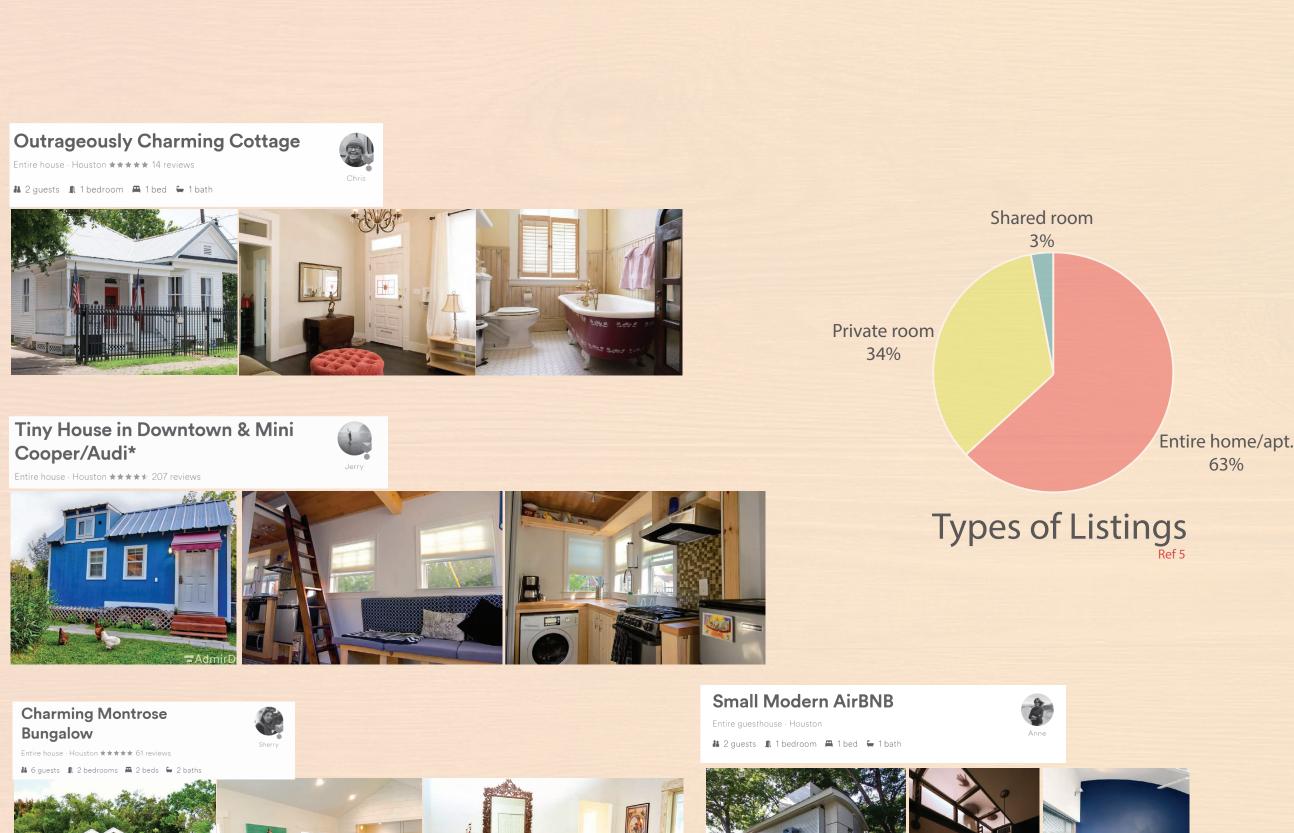
Four Points by Sheraton Houston Greenway Plaza 🖈 3.8 ★★★★ 341 Google reviews

Best Western Galleria Inn & Suites

Hilton Houston Plaza/Medical Center 3.9 ★★★★ 173 Google reviews



**Hotel Samples** 



**Fun Shipping Container Home!** 

Entire house · Houston ★★★★ 16 reviews

Airbnb Samples

1st Flr BR, Downtown View

Houston ★★★★ 107 reviews

Rooftop

#### (1) "Tech Market Intelligence." CB Insights. (2) "About Us." About Us - Airbnb. (3) "Vacation Rentals, Homes, Experiences & Places." Airbnb. (4) Clay Christensen, Harvard Business School professor (5) "Airbnb Data | AirBNB Analytics." Airdna. (6) Pas, Brigitte Van de, and Felix Richter. "Infographic: Airbnb an Unfair Competitor for Hotel Industry?" Statista Infographics. (7) "A greener way to travel: the environmental impacts of home sharing. "The Airbnb Blog Belong Anywhere

# Human Impact of Airbnb

# Social Factors

A Unique and Meaningful Experience

-Encourages cultural exchange

-More relational interactions as opposed to just transactional -System of transparency, holds people accountable with ratings -Creates community interaction and brings people together

-Adds value, history and meaning to experience

#### Person-to-person exchange

-People benefit instead of a commercial hotel chain

-Creates a personal experience and ability to live like a local -The host gives personal advice and suggestions about the area

#### **Access and Options**

-Lower price options create access and affordability for new travellers -Travel is no longer limited to the hotel district of a city, travellers can take the unbeaten path

-Hosts can create a hospitable environment and make a living where it was not possible before



#### Threat to Popular Cities

-Airbnb can be a threat to popular cities like Amsterdam and San Francisco -Central areas are becoming rentable and disrupted with excess tourism -Property prices rise while buyers are purchasing extra rooms to rent out

-Contributes to gentrification

-Tourism overpopulation in neighborhoods leads to tourist businesses replacing local stores, such as bike rental replacing a local grocery

#### Discrimination

-Controversy with how the company should apply regulations -Discrimination occurs with system of hosts turning away certain guests

A Risky Experience

-Vulnerability to opening your home to a stranger

### **Economic Factors**

-Airbnb is able to offer accommodation at a significantly smaller cost than hotels and creates competition -Money spreads from commercial hotels to neighborhoods and locals

### Real Estate

-Property prices rise in popular cities

-Fewer spaces available as buyers purchase extra rooms to rent out

### Hotel Industry

Hotel Rooms vs. Airbnb Properties in Amsterdam (2010 to 2017) Airbnb properties on offer Number of hotel rooms



-Airbnb does not have to comply with the same legislation as hotels, and cities lose significant tax revenue -Hotel industry loses guests and future jobs

# **Environmental Factors**

Comparing Airbnb properties to hotel stays:





Less water consumption by: North America Europe

More waste avoidance by:

### Sustainability awareness:

Hosts with at least one energy efficient appliance:

households)

Europe (vs. 77% of total households)

Hosts that provide recycling options: 89% North America Europe

-Promotes efficient use of existing resources and sustainable way of travelling -Compared to hotels, sharing a home results in significant reduction in energy, water and waste

-Encourages sustainability awareness among hosts and users