

ASACS - ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM  
A PROBLEM ORIENTED LANGUAGE  
FOR A LIMITED COMPUTER ENVIRONMENT

by

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

LIST OF TABLES . . . . .iv

LIST OF FIGURES . . . . .v

ABSTRACT . . . . .vi

### Chapter

1. INTRODUCTION . . . . .1

2. THEORETICAL CONSIDERATIONS . . . . .3

3. ASACS PROGRAM COMPONENTS . . . . .13

4. EXAMPLES - TEST PROBLEMS . . . . .28

5. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMENDATIONS . . . . .45

REFERENCES . . . . .46

APPENDIX A - USER'S MANUAL

APPENDIX B - PLANE TRUSS PROGRAM LISTING

APPENDIX C - PLANE FRAME PROGRAM LISTING

APPENDIX D - PLANE GRID PROGRAM LISTING

## LIST OF TABLES

### Table

4.1	Comparison of Results Plane Truss . . . . .	32
4.2	Comparison of Results Plane Frame . . . . .	38
4.3	Comparison of Results Plane Grid . . . . .	44

## LIST OF FIGURES

### Figure

2.1	Typical Truss Joint . . . . .	5
2.2	Typical Truss Member . . . . .	5
2.3	Typical Frame Joint . . . . .	7
2.4	Typical Frame Member . . . . .	7
2.5	Typical Grid Joint . . . . .	10
2.6	Typical Grid Member . . . . .	10
4.1	Plane Truss Test Problem . . . . .	29
4.2	Plane Frame Test Problem . . . . .	33
4.3	Plane Grid Test Problem . . . . .	39

## ABSTRACT

Academic Structural Analysis Computer System, ASACS, is a general purpose computer software system for the analysis of plane trusses, plane frames, and plane grids. The geometry of the structure, the member properties, and the loads are provided by the user in a problem oriented language. Member forces, joint displacements, and reactions are produced in an easily understood tabular format. A linear, elastic, static, small-deflection stiffness analysis is used to calculate these values.

ASACS is ideally suited to the analysis of small to medium-sized structures in a time-sharing or limited computer environment. Minimal storage requirement and computational time are features of ASACS that enable both student users and practicing engineers to obtain rapid turnaround and reliability in structural problem solution.

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## CHAPTER 1

### INTRODUCTION

Structural engineering, especially structural engineering education, has advanced to the point that it is no longer practical or feasible to analyze all structures by hand in the process of design. Several large scale computer software systems have been developed - among them: STRUDL, STRESS, and NASTRAN - to perform analysis. In order to operate, these programs require sophisticated computers with large storage capacity and long execution times. As such they are not well-suited to a time-sharing system, for use as a preliminary design tool, or for the analysis of small structures using limited computing facilities.

A computer software system has been developed to fill this gap, not filled by these other systems. The program (ASACS - Academic Structural Analysis Computer System) will analyze plane trusses, plane frames, and plane grids using the stiffness method of analysis. Input is in a problem oriented language easily understood by structural engineers. Output provides the user with information needed for design: member forces, joint reactions, and displacements presented in a tabular form which is easily interpreted. All external similarities between STRUDL and ASACS are intentional. These similarities make the transition for the user from one system to the other as simple as possible.

Computational procedures for ASACS utilize a matrix stiffness analysis. Extensive use was made of matrix overlays in order to hold memory requirements at an absolute minimum for operation in a time-sharing system or a small stand-alone computer. Coding was done in FORTRAN IV so that except for minor modifications, the programs are machine independent. This should enhance user acceptance. Prior to this, 1620 STRESS was the only system really comparable to ASACS, but the approach and basic philosophy were much different.

## CHAPTER 2

### THEORETICAL CONSIDERATIONS

Academic Structural Analysis Computer System employs a linear, elastic, static, small-deflection stiffness analysis. The classes of structures that can be handled are pin-connected plane trusses, plane frames, and plane grids. Formulation of the solution for all three classifications is essentially the same, however the complexity of solution increases in the order named. All three programs could have been incorporated into a single, large program system. In order to keep the system small enough to provide rapid turnaround in a batch environment, reasonable partition size in time-sharing, and compatibility with small computers, each class was programmed as a separate entity.

#### 2.1 General Matrix Formulation

The analysis of a structure by the stiffness method requires two general equations.

$$P = K * X \quad (1)$$

$$F = k * B * X \quad (2)$$

Where: P = joint load vector  
K = global stiffness matrix  
X = global displacement vector  
k = local stiffness matrix  
B = transformation-rotation matrix  
F = member force vector  
\* denotes matrix multiplication

Equations (1) and (2) are the force - deflection relations in global and local coordinates respectively.



Each degree of freedom at each joint in the structure is assigned a coordinate number regardless of the type of structure. The constrained coordinates are numbered last. This places the free-joint information in leading partitions of each matrix. The restriction that no constrained coordinate is allowed to displace permits the matrices of Equation (1) to be partitioned as shown in Equation (1a).

$$\begin{bmatrix} K_{11} & K_{12} \\ K_{21} & K_{22} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} X_1 \\ 0 \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{Bmatrix} P_1 \\ P_2 \end{Bmatrix} \quad (1a)$$

The partitioning separates the free and constrained coordinates.  $P_1$  contains the joint loads and  $P_2$  contains the resultant support reactions. The elements of  $X_1$  are the resultant global joint displacements. Solution requires inversion of  $K_{11}$  only. This is performed using Gaussian elimination.

The development of the local stiffness matrix,  $k$ , and the transformation-rotation matrix,  $B$ , is presented for each type of structure in the sections that follow. The global stiffness matrix is calculated from these elements as

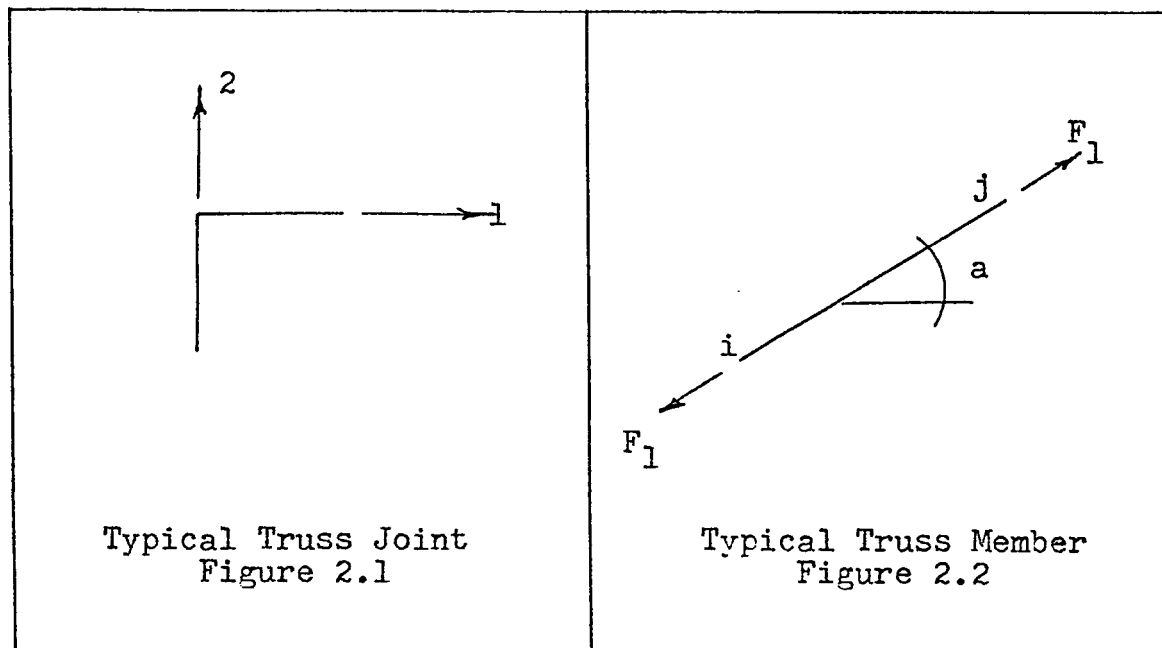
$$K = \sum_{m=1}^n B_m^T * k_m * B_m \quad (3)$$

where:  $m$  = member number

## 2.2 Plane Truss Formulation

In a plane truss, each joint may translate vertically

and horizontally and the individual members deform axially. A typical joint with coordinates labelled is shown in Figure 2.1. A member is described in Figure 2.2 showing the local force coordinate.



The transpose of the transformation-rotation vector,  $B$ , is obtained by satisfying joint equilibrium for each end of the member.

$$i_1 = -\cos(a) \cdot F_1$$

$$i_2 = -\sin(a) \cdot F_1$$

$$j_1 = \cos(a) \cdot F_1$$

$$j_2 = \sin(a) \cdot F_1$$

(4)

Representing this in matrix form, one obtains

$$B^T = \begin{Bmatrix} -\cos(a) \\ -\sin(a) \\ \cos(a) \\ \sin(a) \end{Bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

For the coordinate considered the local stiffness matrix is (the single element)

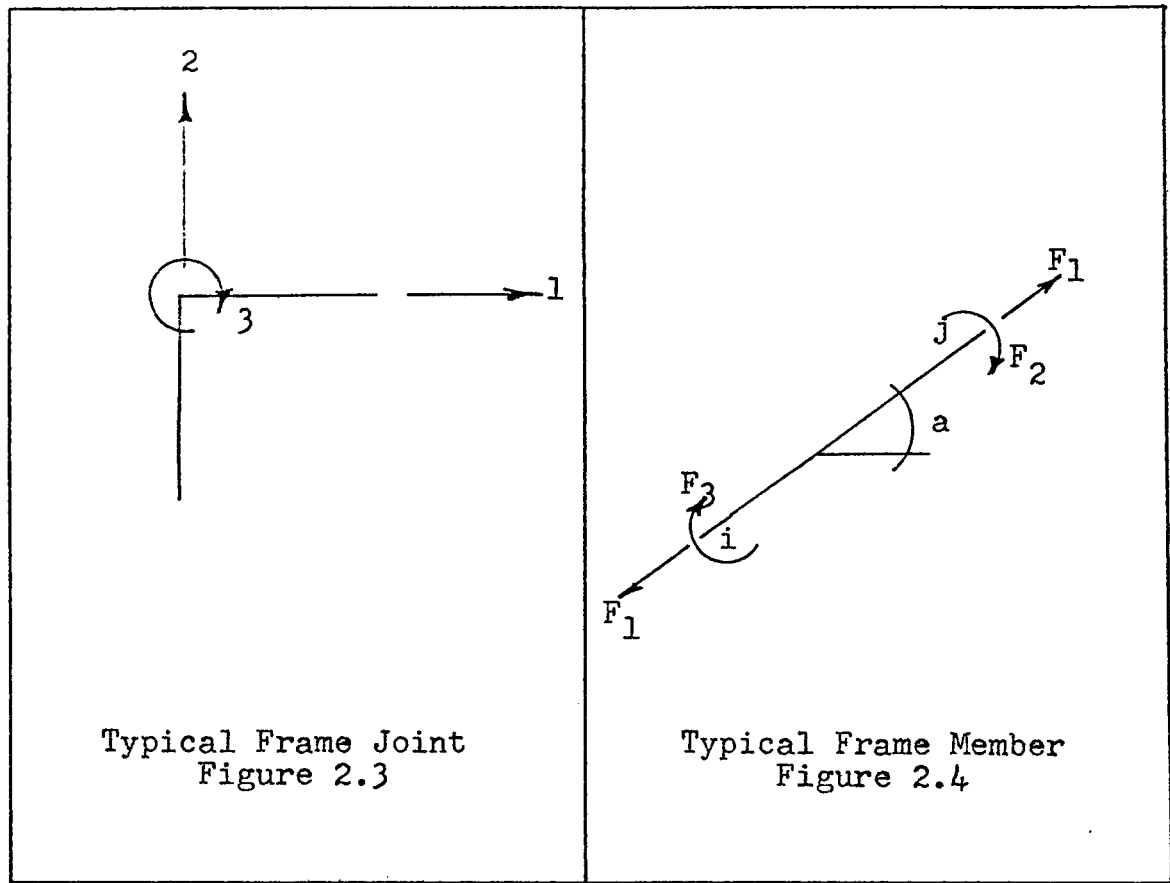
$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A \cdot E}{L} \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

Where: A = cross-sectional area  
E = Young's modulus  
L = member length

Equations (5) and (6) are substituted into Equations (1) thru (3) for the solution of member forces, joint reactions, and joint displacements.

### 2.3 Plane Frame Formulation

Each joint in the plane frame has three degrees of freedom: horizontal and vertical translation, and in-plane rotation. The members of the frame also have three force components: in-plane rotation at each end of the member and an axial force. Typical joints and members are illustrated in Figures 2.3 and 2.4 respectively, showing the force and displacement components. The shears on the member ends are calculated from static equilibrium.



As with the plane truss, the transformation-rotation matrix is obtained from joint equilibrium at each end of the member.

$$\begin{aligned}
 i_1 &= -F_1 \cos(a) + (F_2 + F_3)/L \cdot \sin(a) \\
 i_2 &= -F_1 \sin(a) - (F_2 + F_3)/L \cdot \cos(a) \\
 i_3 &= F_3 \\
 j_1 &= F_1 \cos(a) - (F_2 + F_3)/L \cdot \sin(a) \\
 j_2 &= F_1 \sin(a) + (F_2 + F_3)/L \cdot \cos(a) \\
 j_3 &= F_2
 \end{aligned} \tag{7}$$

Representing this in matrix form

$$B^T = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos(a) & \frac{\sin(a)}{L} & \frac{\sin(a)}{L} \\ -\sin(a) & \frac{-\cos(a)}{L} & \frac{-\cos(a)}{L} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \cos(a) & \frac{-\sin(a)}{L} & \frac{-\sin(a)}{L} \\ \sin(a) & \frac{\cos(a)}{L} & \frac{\cos(a)}{L} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (8)$$

The member stiffness matrix for the plane frame is

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A \cdot E}{L} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{4EI}{L} & \frac{2EI}{L} \\ 0 & \frac{2EI}{L} & \frac{4EI}{L} \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

Where: A = cross-sectional area  
 E = Young's modulus  
 I = moment of inertia about z-axis  
 L = member length

With the plane frame it is possible to release one or both ends of the individual members with respect to moment. When this occurs the member stiffness matrix becomes one of the following three types.

If the initial end is released member stiffness is given by

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A \cdot E}{L} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3EI}{L} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

If the terminal end is released member stiffness is given by

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A \cdot E}{L} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{3EI}{L} \end{bmatrix} \quad (11)$$

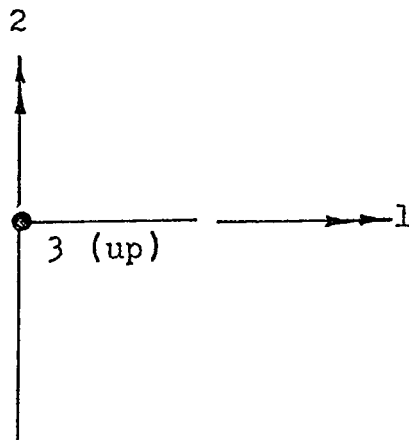
If both ends are released member stiffness is given by

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{A \cdot E}{L} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (12)$$

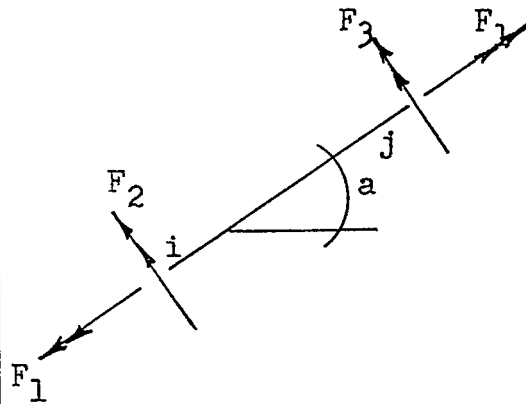
Equations (8) thru (12) are substituted into Equations (1) thru (3). The resulting matrix equations are solved for member forces, joint reactions, and joint displacements.

## 2.4 Plane Grid Formulation

Each joint in the plane grid has three degrees of freedom: out-of-plane rotation about x and y axes in the plane of the grid and translation normal to the plane. The members of the grid have three force components: torsion and out-of-plane bending at each end of the member. End shears are calculated from static equilibrium. Figures 2.5 and 2.6 show the force and displacement components on typical joints and members.



Typical Grid Joint  
Figure 2.5



Typical Grid Member  
Figure 2.6

As with both of the preceding structures, the transpose of the transformation-rotation matrix is obtained from joint equilibrium at each end of the member.

$$\begin{aligned}
 i_1 &= -F_1 \cos(a) - F_2 \sin(a) \\
 i_2 &= -F_1 \sin(a) + F_2 \cos(a) \\
 i_3 &= -(F_2 + F_3)/L \\
 j_1 &= F_1 \cos(a) - F_3 \sin(a) \\
 j_2 &= F_1 \sin(a) + F_3 \cos(a) \\
 j_3 &= (F_2 + F_3)/L
 \end{aligned} \tag{13}$$

Representing this in matrix form, one obtains

$$B^T = \begin{bmatrix} -\cos(a) & -\sin(a) & 0 \\ -\sin(a) & \cos(a) & 0 \\ 0 & -1/L & -1/L \\ \cos(a) & 0 & -\sin(a) \\ \sin(a) & 0 & \cos(a) \\ 0 & 1/L & 1/L \end{bmatrix} \tag{14}$$



The stiffness matrix for a plane grid member is

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{J \cdot G}{L} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{4EI}{L} & \frac{2EI}{L} \\ 0 & \frac{2EI}{L} & \frac{4EI}{L} \end{bmatrix} \quad (15)$$

Where: J = torsional constant  
 I = moment of inertia about z-axis  
 E = Young's modulus  
 G = shear modulus  
 L = length of the member

If the torsional component is released, the member stiffness matrix is

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{4EI}{L} & \frac{2EI}{L} \\ 0 & \frac{2EI}{L} & \frac{4EI}{L} \end{bmatrix} \quad (16)$$

If both end moments are released, the stiffness matrix is

$$k = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{J \cdot G}{L} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (17)$$

Equations (14) thru (17) can now be entered into Equations (1) thru (3) to obtain member forces, joint reactions, and joint displacements.

## CHAPTER 3

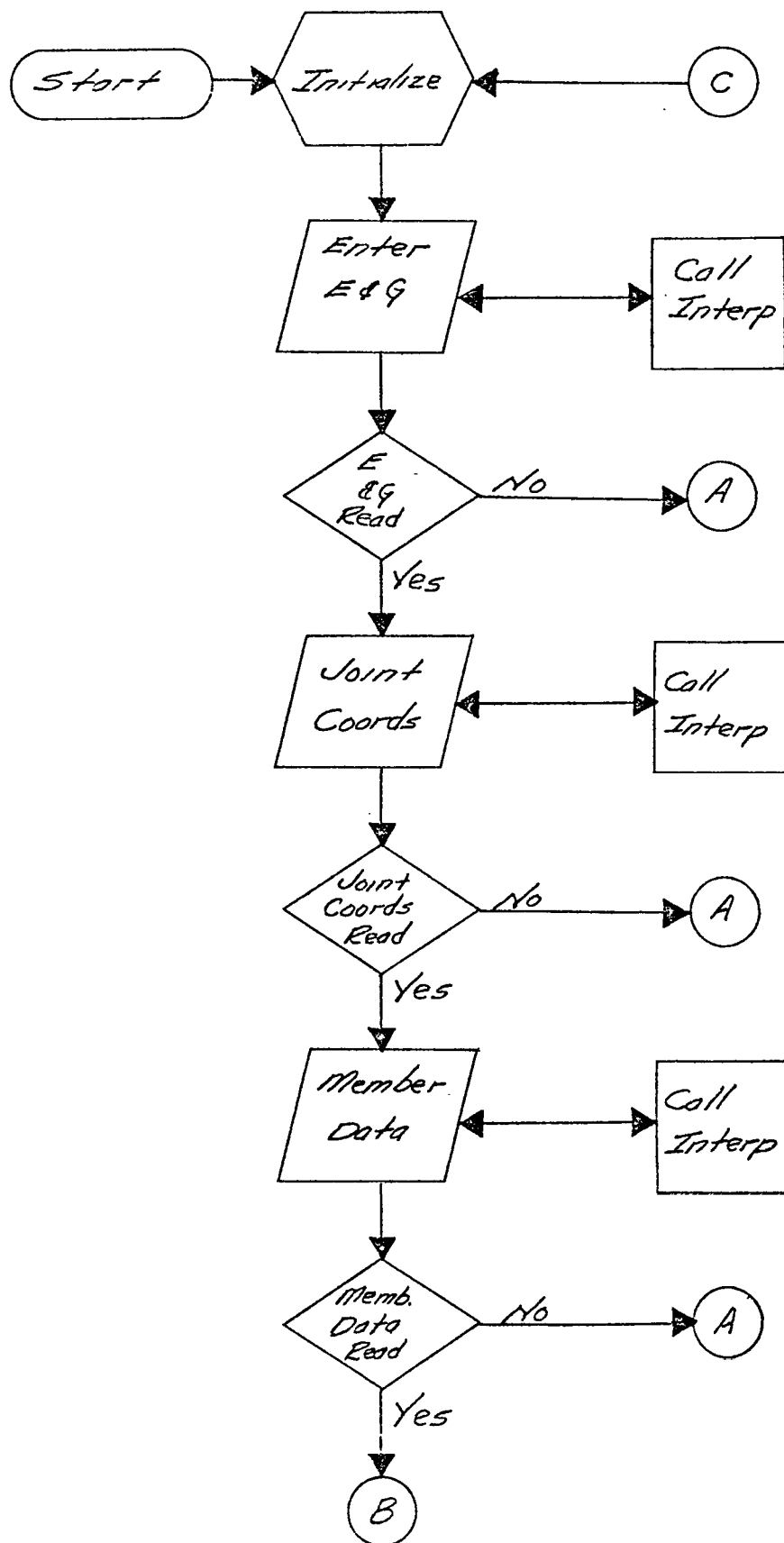
### ASACS PROGRAM COMPONENTS

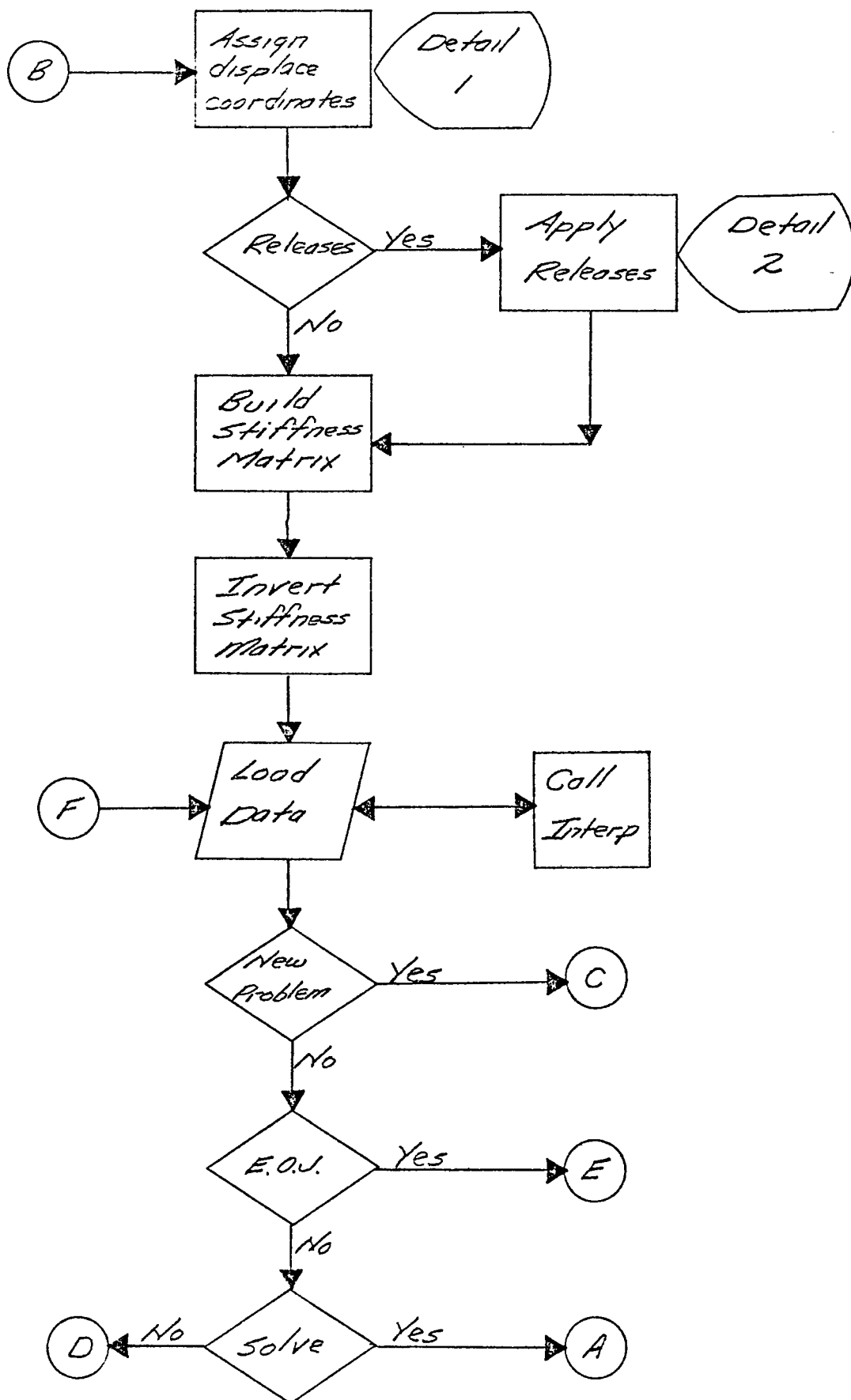
This section contains the flowcharts and a brief description of the main program and all of the functions and subprograms that are used in ASACS. The entire system was written in the FORTRAN programming language. With the exception of the unit numbers for the card reader and line printer, the program is machine independent. In addition, the program is set up in such a way that it is not necessary to make any changes between batch processing and time-sharing. A complete source code listing from the UNIVAC 1108 computer for the plane truss, plane frame, and plane grid appears in appendices B, C, and D respectively.

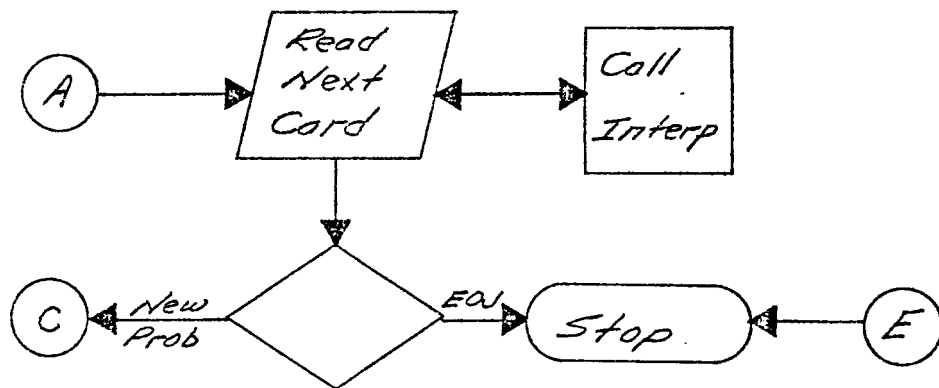
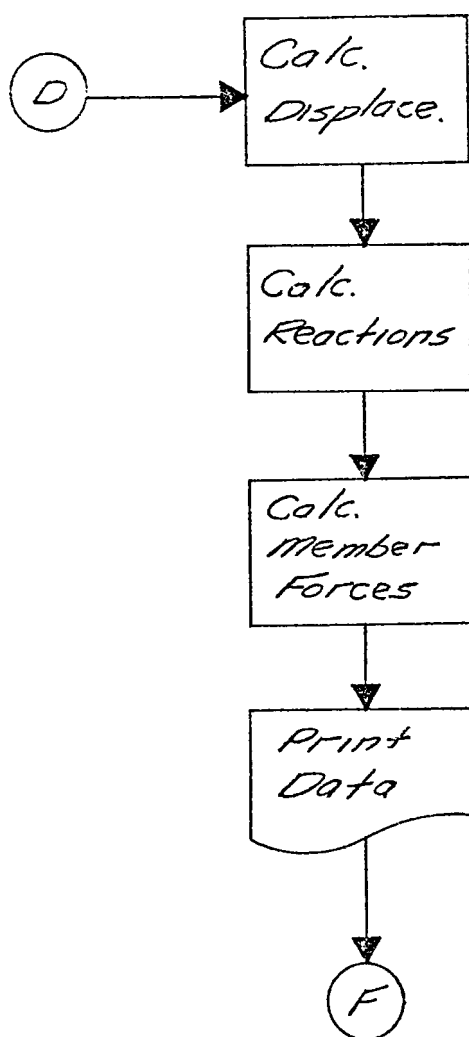
The matrix inverter used for this program encompasses the subroutines INVERT, PIVOT, PIVOTR, and BACSUB. These constitute a general-purpose matrix inversion routine using the Gaussian elimination algorithm with pivoting for size.

### 3.1 Main Program

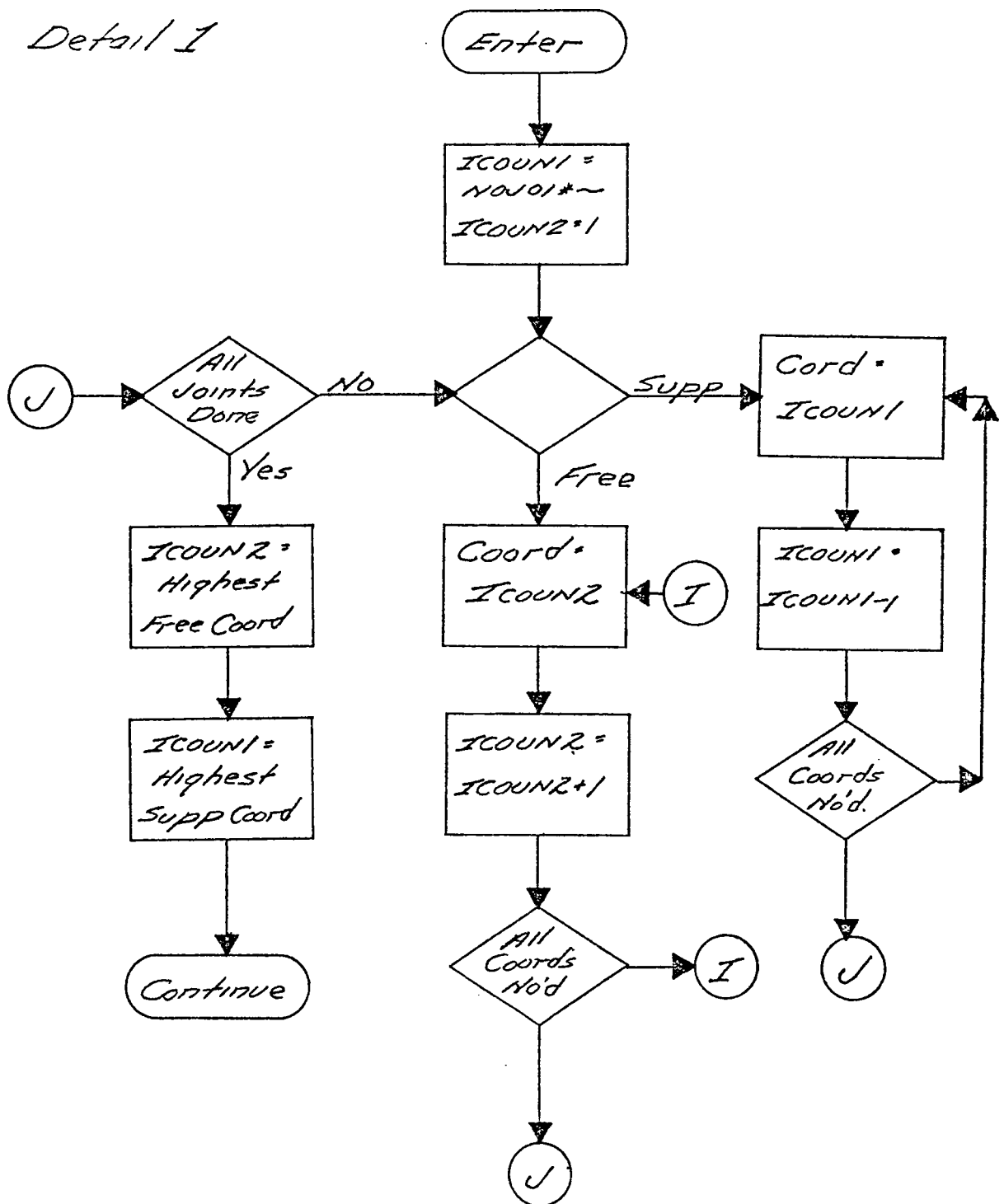
The primary function of the main program is to determine that there is sufficient data for execution, build and invert the global stiffness matrix, calculate the joint reactions, joint displacements, and member forces, and print these data out in an orderly fashion. The subroutines are called as needed by the main program to obtain the data necessary to perform the calculations.

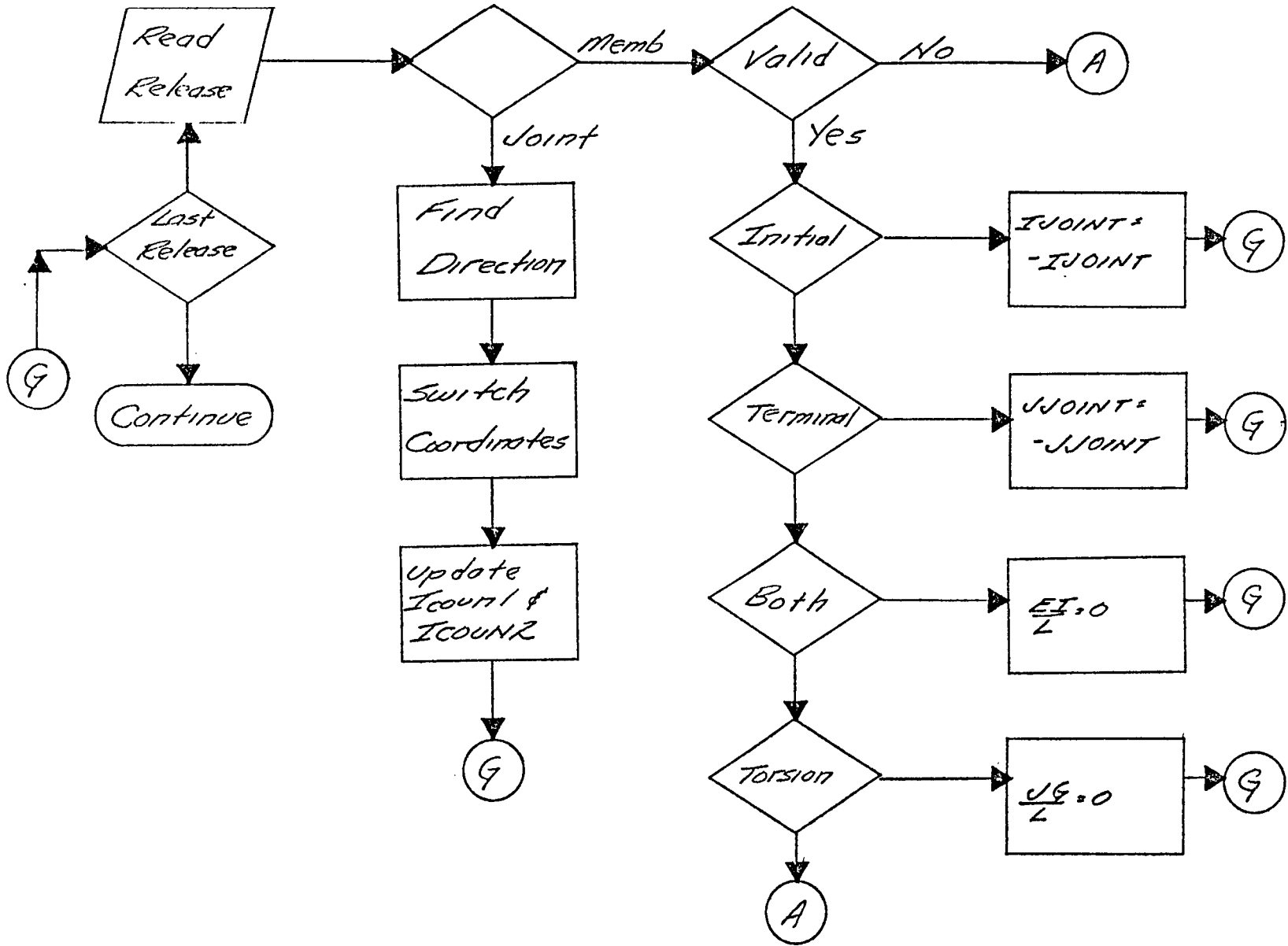






Detail 1



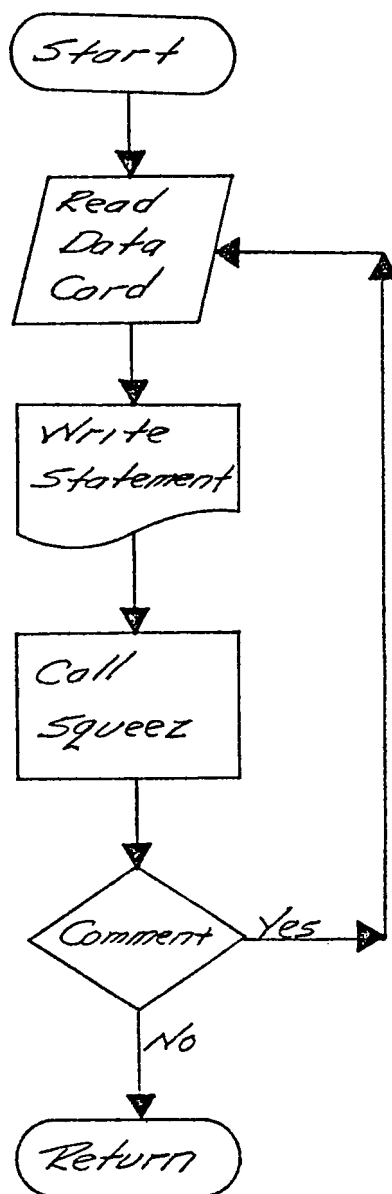


Detail 12



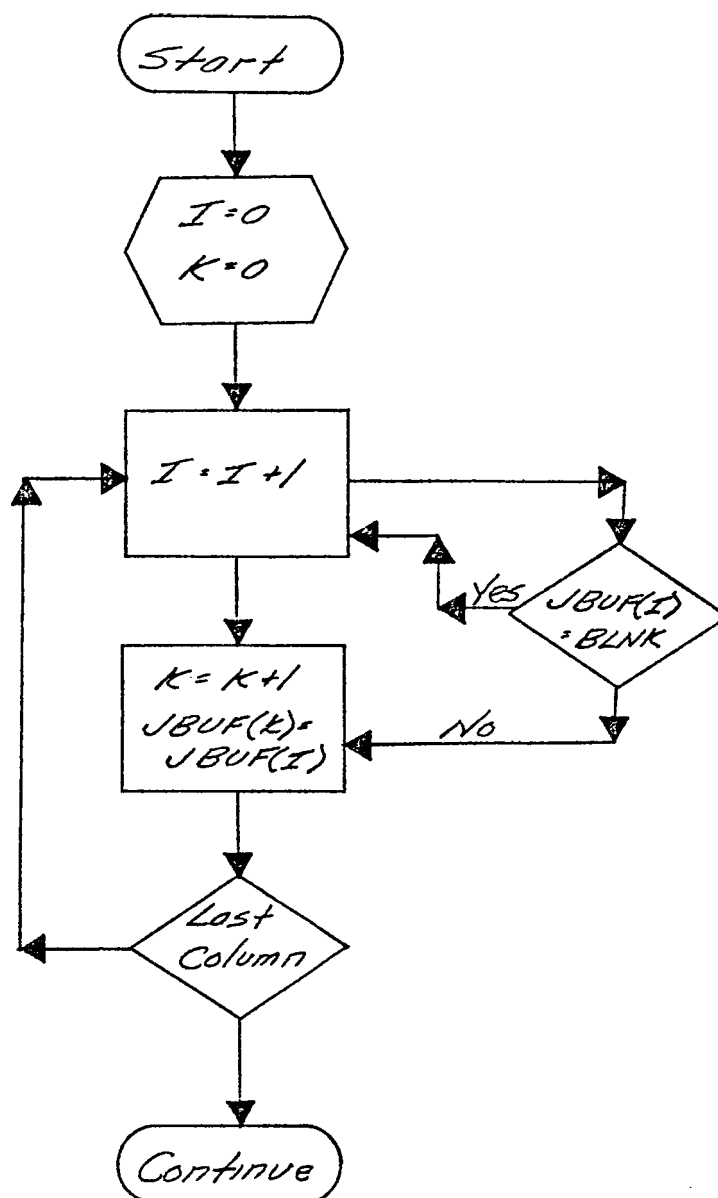
### 3.2 Subroutine Reader

This subroutine reads each of the input cards and echo prints it. Comment cards are also searched for and printed. The data on the card is read into a buffer array.



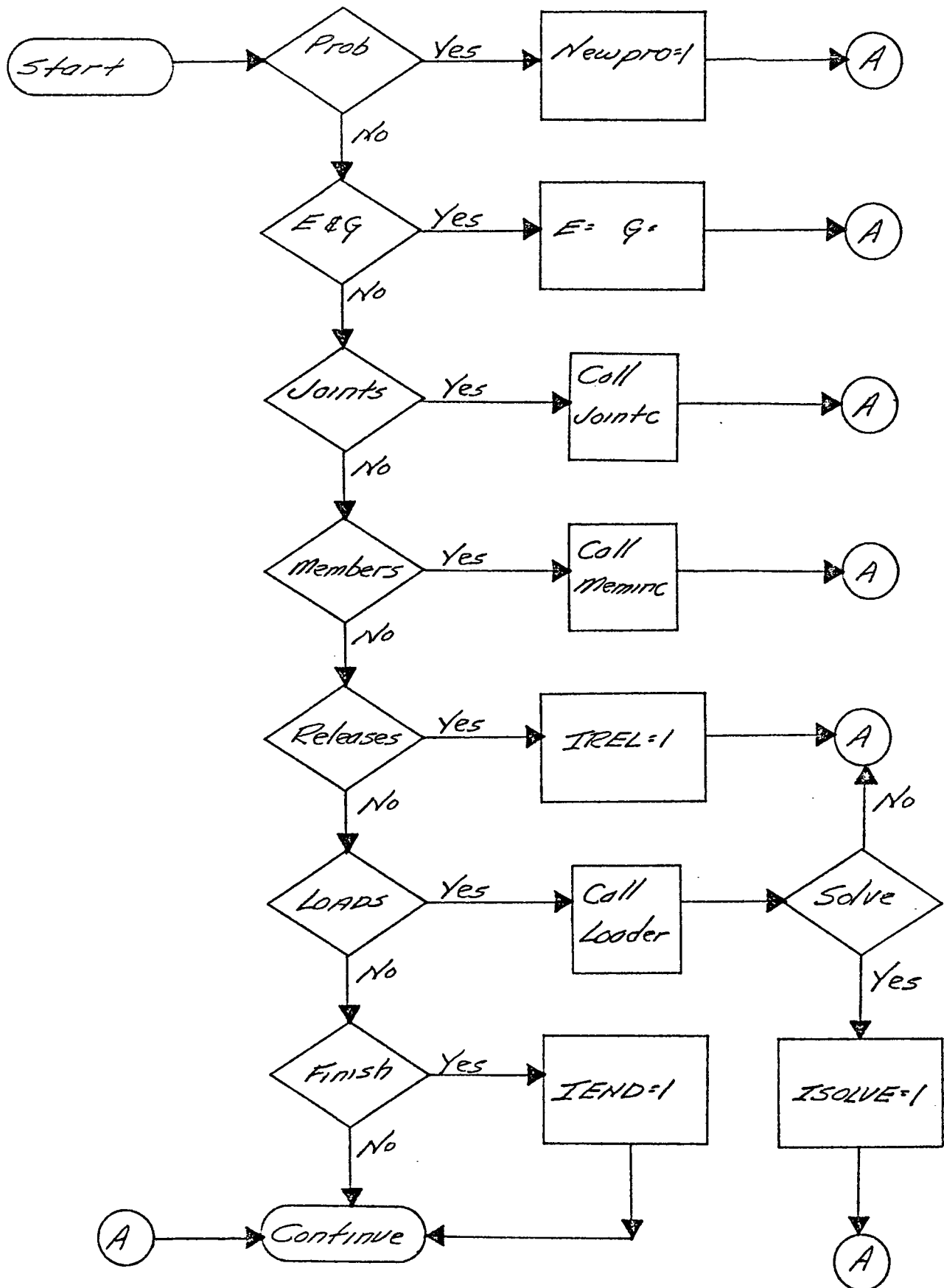
## 3.3 Subroutine Squeez

This subroutine removes blanks from the input card.



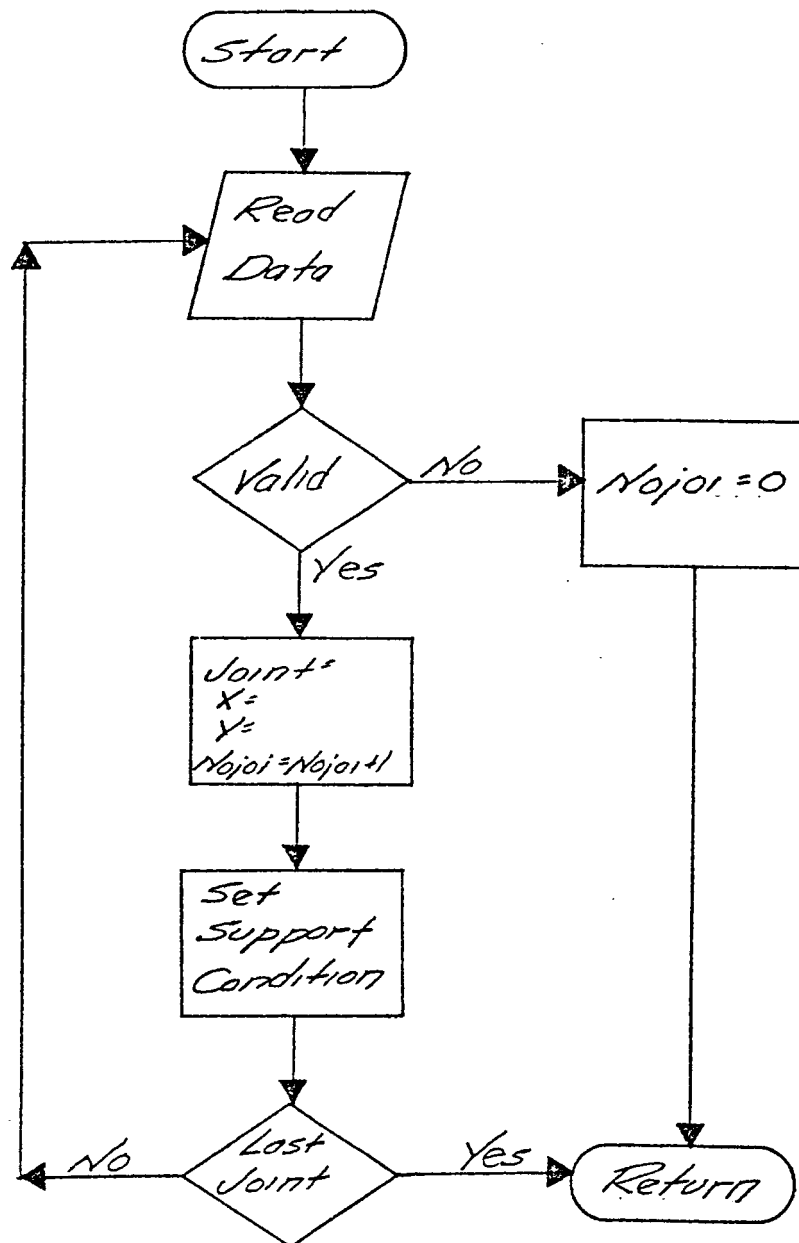
### 3.4 Subroutine Interp

This subroutine interprets the input cards to determine what type of statement the card is. After this is determined the data is either handled in this routine or an appropriate subroutine is called to handle the data.



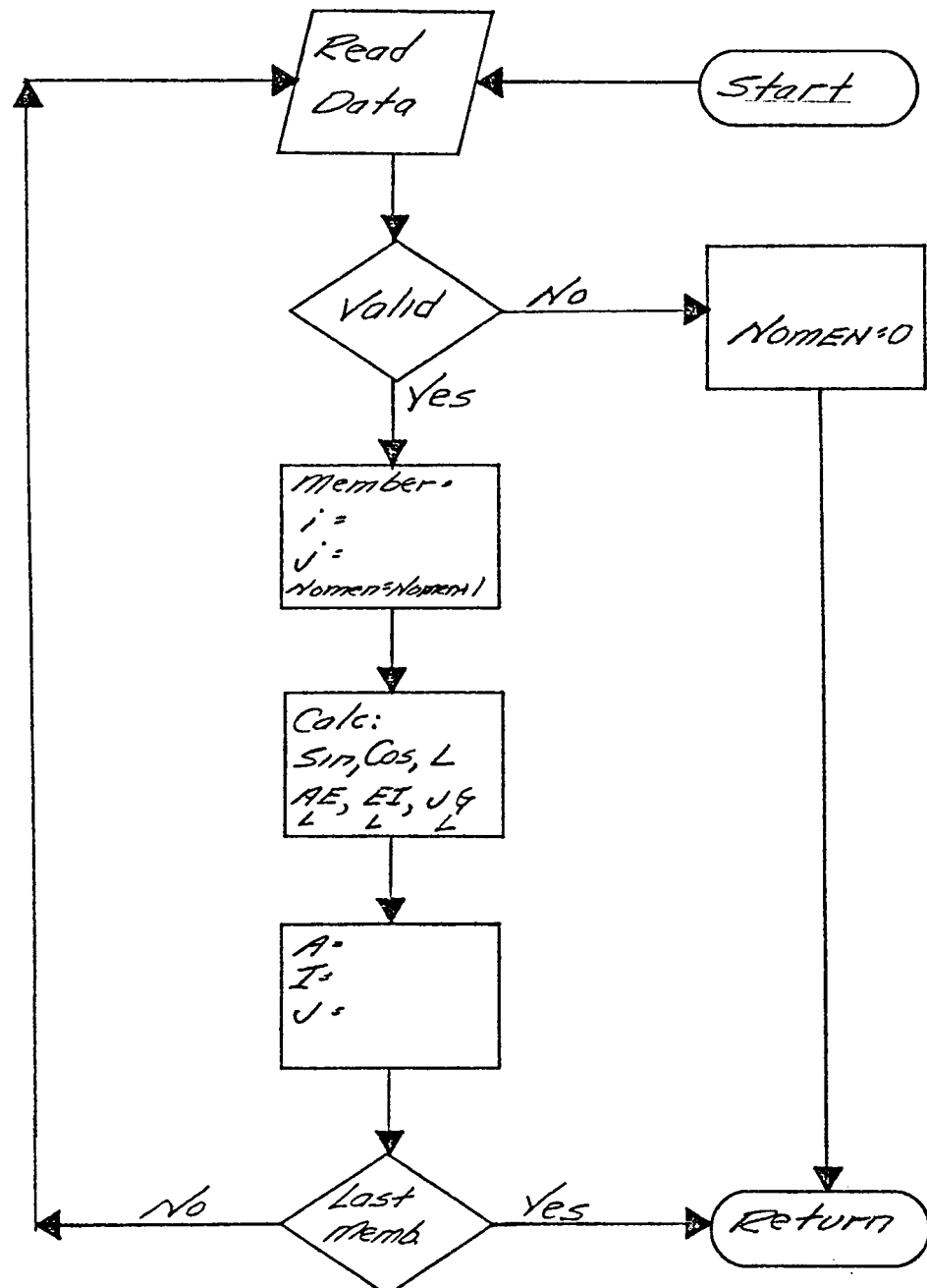
### 3.4 Subroutine Jointc

This subroutine handles the data involving description of joints. It is called from subroutine INTERP. The x and y coordinates are decoded and placed into a real array. The condition of the joint is placed into an integer array.



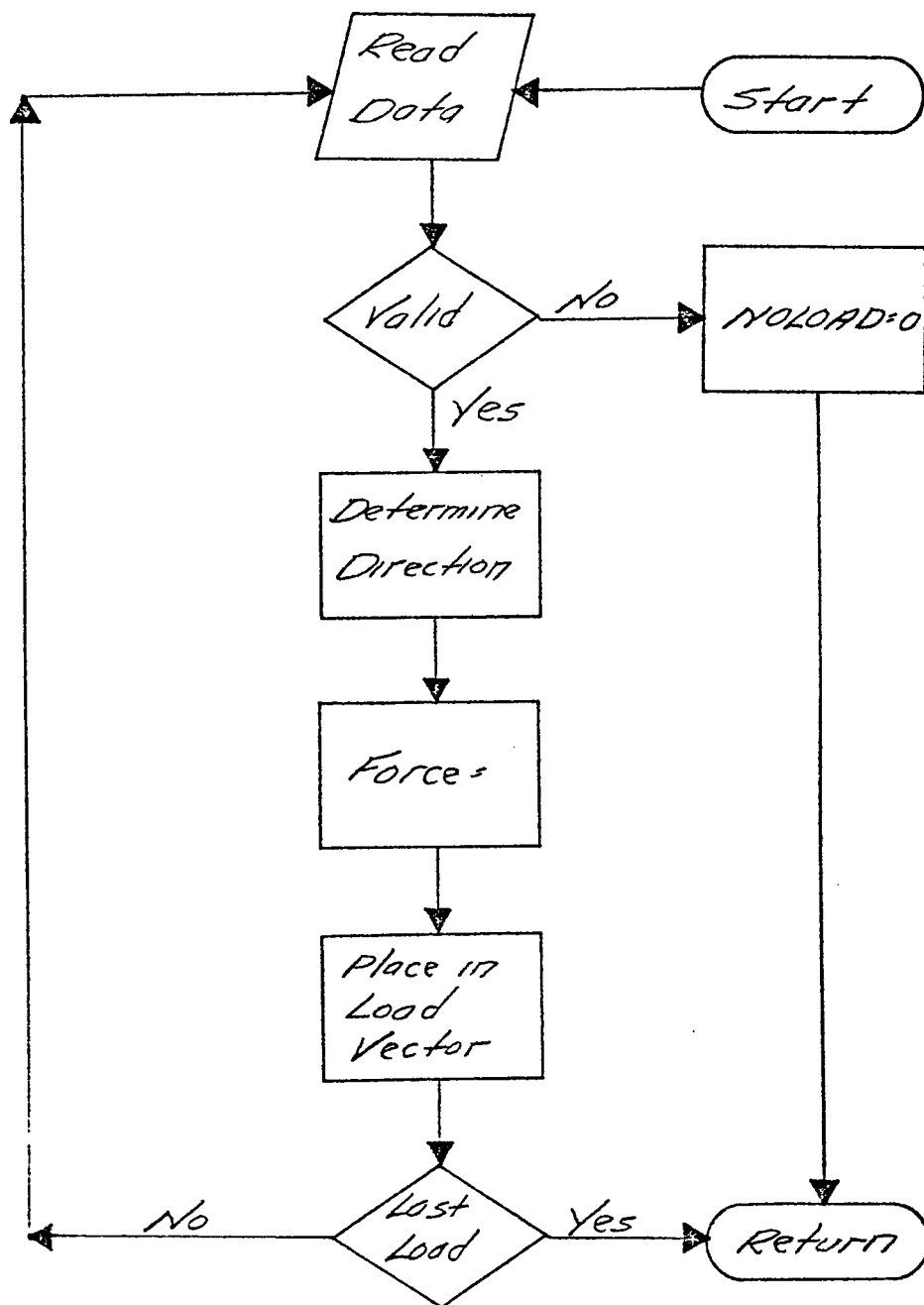
### 3.6 Subroutine Meminc

This subroutine handles the data involving description of members. The member incidences are entered into an integer array, the same array as the joint condition. The various stiffnesses of the member are calculated and entered into the real array.



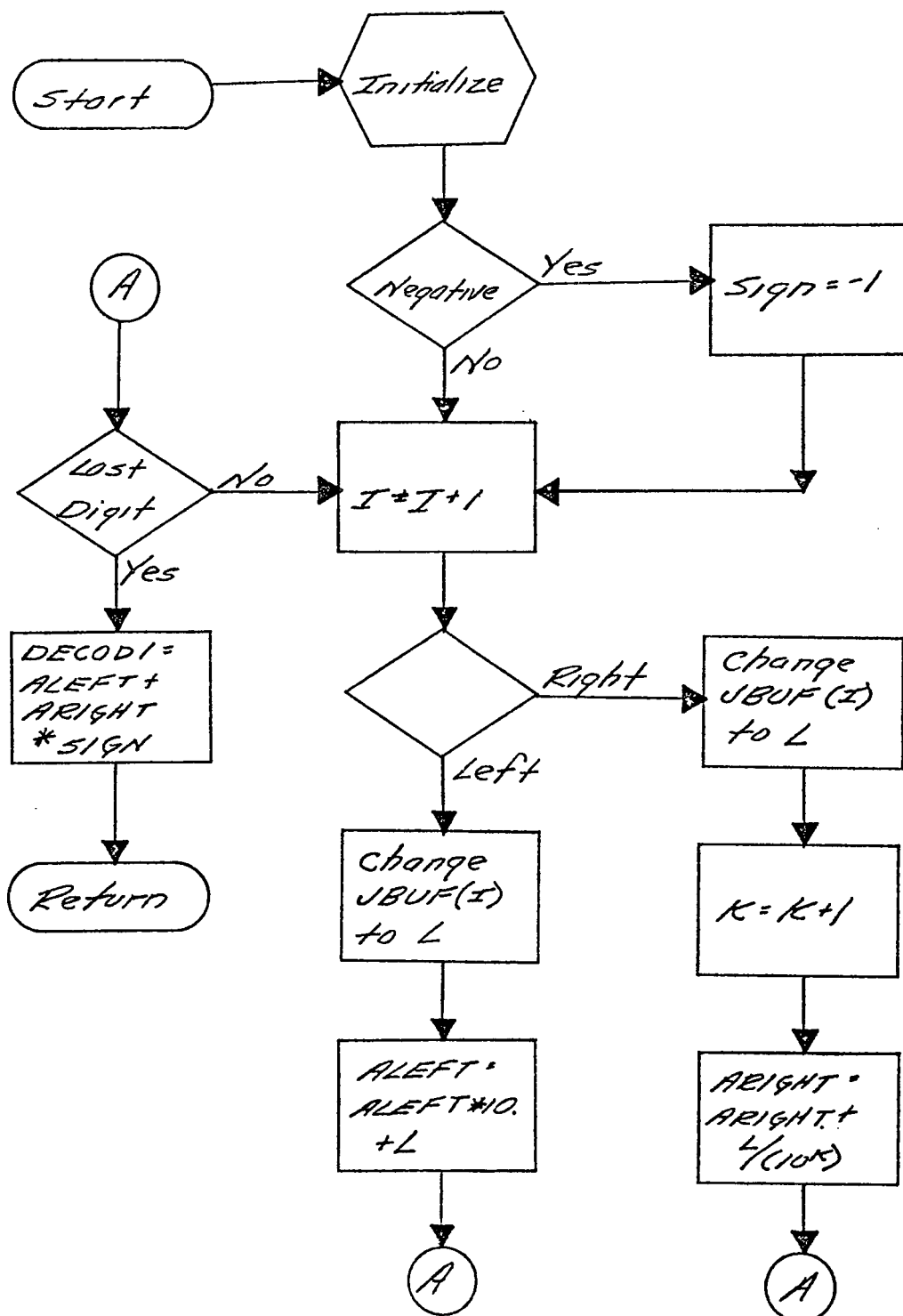
## 3.7 Subroutine Loader

This subroutine reads the joint loads, determines which component is loaded, and enters the load into the proper location in the load vector.



## 3.8 Function Decod1

This function is used to convert the numerics found on the input cards into real or integer numbers.





## CHAPTER 4

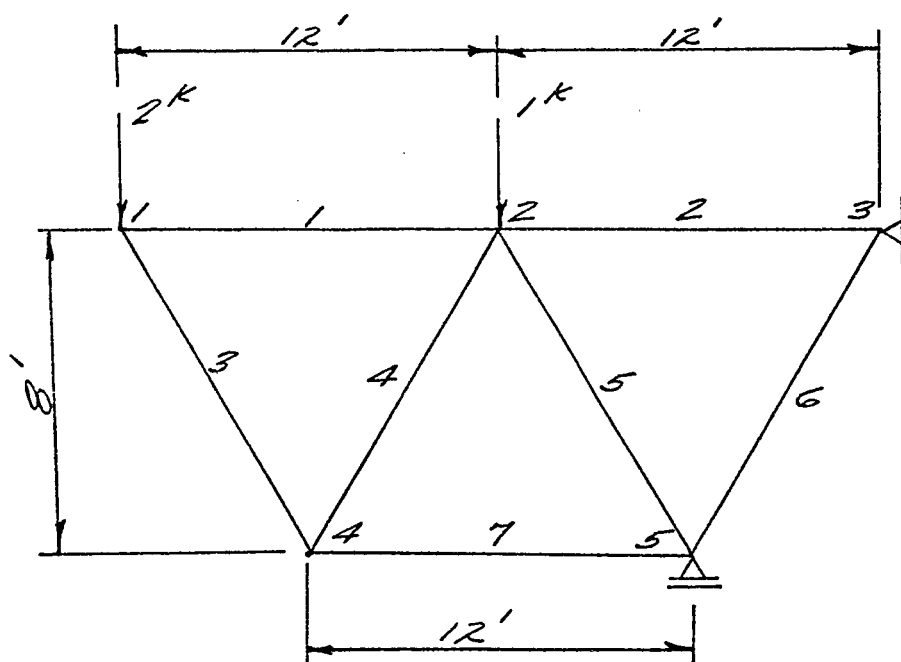
### EXAMPLES - TEST PROBLEMS

This chapter contains the test problems that were used to test the accuracy of ASACS. Test problems used were selected because the solution is well documented in textbooks. For each problem, a description of the structure, the ASACS solution, and a comparison of the results with the other solutions is presented.

#### 4.1 Plane Truss Test Problem

This problem tests the accuracy of the plane truss program. The truss, shown in Figure 4.1, is composed of seven members and five joints. Two of the joints are supports and one of these requires a release for horizontal translation. The structure is subjected to two joint loads. The theoretical solution can be found in

Mechanics for Engineers - Statics  
Beer and Johnson  
 McGraw-Hill Book Company  
 Example 6.1



Plane Truss Test Problem  
 Figure 4.1

S REFERENCE: MECHANICS FOR ENGINEERS

S REEF AND JOHNSON

S EXAMPLE 6.1

E=30000.

JOINT COORDINATES

1,0.,96.

2,144.,96.

3,288.,96.,S

4,72.,0.

5,216.,0.,S

MEMBER INCIDENCES

1,1,2,10.

2,2,3,10.

3,1,4,10.

5,2,5,10.

4,4,2,10.

6,5,3,10.

7,4,5,10.

RELEASE JOINT 5, FORCE X

LOADING LIVE

JOINT 2, FORCE Y -1.7

JOINT 1, FORCE Y -2.0

SOLVE

## JOINT DISPLACEMENTS

JOINT	TRANSLATION		
	X	Y	Z
1	-.00324	-.02587	
2	-.00252	-.00814	
3	.00000	.00000	
4	.00727	-.01673	
5	.00583	.00000	

## SUPPORT REACTIONS

JOINT	FORCE		
	X	Y	Z
3	.00000	-7.00000	
5	.00000	10.00000	

## MEMBER FORCES

MEMBER	AXIAL	FORCE	
		SHEAR Y	SHEAR Z
1	1.50000		
2	5.25000		
3	-2.50000		
4	2.50000		
5	-3.75000		
6	-8.75000		
7	-3.00000		

Member	Text	ASACS
1	1.5	1.5
2	5.25	5.25
3	-2.5	-2.5
4	2.5	2.5
5	-3.75	-3.75
6	-8.75	-8.75
7	-3.0	-3.0

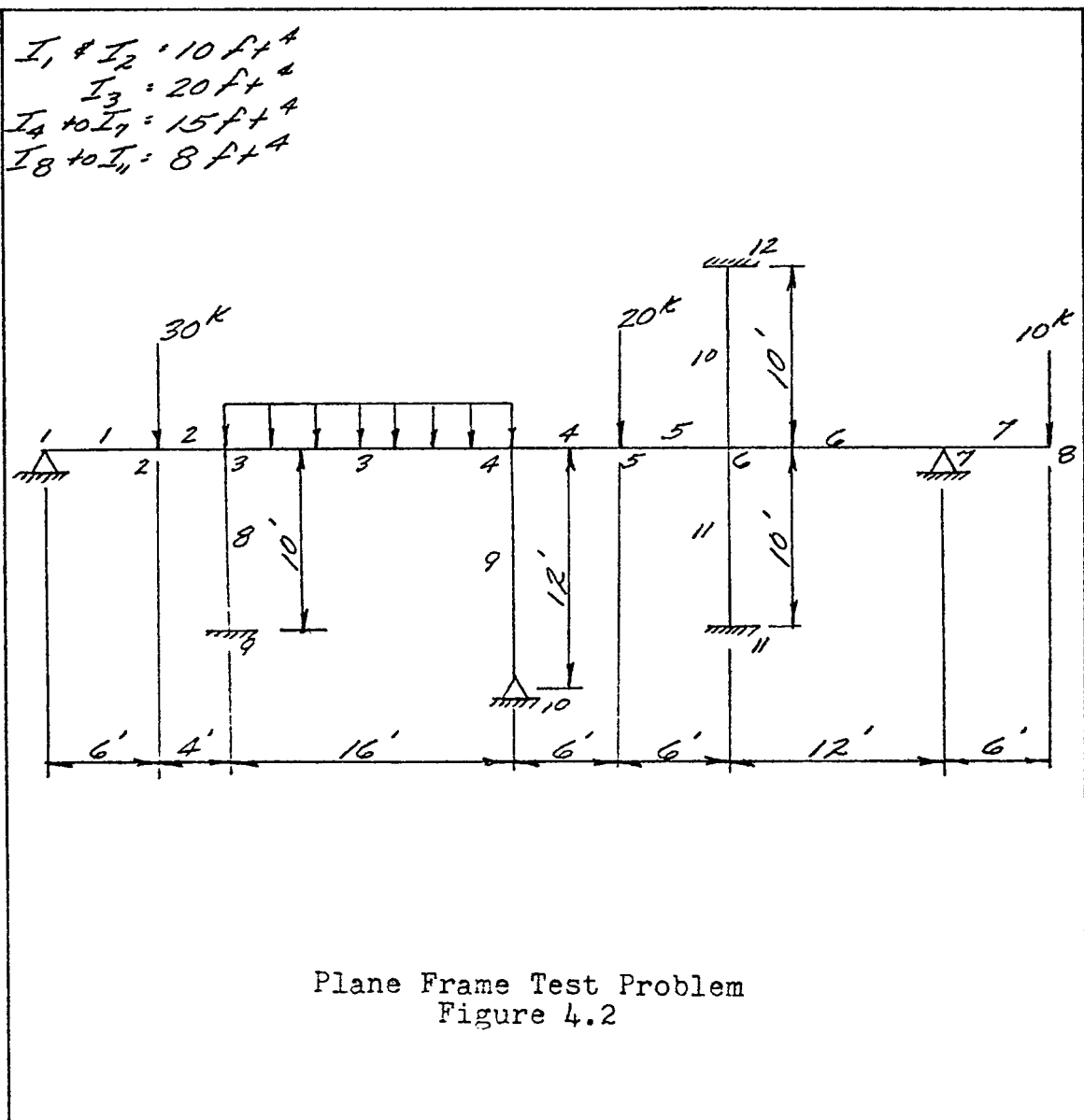
Comparison of Results  
Plane Truss  
Table 4.1

#### 4.2 Plane Frame Test Problem

This problem tests the accuracy of the plane frame program. The frame, shown in Figure 4.2, is composed of eleven members and twelve joints. Six of the joints are support joints and three of these have moment releases.

The theoretical solution can be found in

Elementary Structural Analysis  
Norris and Wilbur  
Page 459



## PROBLEM PLANE FRAME TEST PROBLEM

\$ REFERENCE ELEMENTARY STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

\$ NORRIS AND WILBUR

\$ PAGE 455

E=1.0

## JOINT COORDINATES

1,0.,0.,S

2,5.,0.

3,10.,0.

4,26.,0.

5,32.,0.

6,38.,0.

7,50.,0.,S

8,56.,0.

9,10.,-10.,S

10,26.,-12.,S

11,38.,-10.,S

12,38.,10.,S

## MEMBER INCIDENCES

1,1,2,99999.,10.

2,2,3,99999.,10.

3,3,4,99999.,20.

4,4,5,99999.,15.

5,5,6,99999.,15.

6,6,7,99999.,15.

7,7,8,99999.,15.

8,9,3,99999.,8.

9,10,4,99999.,9.

10,6,12,99999.,8.

11,11,6,99999.,8.

RELEASE JOINT 1, MOMENT Z

RELEASE MEMBER 9, INITIAL END

35

RELEASE JOINT 7, MOMENT Z

LOADING TEST

JOINT 2, FORCE Y -30.

JOINT 5, FORCE Y -20.

JOINT 8, FORCE Y -10.

JOINT 3, FORCE Y -24.

JOINT 3, MOMENT Z 64.

JOINT 4, FORCE Y -24.

JOINT 4, MOMENT Z -64.

SOLVE



## JOINT DISPLACEMENTS

JOINT	TRANSLATION		ROTATION
	X	Y	Z
1	.00000	.00000	6.65662
2	.00001	-18.65045	-3.98800
3	.00002	-.00487	1.08923
4	-.00002	-.00445	-2.31475
5	-.00002	-13.99801	1.47278
6	-.00001	.00000	-3.57861
7	.00000	.00000	13.78931
8	.00000	-130.73584	25.78931
9	.00000	.00000	.00000
10	.00000	.00000	.00000
11	.00000	.00000	.00000
12	.00000	.00000	.00000

## SUPPORT REACTIONS

JOINT	FORCE		MOMENT
	X	Y	Z
1	-.23270	5.91369	.00000
7	.09614	16.38169	.00000
9	.52235	48.66123	1.74115
10	-.38579	37.10798	.00000
11	-1.71773	-.03229	-5.72577
12	1.71773	-.03229	-5.72578

## MEMBER FORCES

MEMBER JOINT		FORCE		MOMENT
		AXIAL	SHEAR Y	BENDING Z
1	1	.23270	-5.91368	.00000
1	2	.23270	-5.91368	-35.48206
2	2	.23270	24.08632	35.48206
2	3	.23270	24.08632	60.86322
3	3	-.28965	-.57491	-.34555
3	4	-.28965	-.57491	-8.85300
4	4	.09614	-13.68289	-50.51750
4	5	.09614	-13.68289	-31.57982
5	5	.09614	6.31711	31.57982
5	6	.09614	6.31711	6.32286
6	6	.09614	6.38169	16.58022
6	7	.09614	6.38169	60.00001
7	7	.00000	-10.00000	-60.00001
7	8	.00000	-10.00000	.00000
8	8	-48.66123	.52235	1.74115
8	3	-48.66123	.52235	3.48232
9	-10	-37.10798	-.38579	.00000
9	4	-37.10798	-.38579	-4.62950
10	6	-.03229	-1.71773	-11.45155
10	12	-.03229	-1.71773	-5.72578
11	11	.03229	-1.71773	-5.72577
11	6	.03229	-1.71773	-11.45154

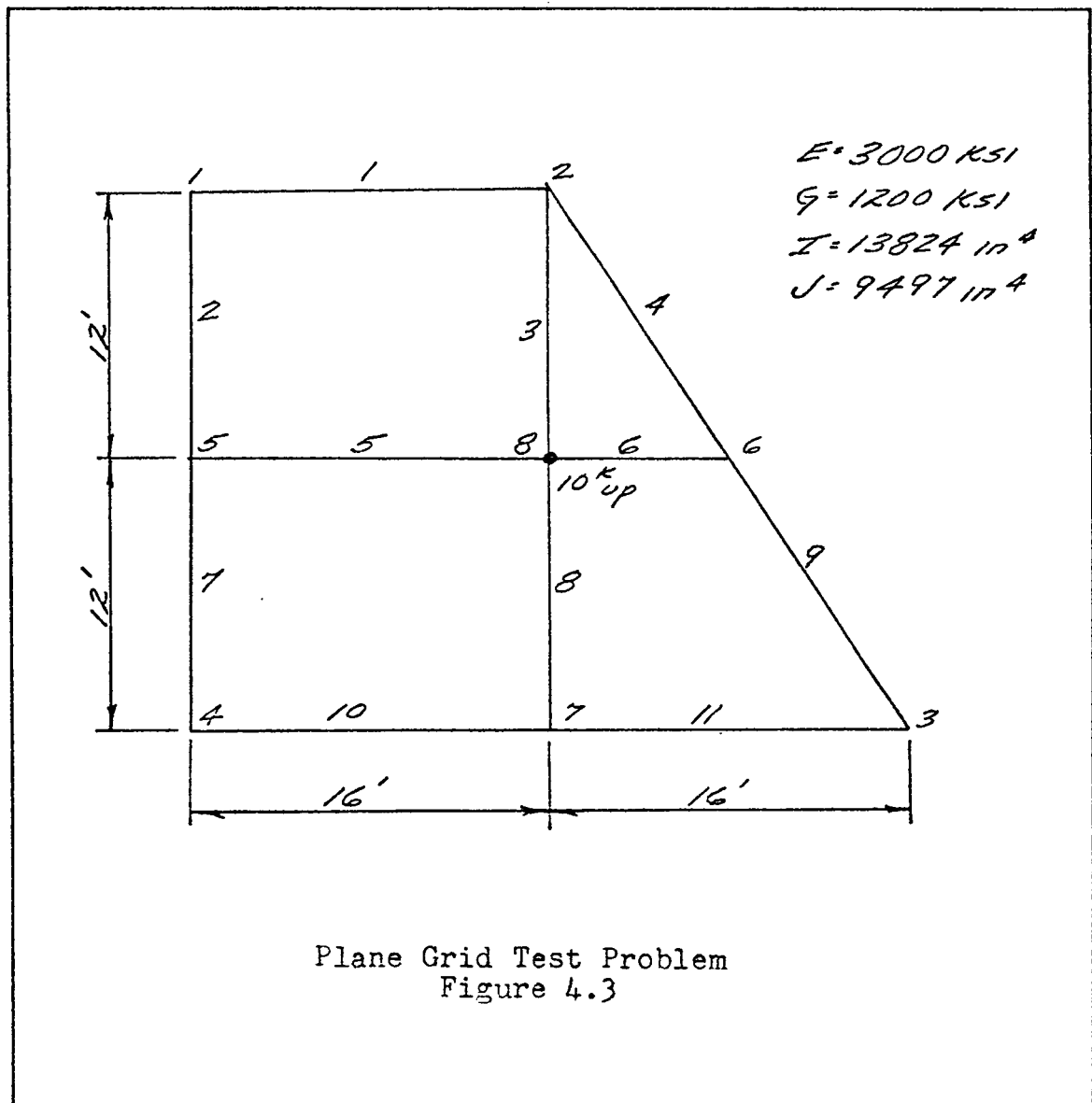
Member	Text	ASACS
1	0.0	0.0
1		-35.48
2		35.48
2	60.86	60.86
3	-64.34	-64.34
3	55.15	55.15
4	-50.52	-50.52
4	-31.58	-31.58
5	31.58	31.58
5	-6.32	-6.32
6	16.58	16.58
6	60.0	60.0
7	-60.00	-60.00
7	0.0	0.0
8	1.74	1.74
8	3.48	3.48
9	0.0	0.0
9	-4.63	-4.63
10	-11.45	-11.45
10	-5.72	-5.72
11	-5.72	-5.72
11	-11.45	-11.45

Comparison of Results  
Plane Frame  
Figure 4.2

### 4.3 Plane Grid Test Problem

This problem tests the accuracy of the plane grid program. The grid, as shown in Figure 4.3, is composed of eleven members and eight joints. It is simply supported at the four corner joints only. The grid has a ten kip load at the center joint. The theoretical solution can be found

in Matrix Methods of Structural Analysis  
C. K. Wang  
Page 241



S REFERENCE MATRIX METHODS OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

S C. K. KANG

S PAGE 241

E=3000.

G=1200.

JOINT COORDINATES

1,0.,0.,5

2,192.,0.,5

3,384.,288.,5

4,0.,288.,5

5,0.,144.

6,288.,144.

7,192.,288.,

8,192.,144.

MEMBER INCIDENCES

1,1,2, 1.,13824.,9497.

2,1,5, 1.,13824.,9497.

3,2,8, 1.,13824.,9497.

4,2,6, 1.,13824.,9497.

5,5,8, 1.,13824.,9497.

6,8,6, 1.,13824.,9497.

7,5,4, 1.,13824.,9497.

8,8,7, 1.,13824.,9497.

9,6,3, 1.,13824.,9497.

10,4,7, 1.,13824.,9497.

11,7,3, 1.,13824.,9497.

RELEASE JOINT 1, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 2, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 3, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 4, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 1, MOMENT Y

RELEASE JOINT 2, MOMENT Y

RELEASE JOINT 3, MOMENT Y

RELEASE JOINT 4, MOMENT Y

LOAD TEST

JOINT 8, FORCE Z 10.

SOLVE

## JOINT DISPLACEMENTS

JOINT	TRANSLATION	ROTATION	
	Z	X	Y
1	.00000	.00027	-.00007
2	.00000	.00078	.00005
3	.00000	-.00031	.00057
4	.00000	-.00025	-.00055
5	.02333	.00000	-.00052
6	.06726	.00023	.00037
7	.07138	-.00034	-.00000
8	.09231	.00025	.00005

## SUPPORT REACTIONS

JOINT	FORCE	MOMENT	
	Z	X	Y
1	-.56283	.00000	.00000
2	-4.43717	.00000	.00000
3	-2.78142	.00000	.00000
4	-2.21059	.00000	.00000

## MEMBER FORCES

MEMBER JOINT		FORCE	MOMENT	
		SHEAR	TORSIONAL	BENDING Z
1	1	.10685	30.26437	-35.82026
1	2	-.10685	30.26437	15.30485
2	1	-.66968	-35.82027	-30.26436
2	5	.66968	-35.82027	126.69873
3	2	-2.94805	-.41188	59.33490
3	8	2.94805	-.41188	365.18390
4	2	-1.38227	-3.04833	-32.90622
4	6	1.38227	-3.04833	272.13078
5	5	-1.61802	14.92182	33.12831
5	8	1.61802	14.92182	277.53245
6	8	2.97430	-2.88098	-280.89377
6	6	-2.97430	-2.88098	-4.63928
7	5	.94834	-2.69195	-141.62054
7	4	-.94834	-2.69195	5.05904
8	8	2.45962	-3.77314	-347.38104
8	7	-2.45962	-3.77314	-6.80486
9	6	1.59203	-8.50648	-271.95453
9	3	-1.59203	-8.50648	-3.57279
10	4	-1.27024	-5.05904	2.69197
10	7	1.27024	-5.05904	241.19437
11	7	1.18938	1.74583	-237.42123
11	3	-1.18938	1.74583	9.05963



Member	Text	ASACS
1	-35.82	-35.82
1	15.30	15.30
2	-30.26	-30.26
2	126.70	126.70
3	59.33	59.33
3	365.18	365.18
4	-32.91	-32.91
4	272.12	272.13
5	33.13	33.13
5	277.53	277.53
6	388.88	388.88
6	-4.64	-4.64
7	-141.62	-141.62
7	5.06	5.06
8	-347.38	-347.38
8	-6.80	-6.80
9	-271.95	-271.95
9	-3.57	-3.57
10	2.69	2.69
10	241.19	241.19
11	-237.42	-237.42
11	9.06	9.06

Comparison of Results  
Plane Grid  
Table 4.3

## CHAPTER 5

### CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMENDATIONS

Academic Structural Analysis Computer System is functioning properly as shown by the test problems in Chapter 4. All objectives of the program system have been acheived. These objectives were to obtain a system that could be used in either batch or time-sharing environment with minimal memory requirement and computational time.

There are three obvious area in which further development of ASACS is needed. At the present time all loading is handled in terms of joint loads. Algorithms need to be developed to handle member loads. This will make the program more versatile and reduce the amount of manual work needed for solution.

Secondly, more sophisticated error analysis schemes need to be employed. Only gross input errors are now detected prior to execution. A more refined analysis of the errors and potentially hazardous conditions is needed and print more specific diagnostic messages. When operating in a time-sharing environment this routine should return to the location at which the error was made and allow the user to reenter the data.

Last, the matrix inversion routine itself needs to be improved. ASACS uses a Gaussian elimination algorithm which requires a second array of equal size as the matrix being inverted. A more efficient routine both in terms of computational time and memory requirement needs to be incorporated.

## REFERENCES

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Appendix A  
User's Manual

## 1.0 Introduction

Academic Structural Analysis Computer System, ASACS, is a general purpose computer software system for the analysis of plane trusses, plane frames, and plane grids. The geometry of the structure, the member properties, and the loads are provided by the user in a problem oriented language. Member forces, joint displacements, and reactions are listed in an easily understood tabular form. A linear, elastic, static, small-deflection stiffness analysis is used to calculate these values.

ASACS is ideally suited to the analysis of small to medium-sized structures in a time-sharing or limited computer environment. Minimal storage requirement and computational time are the features of ASACS that enable both student users and practicing engineers to obtain rapid turnaround and reliability in structural problem solution.

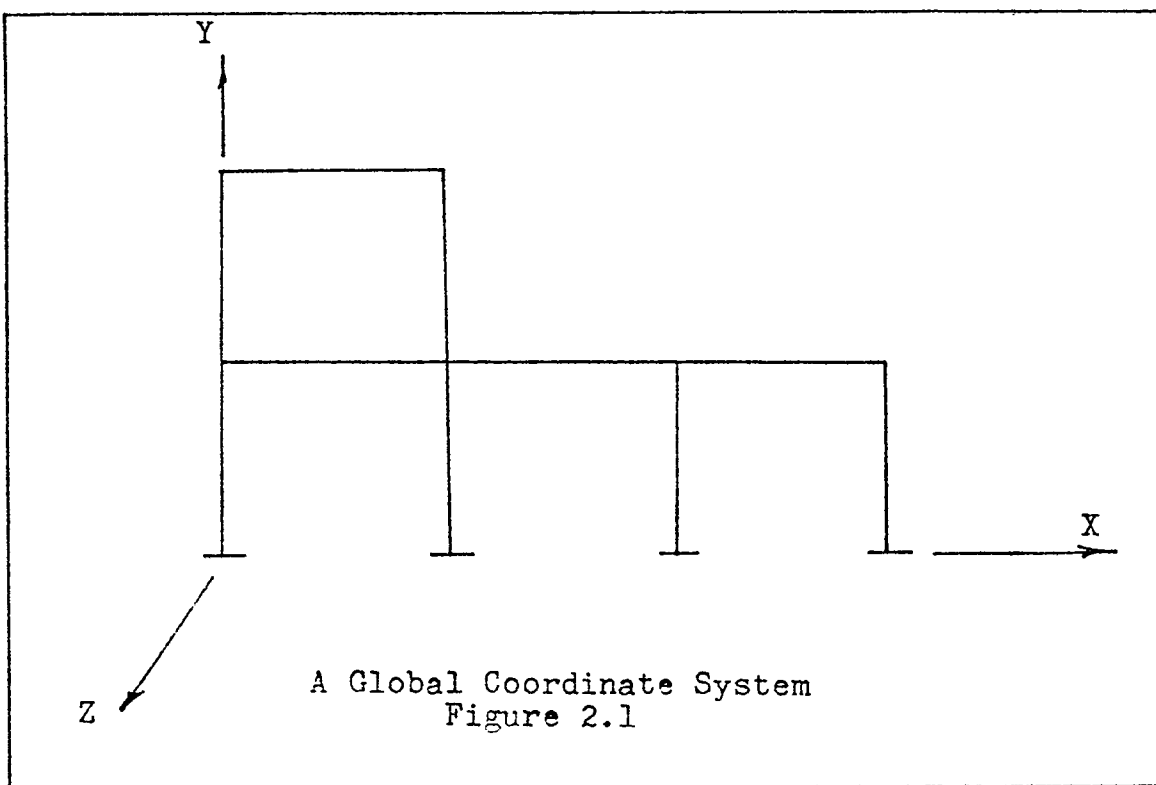
A complete, concise set of operating instructions, description of the output, and example problems are contained in the sections that follow.

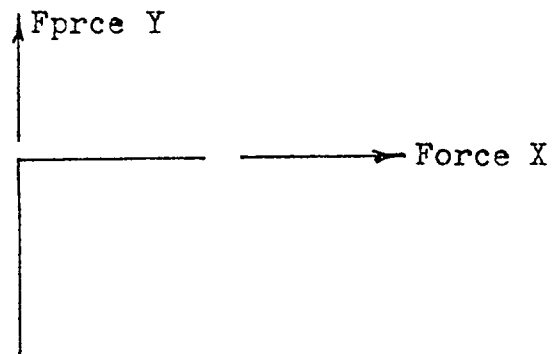
## 2.0 Coordinate Reference Systems

Coordinate reference systems must be selected to describe the geometry of a structure and allow interpretation of the resulting output. The basis of the coordinate systems selected is the right-hand, orthogonal, Cartesian system. ASACS requires the use of two coordinate systems: a global system for the overall structure and local coordinate systems for the individual members.

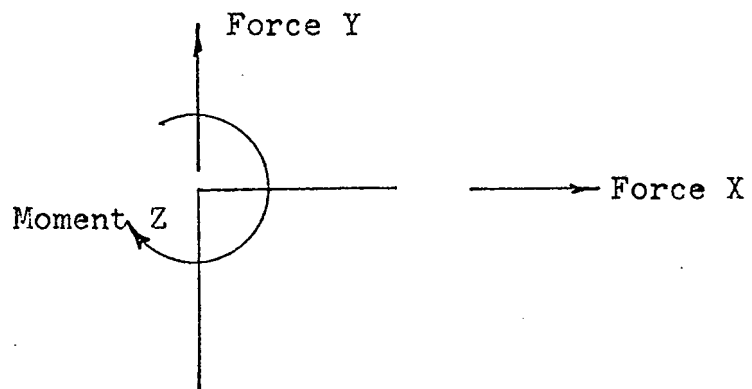
### 2.1 Global Coordinate System

The global coordinate system is generally chosen such that the coordinate axes coincide with the major dimensions of the structure. An example is given in Figure 2.1. Figure 2.2 shows the positive global force and displacement components for each of the structural types.

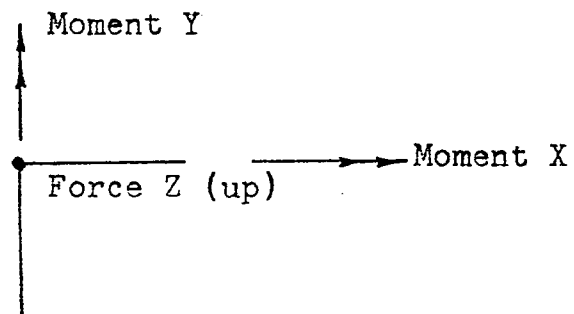




Positive Truss Forces  
Figure 2.2a



Positive Frame Forces  
Figure 2.2b

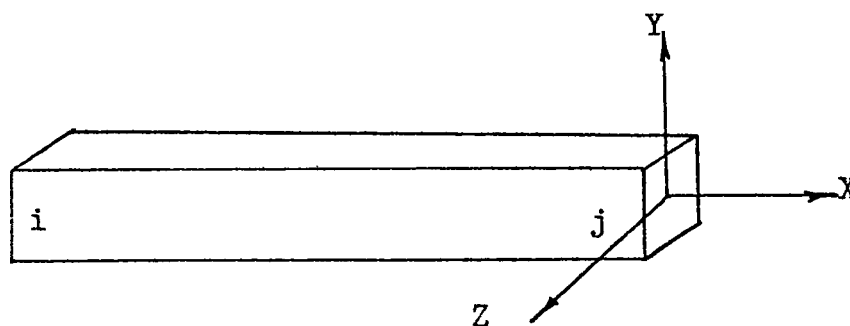


Positive Grid Forces  
Figure 2.2c

The global coordinate system is used when specifying the location of the joints in the structure and when results pertaining to joint displacements and reactions are given.

## 2.2 Local Coordinate System

A local coordinate system is associated with each member. Information pertaining to the individual members is given in this local coordinate system. The local x-axis for a member coincides with the centroidal axis for that member. The positive direction is taken along the member from the initial joint,  $i$ , to the terminal joint,  $j$ . The  $y$  and  $z$  axes coincide with the principal axes of the member cross-section as shown in Figure 2.3. The positive force components for the members in each type of structure are shown in Figure 2.4.

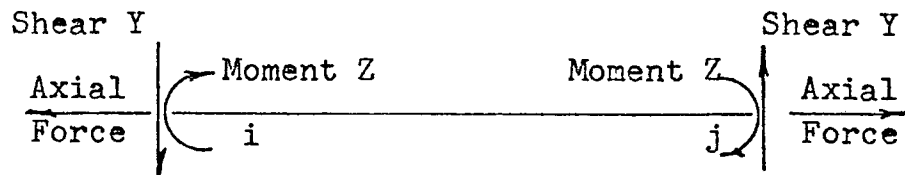


A Local Coordinate System  
Figure 2.3

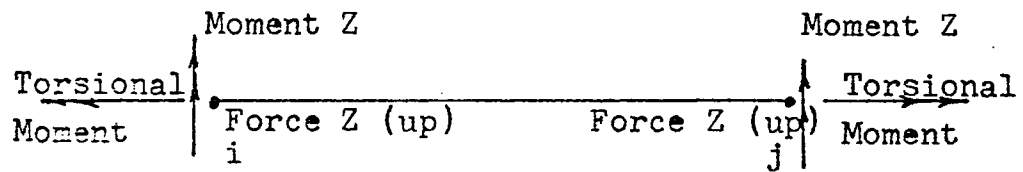




Positive Truss Forces  
Figure 2.4a



Positive Frame Forces  
Figure 2.4b



Positive Grid Forces  
Figure 2.4c

### 3.0 Data Entry to ASACS

The user supplies the data specifying the geometry, supports, and loads on the structure. All input is free-field, with commas separating items of data. Imbedded blanks are permissible as long as the entire statement can be fit on one card. Continuation cards are not permitted. A dollar sign (\$) in column one denotes a comment which will be printed in the input listing, but otherwise ignored by the system. The general organization of a data deck is shown in Figure 3.1.

PROBLEM

E=

G=

JOINT COORDINATES

joint coordinate cards

MEMBER INCIDENCES

member incidence and property

RELEASES

LOAD 1

load data

SOLVE

FINISH

Data Deck Organization  
Figure 3.1

In the description of each of the input statements the portion which must be entered is underlined. Other parts of the statement are optional and left to the discretion of the user. When reading this manual and using ASACS it should be kept in mind that the entire command is not always required; an abbreviated form can be used.

### 3.1 Problem Card

The first card in each set of data is the problem card. This card identifies the beginning of the data and has the general form

PROBLEM title

Example:

PROBLEM COLUMN LINE A

PROB ROOF TRUSS OVER EAST WING

### 3.2 Material Property Cards

Young's modulus and the shear modulus must be specified for the material to be used. It is assumed that all members are of the same material. The shear modulus is to be entered only for grids. Young's modulus is required for all structures. These constant definitions take the general form

E=xxxxx (Young's modulus)

G=xxxxx (shear modulus)

Example:

E=29000.

G=12000.

### 3.3 Joint Coordinates

The start of the joint coordinates is signified by the card

#### JOINT COORDINATES

The cards that follow this statement specify the joint number, the x and y coordinates, and whether the joint is free to displace or a support. If the joint is not specified free or support, a free joint is assumed. All joint coordinates must be entered at the same time. The general form of these statements is

			<u>SUPPORT</u>
<u>joint</u> ,	<u>x</u> ,	<u>y</u> ,	
			FREE ←

Example:

JOINT COORDINATES

1, 54.8, 37.01, S

2, 0.0, 43.67

When numbering the joints, no numbers can be excluded.

If any of the degrees of freedom at a joint are constrained the joint must be specified as a support. The non-restrained degrees of freedom are later released using RELEASE cards.

### 3.4 Member Incidence and Property Cards

The start of the member incidence and property data is signified by the statement

#### MEMBER INCIDENCES

On the statements that follow are the member number, initial and terminal joints, cross-sectional area, plane moment of inertia, and the torsional constant. Only the area is

required for trusses and the torsional constant is required only for grids. The general form of this statement is

member, i, j, A, I, J

Example:

1, 4, 7, 14.2, 250., 16.8

This is member 1 connecting joint 4 to joint 7. The area is 14.2, I is 250., and J is 16.8. All member incidences must be entered at the same time and no numbers excluded.

### 3.5 Releases

#### 3.5.1 Joint Releases

On the joint coordinate cards some of the joints were specified as support joints. When this was done all the degrees of freedom were constrained. This is not necessarily the case for a given structure. One or several of the components may be free to displace. These are specified using release cards. One card is required for each degree of freedom that is released. The releases are in the global coordinate system and the general form is

FORCE X  
FORCE Y  
FORCE Z  
RELEASE JOINT no., MOMENT X  
MOMENT Y  
MOMENT Z

Example:

RELEASE JOINT 5, FORCE Y

For any of the structures, the only degrees of freedom which can be released are the components shown in Figure 2.2.

### 3.5.2 Member Releases

On the member incidence cards when a member was specified it was assumed to be continuous with the joint. In the actual structure there may be rotational hinges at the ends of the member. These are also specified using release cards. The general form of the member release statement is

	<u>INITIAL END</u>	}	$M_{zz}$
	<u>TERMINAL END</u>		
<u>RELEASE MEMBER no.</u> ,	<u>BOTH ENDS</u>		
	<u>TORSION</u>		

Example:

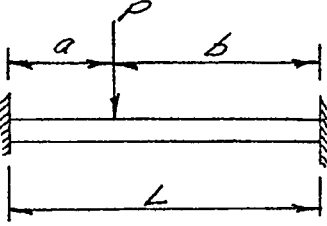
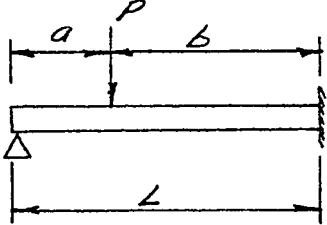
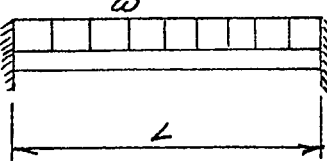
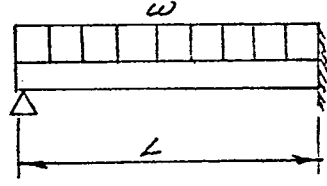
RELEASE MEMBER 6, TORSION

Only frames can have the initial and terminal end moments released and only grids have the torsional moment release.

### 3.6 Structural Loading

All loads acting on the structure are entered to ASACS as joint loads. In the actual structure if a member is loaded, the load must be changed into an equivalent joint load. When interpreting the output these joint loads must be added to the results for the respective member in order to obtain the true forces for that member. Figure 3.2 is a chart of fixed-end moments the user will commonly encounter.

The first statement for load data identifies the

Shear	Moment	Beam & Load	Moment	Shear
$\frac{Pb^2(3a+b)}{L^3}$	$\frac{Pab^2}{L^2}$		$\frac{Pa^2b}{L^2}$	$\frac{Pa^2(a+3b)}{L^3}$
$\frac{Pb^2(a+2L)}{2L^3}$	0		$\frac{Pab(a+L)}{2L^2}$	$\frac{Pa(3L^2-a^2)}{2L^3}$
$\frac{wL}{2}$	$\frac{wL^2}{12}$		$\frac{wL^2}{12}$	$\frac{wL}{2}$
$\frac{3wL}{8}$	0		$\frac{wL^2}{8}$	$\frac{5wL}{8}$

Fixed-End Moments  
Figure 3.2

load set. It has the general form

LOAD title

The load acting on a joint is specified as

	<u>FORCE X</u> xxxxx
	<u>FORCE Y</u> xxxxx
	<u>FORCE Z</u> xxxxx
<u>JOINT no.</u> ,	<u>MOMENT X</u> xxxx
	<u>MOMENT Y</u> xxxx
	<u>MOMENT Z</u> xxxx

There is to be one statement for each force or moment component acting at the joint. If there is more than one card for a particular component, only the last card is used. For a given structure, the components which can be loaded are those indicated in Figure 2.2. An invalid component will be ignored by the system. The last card in a particular load condition is

SOLVE

A typical load condition might appear as follows

```
LOAD WIND FROM RIGHT
JOINT 5, FORCE X -5.6
JOINT 5, MOMENT Z 23.7
JOINT 2, FORCE Y 10.0
SOLVE
```

Multiple load conditions can be entered by placing complete data decks back-to-back. Each set must begin with LOAD and end with SOLVE.



#### 4.0 Output

The output from ASACS includes joint displacements, joint reactions, and member forces. Output pertaining to joints is in the global coordinate system. Output pertaining to members is in the local coordinate system.

#### 5.0 Additional Features

More than one problem can be run at a time by placing the complete data decks one after the other. The FINISH statement is to follow the last data deck. If a fatal error is made in one problem, an error message is printed and the system searches for the next problem or the FINISH statement.

#### 6.0 Sample Problems

On the pages that follow are complete listings of sample problems demonstrating the various features of the ASACS system.

```
*****
*
*   ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM   *
*
*           PLANE TRUSS                             *
*           RELEASE 1.0                             *
*
*           UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON                   *
*
*           DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING         *
*
*****
```

REFERENCE: MECHANICS FOR ENGINEERS

BEEB AND JOHNSON

EXAMPLE 6.1

E=30000.

JOINT COORDINATES

1,0.,96.

2,144.,96.

3,288.,96.,S

4,72.,0.

5,216.,0.,S

MEMBER INCIDENCES

1,1,2,10.

2,2,3,10.

3,1,4,10.

5,2,5,10.

4,4,2,10.

6,5,3,10.

7,4,5,10.

RELEASE JOINT 5, FORCE X

LOADING LIVE

JOINT 2, FORCE Y -1.0

JOINT 1, FORCE Y -2.0

SOLVE

## JOINT DISPLACEMENTS

15

JOINT	TRANSLATION		
	X	Y	Z
1	-.00324	-.02587	
2	-.00252	-.00814	
3	.00000	.00000	
4	.00727	-.01673	
5	.00583	.00000	

JOINT	X	FORCE		Z
		Y		
3	.00000	-7.00000		
5	.00000	10.00000		

MEMBER	AXIAL	FORCE SHEAR Y	SHEAR Z
1	1.50000		
2	5.25000		
3	-2.50000		
4	2.50000		
5	-3.75000		
6	-8.75000		
7	-3.00000		



```
*****  
*  
*   ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM   *  
*  
*           PLANE FRAME                             *  
*           RELEASE 1.0                             *  
*  
*           UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON                   *  
*  
*           DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING          *  
*  
*****
```



## PROBLEM PLANE FRAME TEST PROBLEM

\$ REFERENCE ELEMENTARY STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

\$ MORRIS AND WILBUR

\$ PAGE 459

E=1.0

## JOINT COORDINATES

1,0.,0.,S

2,6.,0.

3,10.,0.

4,26.,0.

5,32.,0.

6,38.,0.

7,50.,0.,S

8,56.,0.

9,10.,-10.,S

10,26.,-12.,S

11,38.,-10.,S

12,38.,10.,S

## MEMBER INCIDENCES

1,1,2,99999.,10.

2,2,3,99999.,10.

3,3,4,99999.,20.

4,4,5,99999.,15.

5,5,6,99999.,15.

6,6,7,99999.,15.

7,7,8,99999.,15.

8,9,3,99999.,8.

9,10,4,99999.,8.

10,6,12,99999.,8.

11,11,6,99999.,8.

RELEASE JOINT 1, MOMENT Z

RELEASE MEMBER 9, INITIAL END

21

RELEASE JOINT 7, MOMENT Z

LOADING TEST

JOINT 2, FORCE Y -30.

JOINT 5, FORCE Y -20.

JOINT 8, FORCE Y -10.

JOINT 3, FORCE Y -24.

JOINT 3, MOMENT Z 64.

JOINT 4, FORCE Y -24.

JOINT 4, MOMENT Z -64.

SOLVE

JOINT	TRANSLATION		ROTATION
	X	Y	Z
1	.00000	.00000	6.65662
2	.00001	-18.65045	-3.98800
3	.00002	-.00487	1.08823
4	-.00002	-.00445	-2.31475
5	-.00002	-13.69801	1.47278
6	-.00001	.00000	-3.57861
7	.00000	.00000	13.78931
8	.00000	-130.73584	25.78931
9	.00000	.00000	.00000
10	.00000	.00000	.00000
11	.00000	.00000	.00000
12	.00000	.00000	.00000

JOINT	FORCE		MOMENT
	X	Y	Z
1	-.23273	5.91368	.00000
7	.09614	16.38169	.00000
9	.52235	48.66123	1.74115
10	-.38579	37.13798	.00000
11	-1.71773	-.03229	-5.72577
12	1.71773	-.03229	-5.72578

MEMBER JOINT		FORCE		MOMENT
		AXIAL	SHEAR Y	BENDING Z
1	1	.23270	-5.91368	.00000
1	2	.23270	-5.91368	-35.48206
2	2	.23270	24.08632	35.48206
2	3	.23270	24.08632	60.86322
3	3	-.28965	-.57491	-.34555
3	4	-.28965	-.57491	-8.85300
4	4	.09614	-13.68289	-50.51750
4	5	.09614	-13.68289	-31.57982
5	5	.09614	6.31711	31.57982
5	6	.09614	6.31711	6.32286
6	6	.09614	6.38169	16.58022
6	7	.09614	6.38169	60.00001
7	7	.00000	-10.00000	-60.00001
7	8	.00000	-10.00000	.00000
8	9	-48.66123	.52235	1.74115
8	3	-48.66123	.52235	3.48232
9	-10	-37.10798	-.38579	.00000
9	4	-37.10798	-.38579	-4.62950
10	6	-.03229	-1.71773	-11.45155
10	12	-.03229	-1.71773	-5.72578
11	11	.03229	-1.71773	-5.72577
11	6	.03229	-1.71773	-11.45154

FINISH

25

```
*****
*
*   ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM
*
*           PLANE  GRID
*           RELEASE 1.0
*
*           UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON
*
*           DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING
*
*****
```

## REFERENCE MATRIX METHODS OF STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS

C. K. WANG

PAGE 241

E=3000.

G=1200.

## JOINT COORDINATES

1,0.,0.,S

2,192.,0.,S

3,384.,288.,S

4,0.,288.,S

5,0.,144.

6,288.,144.

7,192.,288.,

8,192.,144.

## MEMBER INCIDENCES

1,1,2, 1.,13824.,9497.

2,1,5, 1.,13824.,9497.

3,2,8, 1.,13824.,9497.

4,2,6, 1.,13824.,9497.

5,5,8, 1.,13824.,9497.

6,8,6, 1.,13824.,9497.

7,5,4, 1.,13824.,9497.

8,8,7, 1.,13824.,9497.

9,6,3, 1.,13824.,9497.

10,4,7, 1.,13824.,9497.

11,7,3, 1.,13824.,9497.

RELEASE JOINT 1, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 2, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 3, MOMENT X



RELEASE JOINT 4, MOMENT X

RELEASE JOINT 1, MOMENT Y

RELEASE JOINT 2, MOMENT Y

RELEASE JOINT 3, MOMENT Y

RELEASE JOINT 4, MOMENT Y

LOAD TEST

JOINT 8, FORCE Z 10.

SOLVE

JOINT	TRANSLATION	ROTATION	
	Z	X	Y
1	.00000	.00027	-.00007
2	.00000	.00078	.00005
3	.00000	-.00031	.00057
4	.00000	-.00025	-.00055
5	.02383	.00000	-.00052
6	.06726	.00023	.00037
7	.07138	-.00034	-.00000
8	.09231	.00025	.00005

JOINT	FORCE	MOMENT	
	Z	X	Y
1	-.56283	.00000	.00000
2	-4.43717	.00000	.00000
3	-2.78142	.00000	.00000
4	-2.21859	.00000	.00000

MEMBER JOINT		FORCE	MOMENT	
		SHEAR	TORSIONAL	BENDING Z
1	1	.10685	30.26437	-35.82026
1	2	-.10685	30.26437	15.30485
2	1	-.66968	-35.82027	-30.26436
2	5	.66968	-35.82027	126.69873
3	2	-2.94805	-.41188	59.33490
3	8	2.94805	-.41188	365.18390
4	2	-1.38227	-3.04833	-32.90622
4	6	1.38227	-3.04833	272.13078
5	5	-1.61802	14.92182	33.12831
5	8	1.61802	14.92182	277.53245
6	8	2.97430	-2.88098	-280.89377
6	6	-2.97430	-2.88098	-4.63928
7	5	.94834	-2.69195	-141.62054
7	4	-.94834	-2.69195	5.05904
8	8	2.45962	-3.77314	-347.38104
8	7	-2.45962	-3.77314	-6.80486
9	6	1.59203	-3.50648	-271.95453
9	3	-1.59203	-3.50648	-3.57279
10	4	-1.27024	-5.05904	2.69197
10	7	1.27024	-5.05904	241.19437
11	7	1.18938	1.74583	-237.42123
11	3	-1.18938	1.74583	9.05963



Appendix B  
Plane Truss Program Listing

```

DIMENSION E(50,50),D(50,50),PP(50)
DIMENSION D:SP(50)
COMMON /BLOCK1/ JFOUND(80),JFOUND
COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)
COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJ01,NOMEN
COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLoad,ISOLV,IEND,NEWPRO
COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,
1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC
COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,
1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ
COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)
DATA JAST /1H*/ , JSEM/1H:/ , JCMA /1H:/ , JPER/1H:/ , JDOL/1H5/,
1 JLB/1H4:/ , JCOL /1H:/ , JBLK/1H / , JRP/1H)/ , JLP/1H(/ , JEQ /1H=/
DATA JAC/1HA/, JBC/1HB/, JCC/1HC/, JDC/1HD/, JEC/1HE/, JFC/1HF/,
1 JGC/1HG/, JHC/1HH/, JIC/1HI/, JJC/1HJ/, JKC/1HK/, JLC/1HL/,
1 JMC/1HN/, JNC/1HN/, JOC/1HO/, JPC/1HP/, JQC/1HQ/, JRC/1HR/,
1 JSC/1HS/, JTC/1HT/, JUC/1HU/, JVC/1HV/, JWC/1HW/, JXC/1HX/,
1 JYC/1HY/, JZC/1HZ/
DATA JPLS/1H+/, JMIN/1H-/, JDIV/1H//, JGT/1H>/, JLT/1H</
DATA NUM(1) /1H1/, NUM(2) /1H2/, NUM(3) /1H3/, NUM(4)/1H4/,
1 NUM(5) /1H5/, NUM(6) /1H6/, NUM(7) /1H7/, NUM(8)/1H8/,
1 NUM(9) /1H9/, NUM(10) /1H0/
INTEGER PP
INTEGER R,W
MJ=50
W=6
R=5
26 WRITE(W,130)
WRITE(W,131)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,133)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,138)
WRITE(W,134)
WRITE(A,132)
WRITE(W,135)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,136)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,131)
WRITE(A,139)
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
55 CONTINUE
NEWPRO=0
F=0.0
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
IF(E.EQ.0.0)GO TO 29
NOJ01=0
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
IF(NMJ01.EQ.0)GO TO 30
NOMEN=0
NOLoad=1
CALL INTERP
IF(NOMEN.EQ.0)GO TO 31

```

```

      ICOUN1=NOJ01*2
      ICOUN2=1
      DO 3 I=1,NOJ01,1
      IF (J(I,1).NE.JSC)GO TO 8
5      J(I,1)=ICOUN1
      ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
      J(I,2)=ICOUN1
      ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
      GO TO 3
8      J(I,1)=ICOUN2
      ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
      J(I,2)=ICOUN2
      ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
3      CONTINUE
      ICOUN2=ICOUN2-1
      ICOUN1=ICOUN1+1
      NUREL=0
51     CALL INTERP
      IF (NUREL.EQ.0)GO TO 35
      LOC=0
      IF (JBUF(8).NE.JJC)GO TO 32
      JOINT=DFCOD1(13,L)
      L=L+1
      IF (JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JXC)LOC=1
      IF (JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JYC)LOC=2
      IF (LOC.EQ.0)GO TO 32
      ICOUN1=ICOUN1+1
      ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
      IHOLD=J(JOINT,LOC)
      DO 37 LOK=1,NOJ01,1
      IF (J(LOK,1).NE.ICOUN2.AND.J(LOK,2).NE.ICOUN2)GO TO 37
      IF (J(LOK,1).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=1
      IF (J(LOK,2).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=2
      LOK3=LOK
      GO TO 33
37     CONTINUE
38     CONTINUE
      J(JOINT,LOC)=ICOUN2
      J(LOK3,LOK1)=IHOLD
36     CALL READER
      NUREL=0
      GO TO 51
35     NUREL=1
      N1=NOJ01*2
      DO 10 I=1,N1,1
      DO 10 K=1,N1,1
10     B(I,K)=0.0
      DO 12 I=1,NMEN,1
      A(I,1)=-A(I,3)*A(I,4)
      A(I,2)=-A(I,3)*A(I,5)
      LOCCJJ=J(I,4)
      LOCCJK=J(I,5)
      DO 12 K=4,5,1
      N=K-3
      K1=J(LOCCJJ,N)
      K2=J(LOCCJK,N)
      DO 12 L=1,2,1
      K3=J(LOCCJJ,L)
      K4=J(LOCCJK,L)
      B(K1,K3)=B(K1,K3)+(-A(I, K)*A(I,L))
      B(K1,K4)=B(K1,K4)+(A(I, K)*A(I,L))
      B(K2,K3)=B(K2,K3)+(A(I, K)*A(I,L))

```



3

```

      B(K2,K4)=B(K2,K4)-(A(I, K)+A(I,L))
12  CONTINUE
      CALL INVERT(ICOUN2,IFLAG,W,R,D,PP,MJ)
      IF(IFLAG.EQ.1)GO TO 29
24  NULC=D=0
      ISOLV=0
      NOP=2*NOJ01
      DO 17 I=1,OP,1
17  P(I)=0.0
      CALL INTERP
      IF(IEND.EQ.1)GO TO 27
      IF(NEWPRO.EQ.1)GO TO 55
      IF(NULOAD.EQ.0)GO TO 33
      IF(UFOUND.EQ.0)GO TO 25
      IF(ISOLV.NE.1)GO TO 29
      DO 18 I=1,ICOUN2,1
      DISP(I)=0.0
      DO 18 K=1,ICOUN2,1
18  DISP(I)=DISP(I)+B(I,K)*P(K)
      DO 19 I=ICOUN1,NOP,1
      P(I)=-P(I)
      DISP(I)=0.0
      DO 19 K=1,ICOUN2,1
19  P(I)=P(I)+B(I,K)*DISP(K)
      DO 20 L=1,NOMEN,1
      MFL1=J(L,4)
      MFL2=J(L,5)
      MFL3=J(MFL1,1)
      MFL4=J(MFL1,2)
      MFL5=J(MFL2,1)
      MFL6=J(MFL2,2)
      A(L,3)=A(L,1)*DISP(MFL3)+A(L,2)*DISP(MFL4)-A(L,1)*DISP(MFL5)
      A(L,3)=A(L,3)-A(L,2)*DISP(MFL6)
20  CONTINUE
      WRITE(W,126)
      WRITE(W,120)
      WRITE(W,121)
      DO 21 L=1,NOJ01,1
      MFL1=J(L,1)
      MFL2=J(L,2)
21  WRITE(W,122)L,          DISP(MFL1),DISP(MFL2)
      DO 39 L=1,ICOUN2,1
39  P(L)=0.0
      WRITE(W,127)
      WRITE(W,123)
      WRITE(W,121)
      DO 22 L=1,NOJ01,1
      MFL1=J(L,1)
      MFL2=J(L,2)
      IF(MFL1.LT.ICOUN1.AND.MFL2.LT.ICOUN1)GO TO 22
      WRITE(W,122)L,          P(MFL1),P(MFL2)
22  CONTINUE
      WRITE(W,128)
      WRITE(W,124)
      WRITE(W,125)
      DO 23 L=1,NOMEN,1
23  WRITE(W,122)L,          A(L,3)
      WRITE(W,139)
      CALL READER
      GO TO 24
29  WRITE(W,142)
      GO TO 27

```

4

```

30  WRITE(A,143)
    GO TO 25
31  WRITE(A,144)
    GO TO 25
32  WRITE(A,145)
    GO TO 25
33  WRITE(A,146)
25  IF(ITEM.EQ.1)GO TO 27
    CALL READER
    CALL INTERP
    IF(NEWPRO.EQ.1)GO TO 55
    GO TO 25
120  FORMAT(' ',2X,'JOINT      ',15X,'TRANSLATION')
121  FORMAT(' ',20X,'X',13X,'Y',13X,'Z')
122  FORMAT(' ',16,7X, 2F14.5)
123  FORMAT(' ',2X,'JOINT      ',18X,'FORCE')
124  FORMAT(' ',2X,'MEMBER     ',18X,'FORCE')
125  FORMAT(' ',18X,'AXIAL',8X,'SHEAR Y',7X,'SHEAR Z')
126  FORMAT(///'1','JOINT DISPLACEMENTS'///)
127  FORMAT(///'1','SUPPORT REACTIONS'///)
128  FORMAT(///'1','MEMBER FORCES'///)
130  FORMAT('1',//////////)
131  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*****')
6****)
132  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',52X,'*')
133  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*      ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM
6  *')
134  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',20X,'RELEASE 1.0',21X,'*')
135  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',15X,'UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON',16X,'*')
136  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',10X,'DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING',11X,'*')
138  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',20X,'PLANE TRUSS',21X,'*')
139  FORMAT(1H1)
142  FORMAT(' ', 'INSUFFICIENT DATA OR INPUT ERROR')
143  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN JOINT COORDINATES')
144  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN MEMBER INCIDENCES')
145  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN JOINT RELEASES')
146  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN LOADING')
27  STOP
    END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

INVERT ENTRY P01.7 000334

D: CODE(1) 000436; DATA(2) 000047; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

OUT  
OTR  
SUB  
US  
2\$  
R3\$

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

007 106F	0001	000027	110G	0001	000030	113G	0001	000140	133G
200 155G	0001	000220	170G	0001	000314	20L	0001	000301	201G
072 34L	0001	000040	40L	0001	000213	91L	0000	R 000006	A
005 1	0000	000020	INJP\$	0000	I 000003	J	0000	I 000001	K
000 2									

```

SUBROUTINE INVERT(N,IFLAG,W,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
INTEGER Z,W
IFLAG=0
DO 5 K=1,N,1
DO 5 L=1,N,1
5   D(K,L)=0.0
J=1
40  Z=J+1
CALL PIVOT(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
IF(C(J,J))34,30,34
30  WRITE(W,106)
IFLAG=1
GO TO 20
34  DO 60 K=Z,N,1
FACT=C(K,J)/C(J,J)
C(K,J)=FACT
DO 10 I=Z,N,1
A=FACT*C(J,I)
C(K,I)=A-C(K,I)
10  CONTINUE
60  CONTINUE
J=J+1
IF(J-N)40,50,50
50  DO 91 I=1,N,1
IF(C(I,I).NE.0.0)GO TO 91
WRITE(W,106)
IFLAG=1
GO TO 20
91  CONTINUE

```

```
      DO 601 I=1,N,1
      D(I,1)=1.0
      CALL PIUTR(N,I,C,D,P,MJ)
      CALL SAKSUB(I,N,C,D,P,MJ)
601   CONTINUE
106   FORMAT('C', 'THE SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS IS SINGULAR')
      DO 603 I=1,N,1
      DO 603 K=1,N,1
603   C(I,K)=D(I,K)
20   RETURN
     END
```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

PIVOT ENTRY POINT 000123

D: CODE(1) 000137; DATA 01 000031; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

R35

SIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

043 112G	0001 000076 130G	0001 000054 20L	0001 000104 50L
004 INJPS	0000 I 000002 L	0000 R 000000 LARGE	0000 I 000001 M

```

SUBROUTINE PIVOT(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
REAL LARGE
LARGE=ABS(C(J,J))
M=0
P(J)=J
DO 20 L=J,N,1
IF (LARGE-ABS(C(L,J)))10,20,20
10  LARGE=ABS(C(L,J))
    M=L
20  CONTINUE
IF (M)40,50,40
40  P(J)=M
DO 30 L=J,N,1
HOLD=C(J,L)
C(J,L)=C(M,L)
C(M,L)=HOLD
30  CONTINUE
50  RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

BAKSUB ENTRY POINT 000137

0: CODE(1) 000161; DATA 2) 000043; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

R35

ALIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

061 111G	0001	000102 115G	0000 R 000002 COUP	0000 I 000003 I
001 K	0000	I 000000 Y		

```

SUBROUTINE BAKSUB(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
INTEGER Y
D(N,J)=D(N,J)/C(N,N)
Y=N-1
DO 70 K=1,Y,1
  COUP=0.0
  DO 80 I=1,K,1
    COUP=COUP+(D(N+1-I,J)*C(N-K,N+1-I))
80  CONTINUE
  D(N-K,J)=(D(N-K,J)-COUP)/C(N-K,N-K)
70  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

PIVOTR ENTRY PC1 T 000115

D: CODE(1) 000137; -T-(U) 000037; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

R35

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

026 107G	0001	000062 117G	0000 I 000005 I	0000	000007 INJPS
000 JP	0000 I 000004 JPI		0000 I 000003 M	0000 R 000002 RHOLD	

```

SUBROUTINE PIVOTR(N,K,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
JP=N-1
DO 1 J=1,JP,1
  RHOLD=D(J,K)
  M=P(J)
  D(J,K)=D(M,K)
  D(M,K)=RHOLD
  JPI=J+1
DO 2 I=JPI,N,1
  D(I,K)=D(J,K)*C(I,J)-D(I,K)
2  CONTINUE
1  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

HEADER ENTRY POINT 000040

: CODE(1) 000042; DATA(3) 000011; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

KS:

K1 000121  
K2 000122  
K3 000003  
R 000032  
R 000020  
RS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

EZ  
S  
S  
S  
S  
3S

GNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

02 201F	0000	000003	301F	0001	000004	5L	0004	000000	A
05 INJPS	0004	000536	J	0006	000000	JAC	0007	000000	JAST
07 JBLK	0003	000000	JBUF	0006	000002	JCC	0007	000002	JCMA
03 JDC	0007	000014	JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL	0006	000004	JEC
05 JFC	0003	000120	JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC	0007	000015	JGT
10 JIC	0006	000011	JJC	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB
11 JLP	0007	000016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN
16 JOC	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER	0007	000012	JPLS
21 JRC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC	0007	000001	JSEM
24 JUC	0006	000025	JVC	0006	000026	JWC	0006	000027	JXC
31 JZC	0005	000001	NOJOI	0005	000002	NOMEN	0010	000000	NUM
00 R	0000	000001	W						

SUBROUTINE READER

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETP/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JER

COMMON /NUMERS/ NUM(10)

INTEGER R,W

R=5

W=6

C REAR AND PRINT THE INPUT STATEMENT

5 READ(R,201)JBUF

WRITE(W,301)JBUF



```
C  REMOVE BLANKS FROM THE INPUT DATA
      CALL SQUEEZ
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JDOL)GO TO 5
201  FORMAT(BD41)
301  FORMAT('L',BD41)
      RETURN
      END
```

11

OMPILATION:            NO DIAGNOSTICS.

INTERP ENTRY POINT 000424

: CODE(1) 000426; DATA(2) 000006; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

KS:

K1 000121  
K2 001212  
K3 000003  
K4 000005  
R 000032  
R 000020  
RS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

D1  
JTC  
JNC  
JER  
J3S

GNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

15 9999L	0004	000000	A	0012 R	000000	DECODE	0005 R	000000	E
02 INJPS	0006 I	000002	ISOLV	0034	000536	J	0007 I	000000	JAC
01 JBC	0010	000007	JBLK	0003 I	000000	JBUF	0007 I	000002	JCC
06 JCOL	0007 I	000003	JDC	0010	000014	JDIV	0010	000004	JDOL
17 JEQ	0007 I	000005	JFC	0003 I	000120	JFOUND	0007	000006	JGC
07 JHC	0007 I	000010	JIC	0007 I	000011	JJC	0007	000012	JKC
13 JLC	0010	000011	JLP	0010	000016	JLT	0007 I	000014	JMC
15 JHC	0007 I	000016	JOC	0007 I	000017	JPC	0010	000003	JPER
20 JQC	0007 I	000021	JRC	0010	000010	JRP	0007 I	000022	JSC
23 JTC	0007	000024	JUC	0007	000025	JVC	0007	000026	JWC
30 JYC	0007	000031	JZC	0000 I	000000	L	0006 I	000004	NE4PR
01 NOLOAD	0005	000002	NOMEN	0006 I	000000	NOREL	0011	000000	NUM

SUBROUTINE INTERP

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJ01,NOMEN

COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLOAD,ISOLV,IEND,NEWPRO

COMMON /LETP/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=C

C PROBLEM STATEMENT

IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JPC.AND.  
& JBUF(2).EQ.JRC.AND.  
& JBUF(3).EQ.JOC.AND.

```

& JBUF(4).EQ.JEC)JFOUND=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)NEWPRO=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C MODULUS OF ELASTICITY
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JEC)JFOUND=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1.AND.JBUF(2).EQ.JEQ)E=DECODE(3,L)
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C JOINT COORDINATES
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JIC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JNC.AND.
& JBUF(5).EQ.JTC.AND.
& JBUF(6).EQ.JCC)CALL JOINTC
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C MEMBER INCIDENCES
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JMC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JFC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JMC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JPC.AND.
& JBUF(5).EQ.JEC.AND.
& JBUF(6).EQ.JRC.AND.
& JBUF(7).EQ.JIC)CALL MFMINC
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C JOINT AND MEMBER RELEASES
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JRC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JEC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JLC)JFOUND=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)NOREL=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C LOADING CARDS
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JLC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JAC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JDC)JFOUND=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1.AND.NOLOAD.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)CALL LOADER
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JSC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JLC)ISOLV=1
IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C END STATEMENT
IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JFC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JIC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JNC)IEND=1
9999 RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

SQUEEZ ENTRY POINT 000036

: CODE(1) 000043: DATA 00 000011: BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

KS:

K1 000121  
 K2 001212  
 K3 000003  
   000032  
   000026  
 RS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

35

GAMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

14	JCL	0001	000003	1136	0004	000000	A	0005	000000	E
02	INJPS	0004	000536	J	0006	000000	JAC	0007	I 000000	JAST
07	JBLK	0003	I 000000	JBUF	0006	000002	JCC	0007	000002	JCMA
03	JDC	0007	000014	JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL	0006	000004	JEC
05	JFC	0003	000120	JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC	0007	000015	JGT
10	JIC	0006	000011	JJC	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB
11	JLP	0007	000016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN
16	JOC	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER	0007	000012	JPLS
21	JRC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC	0007	000001	JSEM
24	JUC	0006	000025	JVC	0006	000026	JWC	0006	000027	JXC
31	JZC	0000	I 000000	K	0005	000001	NOJOI	0005	000002	NOMEN
30	P									

SUBROUTINE SQUEEZ

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
 1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
 1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JE9

COMMON /JMPERS/ NUM(10)

K=0

DO 101 I=1,80,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JBLK)GO TO 101

K=K+1

JBUF(K)=JBUF(I)

101 CONTINUE

K=K+1

JBUF(K)=JAST

RETURN

END



JOINTC ENTRY POINT 000113

D: CODE(1) 000121; DATA(2) 000017; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
 CK2 001212  
 CK3 000003  
 CR 000032  
 CR 000020  
 CR5 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

DER  
 001  
 R35

ALIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

002	JOL	0001	000007	115G	0001	000077	20L	0001	000100	99L
000	DECODE	0005	000000	E	0000	I	000001	I	0000	I
036	J	0006	000000	JAC	0007	I	000000	JAST	0006	000001
030	JBUF	0006	000002	JCC	0007	000002	JCMA	0007	000006	JCOL
014	JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL	0006	000004	JEC	0007	000017	JEQ
120	JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC	0007	000015	JGT	0006	000007	JHC
011	JJC	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB	0006	000013	JLC
016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN	0006	000015	JNC
002	JOINT	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER	0007	000012	JPLS
021	JPC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC	0007	000001	JSEM
024	JUC	0006	000025	JVC	0006	000026	JWC	0006	000027	JXC
031	JZC	0000	I	000004	J1	0000	I	000003	L	0005
000	NUM	0004	001130	P						

SUBROUTINE JOINTC

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NUMEN

COMMON /LETP/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAP/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /LYPRS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=1

10 IGOOF=0

CALL READLP

DO 5 I=1,10

5 IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(I)) IGOOF=1

IF(IGOOF.NE.1) GO TO 99

JOINT=DECODE(1,L)

IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JAST) GO TO 20

```
      JI=L+1  
      A(JOINT,6)=DECODE(JI,L)  
      IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JAST)GO TO 20  
      JI=L+1  
      A(JOINT,7)=DECODE(JI,L)  
      L=L+1  
      J(JOINT,1)=JBUF(L)  
      NOJOI=NOJOI+1  
      GO TO 10  
20    NOJOI=0  
99    RETURN  
      END
```

OMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

ODI ENTRY POINT 000157

: CODE(1) 000176; 0-7-13) 000025; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

KS:

050020  
RS 000012  
K1 000121

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

35

GNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

43	121G	0001	000056	130G	0001	000075	20L	0001	000136	30L
06	ARIGHT	0000	R	000001	DECODE1	0000	I	000007	I	0000
07	JBLK	0005	I	000000	JBUF	0003	000002	JCMA	0003	000006
04	JDOL	0003	000017	JER	0005	000120	JFOUND	0003	000015	JGT
05	JLB	0003	000011	JLP	0003	000016	JLT	0003	I	000013
12	JFLS	0003	000010	JRP	0003	000001	JSEM	0000	I	000004
00	NUM	0000	R	000000	SIGN					

FUNCTION DECODE1(J,L)

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
I JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JER

COMMON /NUMERS/ NUM(10)

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

K=1

JJ=J

SIGN=1.0

IF(JBUF(J).EQ.JMIN)SIGN=-1.0

IF(JBUF(J).EQ.JMIN.OR.JBUF(J).EQ.JPLS)JJ=J+1

JSIDE=0

ALEFT=0.0

ARIGHT=0.0

DO 30 I=JJ,80,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JPER)JSIDE=1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JPER)GO TO 30

DO 15 L=1,10,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(L))GO TO 20

15 CONTINUE

DECODE1=SIGN\*(ALEFT+ARIGHT)

L=I

RETURN

20 IF(L.EQ.10)L=0

IF(JSIDE.EQ.0)ALEFT=ALEFT\*10.0+L

IF(JSIDE.EQ.1)ARIGHT=ARIGHT+FLOAT(L)/FLOAT(10.0\*\*K)

IF(JSIDE.EQ.1)K=K+1

30 CONTINUE



END

19

COMPILATION: TO DIAGNOSTICS.

MEMINC ENTRY POINT 000203

0: CODE(1) 000214; PAT-(0) 000035; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CK5:

CK1 000121  
 CK2 001212  
 CK3 000003  
 R 000032  
 R 000020  
 BRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

DER  
 UD1  
 R  
 R35

ALIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

002	IDL	0001	000007	115G	0001	000165	98L	0001	000164	99L			
007	AREA	0012	R	000000	DECODE	0005	R	000000	E	0000	R	000012	FLENG
009	IGOOF	0000	I	000005	IJOINT	0000		000016	INJPS	0004	I	000536	J
000	JAST	0006		000001	JPC	0007		000007	JPLK	0003	I	000000	JBUF
002	JCMA	0007		000006	JCOL	0006		000003	JDC	0007		000014	JDIV
004	JEC	0007		000017	JEQ	0006		000005	JFC	0003	I	000120	JFOUND
015	JGT	0006		000007	JHC	0006		000010	JIC	0006		000011	JJC
012	JKC	0007		000005	JLB	0006		000013	JLC	0007		000011	JLP
014	JMC	0007		000013	JMIN	0006		000015	JNC	0006		000016	JOC
003	JPER	0007		000012	JPLS	0006		000020	JQC	0006		000021	JRC
022	JSC	0007		000001	JSEM	0006		000023	JTC	0006		000024	JUC
026	JWC	0006		000027	JXC	0006		000030	JYC	0006		000031	JZC
003	L	0000	I	000002	MEMBER	0005		000001	NOJOI	0000	I	000013	NOMEM
000	NUM	0004		001130	P	0000	R	000010	X	0000	R	000011	Y

SUBROUTINE MEMINC

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JCOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=1

10 IG00F=0

CALL READER

DO 5 I=1,10,1

5 IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(I))IG00F=1

IF(IG00F.NE.1)GO TO 98

```

MEMBER=DECODE(1,L)
JI=L+1
IJOINT=DECODE(JI,L)
JI=L+1
JJOINT=DECODE(JI,L)
JI=L+1
AREA=DECODE(JI,L)
NUMEM=NUMEM+1
IF(IJOINT.EQ.0.OR.JJOINT.EQ.0.OR.MEMBER.EQ.0)GO TO 99
IF(AREA.EQ.0.0)GO TO 99
J(MEMBER,4)=IJOINT
J(MEMBER,5)=JJOINT
X=A(JJOINT,6)-A(IJOINT,6)
Y=A(JJOINT,7)-A(IJOINT,7)
FLENGT=((X**2.)+(Y**2.))*0.5
IF(FLENGT.EQ.0.0)GO TO 99
A(MEMBER,4)=X/FLENGT
A(MEMBER,5)=Y/FLENGT
A(MEMBER,3)=AREA*E/FLENGT
GO TO 10
99 NUMEM=0
98 RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

LOADER ENTRY POINT 000146

0: CODE(1) 000152; DATA 0: 000020; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
CK2 001212  
CK3 000003  
CK4 000005  
R 000032  
R 000020  
ARS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

VER  
001  
K35

GNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

13	13L	0001	000003	13L	0001	000134	98L	0001	000135	99L
00	DECO01	0005	000000	E	0000	R	000005	FORCE	0006	000003
02	ISOLV	0004	I	000536	J	0007	000000	JAC	0010	000000
07	JBLK	0003	I	000000	JBUF	0007	000002	JCC	0010	000002
03	JDC	0010		000014	JDIV	0010	000004	JDOL	0007	000004
05	JFC	0003		000120	JFOUND	0007	000006	JGC	0010	000015
10	JIC	0007	I	000011	JJC	0007	000012	JKC	0010	000005
11	JLP	0010		000016	JLT	0007	000014	JMC	0010	000013
16	JOC	0000	I	000002	JOINT	0007	000017	JPC	0010	000003
20	JCC	0007		000021	JRC	0010	000010	JRP	0007	000022
23	JTC	0007		000024	JUC	0007	000025	JVC	0007	000026
30	JYC	0007		000031	JZC	0000	I	000001	J1	0000
04	LOCJP1	0000	I	000006	LOCJP2	0006	000004	NEWPRO	0005	000001
02	NOJ01	0006		000000	NOJ01	0011	000000	NUM	0004	R

# SUBROUTINE LOADER

C THIS SUBROUTINE HANDLES LOADING CONDITIONS  
C THE ROUTINE IS CALLED FROM INTERP AND RETURNS THERE.  
C THE LOADS ARE ENTERED INTO THE P VECTOR

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJ01,NOJ02

COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLOAD,ISOLV,IEND,NEWPRO

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

JNC,JOC,JPC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCHA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JER

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

NOLOAD=0

J1=0

```

      LOC=0
15  CONTINUE
      CALL READER
      IF(JBUF(1).NE.JJC)GO TO 99
      NOLOAD=1
      JOINT=DECODE(16,L)
      L=L+1
      IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JXC)LOC=1
      IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JYC)LOC=2
      IF(LOC.NE.1)GO TO 13
14  LOCJP1=J(JOINT,1)
      J1=L+6
      FORCE=DECODE(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP1)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
13  IF(LOC.NE.2)GO TO 98
16  LOCJP2=J(JOINT,2)
      J1=L+6
      FORCE=DECODE(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP2)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
98  NOLOAD=0
99  RETURN
      END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

13:34  
 PROG SIZE(I/D)=6512/8658

EL 7L-1  
 ON - TIME 1.688 SECONDS

## Appendix C

### Plane Frame Program Listing

774 X	0000 I 012004 K1	0000 I 012005 K2	0000 I 012006 K3
010 K5	0000 I 012011 K6	0000 I 011766 L	0000 I 000000 LOC
776 LOCCJK	0000 I 011770 LOK	0000 I 011771 LOK1	0000 I 011772 LOK3
030 MFLS	0000 I 012025 MFL1	0000 I 012026 MFL2	0000 I 012027 MFL3
033 MFL5	0000 I 012034 MFL6	0000 I 011761 MJ	0006 I 000004 NEWPR
001 NOLOAD	0005 I 000002 NOMEN	0000 I 012024 NOP	0005 I 000000 NOREL
773 N1	0004 F 001130 F	0000 I 011613 PP	0000 I 011757 R
052 SHEAR	0000 R 000001 SIN	0000 R 012036 SINA	0000 R 012040 SINE
003 TT	0000 I 011760 W		

```

DIMENSION S(50,50),D(50,50),PP(50)
DIMENSION DISP(50)
COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND
COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)
COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NQJOI,NOMEN
COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLOAD,ISOLV,IEND,NEWPRC
COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,
1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC
COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JCOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,
1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ
COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)
DATA JAST /1H*/ , JSEM/1H*/ , JCMA /1H*/ , JPER/1H*/ , JCOL/1H*/ ,
1 JLB/1H*/ , JCOL /1H*/ , JBLK/1H / , JRP/1H*/ , JLP/1H( / , JEQ /1H= /
DATA JAC/1HA/ , JBC/1HB/ , JCC/1HC/ , JDC/1HD/ , JEC/1HE/ , JFC/1HF/ ,
1 JGC/1HG/ , JHC/1HH/ , JIC/1HI/ , JJC/1HJ/ , JKC/1HK/ , JLC/1HL/ ,
1 JMC/1HM/ , JNC/1HN/ , JOC/1HO/ , JPC/1HP/ , JQC/1HQ/ , JRC/1HR/ ,
1 JSC/1HS/ , JTC/1HT/ , JUC/1HU/ , JVC/1HV/ , JWC/1HW/ , JXC/1HX/ ,
1 JYC/1HY/ , JZC/1HZ/
DATA JPLS/1H+ / , JMIN/1H- / , JDIV/1H/ / , JGT/1H> / , JLT/1H< /
DATA NUM(1) /1H1/ , NUM(2) /1H2/ , NUM(3) /1H3/ , NUM(4)/1H4/ ,
1 NUM(5) /1H5/ , NUM(6) /1H6/ , NUM(7) /1H7/ , NUM(8)/1H8/ ,
1 NUM(9) /1H9/ , NUM(10) /1H0/
INTEGER PP
INTEGER R,W
MJ=50
W=6
R=5
26 WRITE(W,130)
WRITE(W,131)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,133)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,138)
WRITE(W,134)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,135)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,136)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,131)
WRITE(W,139)
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
55 CONTINUE
NEWPRO=0
E=0.0
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
IF(E.EQ.0.0)GO TO 29

```

```

NOJCI=C
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
IF(NOJCI.EQ.0)GO TO 30
NOMEN=0
NOLOAD=1
CALL INTERP
IF(NOMEN.EQ.0)GO TO 31
ICOUN1=NOJCI*5
ICOUN2=1
DO 3 I=1,NOJCI,1
IF(J(I,1).NE.JSC)GO TO 8
5 J(I,1)=ICOUN1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
J(I,2)=ICOUN1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
J(I,3)=ICOUN1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
GO TO 3
3 J(I,1)=ICOUN2
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
J(I,2)=ICOUN2
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
J(I,3)=ICOUN2
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
3 CONTINUE
ICOUN2=ICOUN2-1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1+1
NOREL=0
51 CALL INTERP
IF(NOREL.EQ.0)GO TO 35
LOC=0
IF(JBUF(8).NE.JJC)GO TO 47
JOINT=DECO01(13,L)
L=L+1
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JXC)LOC=1
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JYC)LOC=2
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JMC.AND.JBUF(L+6).EQ.JZC)LOC=3
IF(LOC.EQ.0)GO TO 32
ICOUN1=ICOUN1+1
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
IHOLD=J(JOINT,LOC)
DO 37 LOK=1,NOJCI,1
IF(J(LOK,1).NE.ICOUN2.AND.J(LOK,2).NE.ICOUN2
6.AND.J(LOK,3).NE.ICOUN2)GO TO 37
IF(J(LOK,1).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=1
IF(J(LOK,2).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=2
IF(J(LOK,3).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=3
LOK3=LOK
GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
39 CONTINUE
J(JOINT,LOC)=ICOUN2
J(LOK3,LOK1)=IHOLD
GO TO 36
47 IF(JBUF(8).NE.JMC)GO TO 32
JOINT=DECO01(14,L)
L=L+1
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JIC)J(JOINT,4)=-J(JOINT,4)
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JTC)J(JOINT,5)=-J(JOINT,5)
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JBC)A(JOINT,2)=0.
36 CALL READER

```



```

NOREL=C
GO TO 51
35 NOREL=1
N1=NOJOT*3
DO 10 I=1,N1,1
DO 10 K=1,N1,1
10 B(I,K)=0.0
DO 12 I=1,NOMEN,1
LOCCJJ=J(I,4)
LOCCJK=J(I,5)
HH=4.
GG=12.
RR=6.
SS=1.
TT=1.
IF(LOCCJJ.GT.0)GO TO 45
IF(LOCCJK.LE.0)GO TO 32
HH=3.
GG=3.
RR=3.
SS=0.
45 LOCCJJ=ABS(LOCCJJ)
IF(LOCCJK.GT.0)GO TO 46
HH=3.
GG=3.
RR=3.
TT=0.
46 LOCCJK=ABS(LOCCJK)
CONTINUE
K1=J(LOCCJJ,1)
K2=J(LOCCJJ,2)
K3=J(LOCCJJ,3)
K4=J(LOCCJK,1)
K5=J(LOCCJK,2)
K6=J(LOCCJK,3)
SIN=A(I,5)
COS=A(I,4)
AEL=A(I,3)
EIL=A(I,2)
FLENGT=A(I,1)
AA=COS*COS*AEL+SIN*SIN*GG *EIL/FLENGT/FLENGT
BB=SIN*SIN*AEL+COS*COS*GG *EIL/FLENGT/FLENGT
CC=HH*EIL
DD=SIN*COS*AEL-SIN*COS*GG *EIL/FLENGT/FLENGT
EE=SIN*RR*EIL/FLENGT
FF=-COS*RR*EIL/FLENGT
B(K1,K1)=B(K1,K1)+AA
B(K1,K2)=B(K1,K2)+DD
B(K1,K3)=B(K1,K3)+EE*SS
B(K1,K4)=B(K1,K4)-AA
B(K1,K5)=B(K1,K5)-DD
B(K1,K6)=B(K1,K6)+EE*TT
B(K2,K1)=B(K2,K1)+DD
B(K2,K2)=B(K2,K2)+BB
B(K2,K3)=B(K2,K3)+FF*SS
B(K2,K4)=B(K2,K4)-DD
B(K2,K5)=B(K2,K5)-BB
B(K2,K6)=B(K2,K6)+FF*TT
B(K3,K1)=B(K3,K1)+EE*SS
B(K3,K2)=B(K3,K2)+FF*SS
B(K3,K3)=B(K3,K3)+CC*SS
B(K3,K4)=B(K3,K4)-EE*SS

```

```

E(K3,K5)=B(K3,K5)-FF*SS
B(K3,K5)=B(K3,K5)+CC/2.*SS*TT
E(K4,K1)=E(K4,K1)-AA
B(K4,K2)=B(K4,K2)-DD
E(K4,K3)=E(K4,K3)-EE*SS
B(K4,K4)=B(K4,K4)+AA
E(K4,K5)=E(K4,K5)+DD
B(K4,K6)=E(K4,K6)-EE*TT
B(K5,K1)=B(K5,K1)-DD
B(K5,K2)=B(K5,K2)-BB
B(K5,K3)=B(K5,K3)-FF*SS
B(K5,K4)=B(K5,K4)+DD
B(K5,K5)=B(K5,K5)+BB
B(K5,K6)=B(K5,K6)-FF*TT
B(K6,K1)=B(K6,K1)+EE*TT
B(K6,K2)=B(K6,K2)+FF*TT
B(K6,K3)=B(K6,K3)+CC/2.*TT*SS
B(K6,K4)=B(K6,K4)-EE*TT
B(K6,K5)=B(K6,K5)-FF*TT
B(K6,K6)=B(K6,K6)+CC*TT
12  CONTINUE
    CALL INVERT(ICOUN2,IFLAG,W,B,D,PP,MJ)
    IF(IFLAG.EQ.1)GO TO 29
24  NOLOAD=0
    ISCLV=0
    NOP=3*NOJCI
    DO 17 I=1,NCP,1
17  P(I)=0.0
    CALL INTERF
    IF(IEND.EQ.1)GO TO 27
    IF(NEWPRC.EQ.1)GO TO 55
    IF(NOLOAD.EQ.0)GO TO 33
    IF(JFCUND.EQ.0)GO TO 25
    IF(ISOLV.NE.1)GO TO 29
    DO 18 I=1,ICOUN2,1
    DISP(I)=0.0
    DO 18 K=1,ICOUN2,1
19  DISP(I)=DISP(I)+B(I,K)*P(K)
    DO 19 I=ICOUN1,NCP,1
    P(I)=-P(I)
    DISP(I)=0.0
    DO 19 K=1,ICOUN2,1
19  P(I)=P(I)+B(I,K)*DISP(K)
    WRITE(W,126)
    WRITE(W,127)
    WRITE(W,121)
    DO 21 L=1,NJCCE,1
    MFL1=J(L,1)
    MFL2=J(L,2)
    MFL3=J(L,3)
21  WRITE(W,128)L, DISP(MFL1),DISP(MFL2),DISP(MFL3)
    DO 39 L=1,ICOUN2,1
39  P(L)=0.0
    WRITE(W,127)
    WRITE(W,128)
    WRITE(W,121)
    DO 22 L=1,NJCCE,1
    MFL1=J(L,1)
    MFL2=J(L,2)
    MFL3=J(L,3)
    IF(MFL1.LT.ICOUN1.AND.MFL2.LT.ICOUN1.AND.MFL3.LT.ICOUN1)GO TO 22
    WRITE(W,129)L, P(MFL1),P(MFL2),P(MFL3)

```

WRITE(W,123)

WRITE(W,124)

WRITE(W,125)

DO 23 L=1,NOVEN,1

MFLS=ABS(J(L,4))

MFLE=ABS(J(L,5))

MFL1=J(MFLS,1)

MFL2=J(MFLS,2)

MFL3=J(MFLS,3)

MFL4=J(MFLE,1)

MFL5=J(MFLE,2)

MFL6=J(MFLE,3)

SIN=A(L,5)

COS=A(L,4)

AEL=A(L,3)

EIL=A(L,2)

FLENGT=A(L,1)

COS A= COS\*AEL

SIN A= SIN\*AEL

COSE= COS\*6.\*EIL/FLENGT

SINE= SIN\*6.\*EIL/FLENGT

DISP1=DISP(MFL1)

DISP2=DISP(MFL2)

DISP3=DISP(MFL3)

DISP4=DISP(MFL4)

DISP5=DISP(MFL5)

DISP6=DISP(MFL6)

AXIAL=-COS A\*DISP1-SIN A\*DISP2+COS A\*DISP4+SIN A\*DISP5

BENDE=SINE\*DISP1-COSE\*DISP2-SINE\*DISP4+COSE\*DISP5

IF(J(L,4).LT.0)GO TO 48

IF(J(L,5).LT.0)GO TO 49

BENDS=BENDE+4.\*EIL\*DISP3+2.\*EIL\*DISP6

BENDE=BENDE+2.\*EIL\*DISP3+4.\*EIL\*DISP6

GO TO 50

48 BENDE=BENDE/2.+3\*EIL\*DISP6

BENDS=0.

GO TO 50

49 BENDS=BENDE/2.+3.\*EIL\*DISP3

BENDE=0.

50 SHEAR=(BENDE+BENDS)/FLENGT

WRITE(W,122)I,J(L,4),AXIAL,SHEAR,BENDS

23 WRITE(W,122)I,J(L,5),AXIAL,SHEAR,BENDE

WRITE(W,139)

CALL READER

GO TO 24

29 WRITE(W,142)

GO TO 25

30 WRITE(W,143)

GO TO 25

31 WRITE(W,144)

GO TO 25

32 WRITE(W,145)

GO TO 25

33 WRITE(W,146)

25 IF(IEND.EQ.1)GO TO 27

CALL READER

CALL INTERP

IF(NEWPRO.EQ.1)GO TO 55

GO TO 25

120 FORMAT(' ',2X,'JOINT',8X,'TRANSLATION',12X,'ROTATION')

121 FORMAT(' ',20X,'X',13X,'Y',13X,'Z'/)

```

122  FORMAT(' ',I6,I7,3F14.5)
123  FORMAT(' ',2X,'JOINT',11X,'FORCE',15X,'MOMENT')
124  FORMAT(' ',2X,'MEMBER JOINT',11X,'FORCE',15X,'MOMENT')
125  FORMAT(' ',13X,'AXIAL',9X,'SHEAR Y',6X,'BENDING Z')
126  FORMAT(///'1','JOINT DISPLACEMENTS'///)
127  FORMAT(///'1','SUPPORT REACTIONS'///)
128  FORMAT(///'1','MEMBER FORCES'///)
129  FORMAT(' ',I6,F21.5,2F14.5)
130  FORMAT('1',//////////)
131  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*****')
132  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',52X,'*')
133  FORMAT(' ',10X,'* ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM
6  *')
134  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',20X,'RELEASE 1.0',21X,'*')
135  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',15X,'UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON',16X,'*')
136  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',10X,'DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING',11X,'*')
137  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',6X,'40A1',6X,'*')
138  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*',20X,'PLANE FRAME',21X,'*')
139  FORMAT('1')
141  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN HEADER CARD')
142  FORMAT(' ','INSUFFICIENT DATA OR INPUT ERROR')
143  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN JOINT COORDINATES')
144  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN MEMBER INCIDENCES')
145  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN JOINT RELEASES')
146  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN LOADING')
27  STOP
    END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

INVERT ENTRY POINT 000334

: CODE(1) 000436; DATA(2) 000047; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

T  
TR  
U3  
\$  
\$  
3\$

ALIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

07 106F	0001	000027 1106	0001	000030 1136	0001	000140 1336
00 1556	0001	000220 1706	0001	000314 20L	0001	000301 2016
72 34L	0001	000040 40L	0001	000213 91L	0000 R	000006 A
05 I	0000	000020 INJP\$	0000 I	000003 J	0000 I	000001 K
00 Z						

```

SUBROUTINE INVERT(N, IFLAG, W, C, D, P, MJ)
  DIMENSION C(MJ, MJ), D(MJ, MJ), P(MJ)
  INTEGER P
  INTEGER Z, W
  IFLAG=0
  DO 5 K=1, N, 1
    DO 5 L=1, N, 1
      5 D(K, L)=0.0
      J=1
      40 Z=J+1
      CALL PIVOT(J, N, C, D, P, MJ)
      IF(C(J, J))34, 30, 34
      30 WRITE(W, 106)
      IFLAG=1
      GO TO 20
      34 DO 60 K=Z, N, 1
        FACT=C(K, J)/C(J, J)
        C(K, J)=FACT
        DO 10 I=Z, N, 1
          A=FACT*C(J, I)
          C(K, I)=A-C(K, I)
        10 CONTINUE
        60 CONTINUE
        J=J+1
        IF(J-N)40, 50, 50
      50 DO 91 I=1, N, 1
        IF(C(I, I).NE.0.0)GO TO 91
        WRITE(W, 106)
        IFLAG=1
        GO TO 20
      91 CONTINUE

```

```
DO 601 I=1,N,1
D(I,I)=1.0
CALL PIVCTR(N,I,C,D,P,MJ)
CALL BAKSUB(I,N,C,D,P,MJ)
601 CONTINUE
106 FORMAT('D', 'THE SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS IS SINGULAR')
DO 603 I=1,N,1
DO 603 K=1,N,1
603 C(I,K)=D(I,K)
20 RETURN
END
```

MPRELATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

PIVOT ENTRY POINT 000123

: CODE(1) 000137; DATA(2) 000031; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

3\$

SEGMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

43 1126	0001	000076 1306	0001	000054 20L	0001	000104 50L
04 INJPS	0000	I 000002 L	0000	R 000000 LARGE	0000	I 000001 M

```

SUBROUTINE PIVOT(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
REAL LARGE
LARGE=ABS(C(J,J))
M=0
P(J)=J
DO 20 L=J,N,1
IF(LARGE-ABS(C(L,J)))10,20,20
10  LARGE=ABS(C(L,J))
M=L
20  CONTINUE
IF(M)40,50,40
40  P(J)=M
DO 30 L=J,N,1
HOLD=C(J,L)
C(J,L)=C(M,L)
C(M,L)=HOLD
30  CONTINUE
50  RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

BAKSUB ENTRY POINT 000137

CODE(1) 000161; DATA(0) 000043; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

35

SEGMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

01 1116	0001	000102 1156	0000 R 000002 COUP	0000 I 000003 I
01 K	0000	I 000000 Y		

```

SUBROUTINE BAKSUB(J,N,C,D,F,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
INTEGER Y
D(N,J)=D(N,J)/C(N,N)
Y=N-1
DO 70 K=1,Y,1
  COUP=0.0
  DO 30 I=1,K,1
    COUP=COUP+(D(N+1-I,J)*C(N-K,N+1-I))
80  CONTINUE
    D(N-K,J)=(D(N-K,J)-COUP)/C(N-K,N-K)
70  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.



PIVOTR ENTRY POINT 000115

: CODE(1) 000137; DATA(2) 000037; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

3\$

COMMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

26 1076	0001	000062 1176	0000 I 000005 I	0000	000007 INJPS
00 JP	0000 I 000004 JP1		0000 I 000003 M	0000 R 000002 RHOLD	

```

SUBROUTINE PIVOTR(N,K,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
JP=N-1
DO 1 J=1,JP,1
  RHOLD=C(J,K)
  M=P(J)
  D(J,K)=D(M,K)
  D(M,K)=RHOLD
  JP1=J+1
DO 2 I=JP1,N,1
  D(I,K)=D(J,K)*C(I,J)-D(I,K)
2  CONTINUE
1  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

READER ENTRY POINT 000040

: CODE(1) 000042; DATA(0) 000011; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

KS:

(1 000121  
(2 001212  
(3 000003  
000032  
000020  
RS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

EZ

5

5

5

35

COMMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

02 201F 0000 000003 301F 0001 000004 SL 0004 000000 A  
05 INJP\$ 0004 000536 J 0006 000000 JAC 0007 000000 JAST  
07 JBLK 0003 I 000000 JBUF 0006 000002 JCC 0007 000002 JCMA  
03 JJC 0007 000014 JDIV 0007 I 000004 JCOL 0006 000004 JEC  
05 JFC 0003 000120 JFOUND 0006 000006 JGC 0007 000015 JGT  
10 JIC 0006 000011 JJC 0006 000012 JKC 0007 000005 JLB  
11 JLP 0007 000016 JLT 0006 000014 JMC 0007 000013 JMIN  
16 JOC 0006 000017 JPC 0007 000003 JPER 0007 000012 JPLS  
21 JRC 0007 000010 JRP 0006 000022 JSC 0007 000001 JSEM  
24 JUC 0006 000025 JVC 0006 000026 JWC 0006 000027 JXC  
31 JZC 0005 000001 NOJOI 0005 000002 NOMEN 0010 000000 NUM  
00 R 0000 I 000001 W

SUBROUTINE READER

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),F(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JCOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)

INTEGER R,W

R=5

W=6

C REAR AND PRINT THE INPUT STATEMENT

5 READ(R,201)JBUF

WRITE(W,301)JBUF

C REMOVE BLANKS FROM THE INPUT DATA

CALL SQUEEZ

IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JDCL)GO TO 5

201 FORMAT(9CA1)

301 FORMAT('C',9CA1)

RETURN

END

13

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

INTERP ENTRY POINT 000427

CODE(1) 000431; DATA(0) 000006; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

PKS:

PK1 000121  
 PK2 001212  
 PK3 000003  
 PK4 000005  
     000032  
     000020  
 RS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

D1  
 TC  
 NC  
 PER  
 3S

COMMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

74 SL	0001	000420	9999L	0004	000000	A	0012	R	000000	DECC01
03 IEND	0000	000002	INJP\$	0006	I	000002	ISCLV	0004	000530	J
00 JAST	0007	I	000001	JBC	0010	000007	JBLK	0003	I	000000
02 JCMA	0010	000006	JCOL	0007	I	000003	JDC	0010	000014	JDIV
04 JEC	0010	I	000017	JEG	0007	I	000005	JFC	0003	I
15 JGT	0007	000007	JHC	0007	I	000010	JIC	0007	I	000011
05 JLB	0007	I	000013	JLC	0010	000011	JLP	0010	000016	JLT
13 JMIN	0007	I	000015	JNC	0007	I	000016	JOC	0007	I
12 JPLS	0007	000020	JJC	0007	I	000021	JRC	0010	000010	JRP
01 JSEM	0007	I	000023	JTC	0007	000024	JUC	0007	000025	JVC
27 JXC	0007	000030	JYC	0007	000031	JZC	0000	I	000000	L
01 NOJOI	0006	I	000001	NOLOAD	0005	000002	NOMEN	0006	I	000000
30 P										

# SUBROUTINE INTERP

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80), JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7), J(50,5), F(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLOAD,ISCLV,IEND,NEWPRO

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
 1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEG

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=0

## C PROBLEM STATEMENT

IF(JEUF(1).EQ.JPC.AND.

8 JBUF(2).EQ.JRC.AND.

```

      & JBUF(3).EQ.JCC.AND.
      & JBUF(4).EQ.JBC)JFOUND=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)NEWPRC=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C MODULUS OF ELASTICITY
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JEC)JFOUND=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1.AND.JBUF(2).EQ.JEG)E=DECOD1(3,L)
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C JOINT COORDINATES
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
      & JBUF(2).EQ.JCC.AND.
      & JBUF(3).EQ.JIC.AND.
      & JBUF(4).EQ.JNC.AND.
      & JBUF(5).EQ.JTC.AND.
      & JBUF(6).EQ.JCC)CALL JOINTC
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C MEMBER INCIDENCES
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JMC.AND.
      & JBUF(2).EQ.JEC.AND.
      & JBUF(3).EQ.JMC.AND.
      & JBUF(4).EQ.JBC.AND.
      & JBUF(5).EQ.JEC.AND.
      & JBUF(6).EQ.JRC.AND.
      & JBUF(7).EQ.JIC)CALL MEMINC
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C JOINT AND MEMBER RELEASES
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JRC.AND.
      & JBUF(2).EQ.JEC.AND.
      & JBUF(3).EQ.JLC)JFOUND=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)NOREL=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C LOADING CARDS
      IF(NOREL.EQ.0)GO TO 5
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JLC.AND.
      & JBUF(2).EQ.JCC.AND.
      & JBUF(3).EQ.JAC.AND.
      & JBUF(4).EQ.JDC)JFOUND=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1.AND.NOLOAD.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)CALL LOADER
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JSC.AND.
      & JBUF(2).EQ.JCC.AND.
      & JBUF(3).EQ.JLC)ISOLV=1
      IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C END STATEMENT
5      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JFC.AND.
      & JBUF(2).EQ.JIC.AND.
      & JBUF(3).EQ.JNC)IEND=1
9999  RETURN
      END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

SQUEEZ ENTRY POINT 000036

CODE(1) 000043; DATA(0) 000011; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
 CK2 001212  
 CK3 000003  
 R 000032  
 R 000020  
 BRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

R39

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

014 101L	0001	000003	113G	0004	000000	A	0005	000000	E
002 INJPS	0004	000536	J	0006	000000	JAC	0007	I 000000	JAST
007 JBLK	0003	I 000000	JBUF	0006	000002	JCC	0007	000002	JCMA
003 JDC	0007	000014	JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL	0006	000004	JEC
005 JFC	0003	000120	JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC	0007	000015	JGT
010 JIC	0006	000011	JJC	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB
011 JLP	0007	000016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN
016 JOC	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER	0007	000012	JPLS
021 JRC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC	0007	000001	JSEM
024 JUC	0006	000025	JYC	0006	000026	JWC	0006	000027	JXC
031 JZC	0000	I 000000	K	0005	000001	NOJOI	0005	000002	NOMEN
030 P									

SUBROUTINE SQUEEZ

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
 1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
 1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JST,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)

K=0

DO 101 I=1,80,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JBLK)GO TO 101

K=K+1

JBUF(K)=JBUF(I)

101 CONTINUE

K=K+1

JBUF(K)=JAST

RETURN

END

OMPILATION:

NO DIAGNOSTICS.

JOINTC ENTRY POINT 000113

: CODE(1) 000121; DATA(2) 000017; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

KS:

K1 000121  
 K2 001212  
 K3 000003  
 000032  
 000020  
 RS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

ER  
 D1  
 35

COMMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

02 10L	0001	000007 1156	0001	000077 20L	0001	000100 99L
00 DECOD1	0005	000000 E	0000 I	000001 I	0000 I	000000 IGOOF
36 J	0006	000000 JAC	0007 I	000000 JAST	0006	000001 JBC
00 JBUF	0006	000002 JCC	0007	000002 JCMA	0007	000006 JCOL
14 JDIV	0007	000004 JDOL	0006	000004 JEC	0007	000017 JEG
20 JFOUND	0006	000006 JGC	0007	000015 JGT	0006	000007 JHC
11 JJC	0006	000012 JKC	0007	000005 JLB	0006	000013 JLC
16 JLT	0006	000014 JMC	0007	000013 JMIN	0006	000015 JNC
02 JOINT	0006	000017 JPC	0007	000003 JPER	0007	000012 JFLS
21 JRC	0007	000010 JRP	0006	000022 JSC	0007	000001 JSEM
24 JUC	0006	000025 JVC	0006	000026 JWC	0006	000027 JXC
31 JZC	0000 I	000004 J1	0000 I	000003 L	0005 I	000001 NOJOI
00 NUM	0004	001130 F				

SUBROUTINE JOINTC

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEG

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=1

10 IGOOF=0

CALL READER

DO 5 I=1,10

5 IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(I))IGOOF=1

IF(IGOOF.NE.1)GO TO 99

JOINT=DECOD1(1,L)

IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JAST)GO TO 20



```
J1=L+1
A(JOINT,6)=DECCD1(J1,L)
IF(CBUF(L).EQ.CAST)GO TO 20
J1=L+1
A(JOINT,7)=DECCD1(J1,L)
L=L+1
J(JOINT,1)=CBUF(L)
NOJOI=NOJOI+1
GO TO 10
20 NOJOI=0
99 RETURN
END
```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

0001 ENTRY POINT 000157

0001 CODE(1) 000176; DATA(0) 000025; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

000020  
000012  
000121

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

33

COMMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

043 1216	0001	000056	1306	0001	000075	20L	0001	000136	30L
006 ARIGHT	0000	R	000001	DECODE1	0000	I	000007	I	0000
007 JBLK	0005	I	000000	JBUF	0003	000002	JCMA	0003	000006
004 JCOL	0003	000017	JEG	0005	000120	JFOUND	0003	000013	JGT
005 JLB	0003	000011	JLP	0003	000016	JLT	0003	I	000013
012 JPLS	0003	000010	JRP	0003	000001	JSEM	0000	I	000004
000 NUM	0000	R	000000	SIGN					

FUNCTION DECODE1(J,L)

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JCOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JST,JLT,JEG

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

K=1

JJ=J

SIGN=1.0

IF(JBUF(J).EQ.JMIN)SIGN=-1.0

IF(JBUF(J).EQ.JMIN.OR.JBUF(J).EQ.JPLS)JJ=J+1

JSIDE=0

ALEFT=0.0

ARIGHT=0.0

DO 30 I=JJ,80,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JPER)JSIDE=1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JPER)GO TO 30

DO 15 L=1,10,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(L))GO TO 20

15 CONTINUE

DECODE1=SIGN\*(ALEFT+ARIGHT)

L=I

RETURN

20 IF(L.EQ.10)L=0

IF(JSIDE.EQ.0)ALEFT=ALEFT\*10.+L

IF(JSIDE.EQ.1)ARIGHT=ARIGHT+FLOAT(L)/FLOAT(10\*\*K)

IF(JSIDE.EQ.1)K=K+1

30 CONTINUE

END

21

COMPILATION:

NO DIAGNOSTICS.

MEMINC ENTRY POINT 000226

CD: CODE(1) 000237; DATA(0) 000036; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
CK2 001212  
CK3 000003  
R 000032  
AR 000020  
BRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

ADER  
COD1  
RR  
RR35

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

002 10L	0001	000007	116G	0001	000210	98L	0001	000207	99L
010 AREA	0012 R	000000	DECOJ1	0005 R	000000	E	0000 R	000013	FLEN
001 ISCOF	0000 I	000006	IJOINT	0000 R	000000	INERT	0000	000017	INJP
000 JAC	0007	000000	JAST	0006	000001	J3C	0007	000007	JBLK
002 JCC	0007	000002	JOMA	0007	000006	JCOL	0006	000003	J3C
004 JCOL	0006	000004	JEC	0007	000017	JEQ	0006	000005	JFC
006 J3C	0007	000015	JST	0006	000007	JHC	0006	000010	JIC
007 JJOINT	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB	0006	000013	JLC
016 JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN	0006	000015	JNC
017 JPC	0007	000003	JPER	0007	000012	JPLS	0006	000020	J3C
010 JRP	0006	000022	JSC	0007	000001	JSEM	0006	000023	JTC
025 JVC	0006	000026	JWC	0006	000027	JXC	0006	000030	JYC
005 J1	0000 I	000004	L	0000 I	000003	MEMBER	0005	000001	NCJ0
002 NOMEN	0010 I	000000	NUM	0004	001130	P	0000 R	000011	X

SUBROUTINE MEMINC

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80), JFCUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7), J(50,5), P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JOMA,JPER,JCOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JST,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMERS/ NUM(10)

REAL INERT

JFCUND=1

10 ISCOF=0

CALL READER

DO 5 I=1,10,1

5 IF(JBUF(1).EQ.NUM(I))ISCOF=1

```

IF(I3COF.NE.1)GO TO 98
MEMBER=DECODE1(1,L)
J1=L+1
IJOINT=DECODE1(J1,L)
J1=L+1
JJOINT=DECODE1(J1,L)
J1=L+1
AREA=DECODE1(J1,L)
J1=L+1
INERT=DECODE1(J1,L)
NOMEN=NOMEN+1
IF(IJOINT.EQ.0.OR.JJOINT.EQ.0.OR.MEMBER.EQ.0)GO TO 99
IF(AREA.EQ.0.0.OR.INERT.EQ.0.0)GO TO 99
J(MEMBER,4)=IJOINT
J(MEMBER,5)=JJOINT
X=A(JJOINT,6)-A(IJOINT,6)
Y=A(JJOINT,7)-A(IJOINT,7)
FLENGT=((X**2.)+(Y**2.))**.5
IF(FLENGT.EQ.0.0)GO TO 99
A(MEMBER,4)=X/FLENGT
A(MEMBER,5)=Y/FLENGT
A(MEMBER,1)= FLENGT
A(MEMBER,2)=INERT*E/FLENGT
2  A(MEMBER,3)=AREA*E/FLENGT
GO TO 10
99  NCMEM=0
93  RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

LOADER ENTRY POINT 000006

0: CODE(1) 000212; DATA(0) 000021; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
CK2 001212  
CK3 000003  
CK4 000005  
R 000032  
R 000020  
ERS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

DER  
DD1  
R35

ALIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

132 13L	0001	000003	15L	0001	000153	40L	0001	000174	98L
000 A	0013	R	000000	DECO01	0005	000000	E	0000	R 000005
011 INJPS	0006		000002	ISCLV	0004	I	000538	J	0007
001 JBC	0010		000007	JBLK	0003	I	000000	JBUF	0007
005 JCCL	0007		000003	JCC	0010		000014	JDIV	0010
017 JEQ	0007	I	000005	JFC	0003		000120	JFOUND	0007
007 JHC	0007		000010	JIC	0007	I	000011	JJC	0007
013 JLC	0010		000011	JLP	0010		000016	JLT	0007
015 JNC	0007		000016	JCC	0000	I	000002	JOINT	0007
012 JPLS	0007		000020	JCC	0007		000021	JRC	0010
001 JSEM	0007		000023	JTC	0007		000024	JUC	0007
027 JXC	0007	I	000030	JYC	0007	I	000031	JZC	0000
000 LOC	0000	I	000004	LOCJP1	0000	I	000006	LOCJP2	0000
001 NOJOI	0006	I	000001	NLOAD	0005		000002	NOMEN	0006
030 P									

# SUBROUTINE LOADER

C THIS SUBROUTINE HANDLES LOADING CONDITIONS  
C THE ROUTINE IS CALLED FROM INTERP AND RETURNS THERE.  
C THE LOADS ARE ENTERED INTO THE P VECTOR

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN

COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NLOAD,ISCLV,IEND,NEWPRO

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JOMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JST,JLT,JEG

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

NLOAD=0

25

```

      J1=0
      LOC=0
15    CONTINUE
      CALL READER
      IF(JEUF(1).NE.JJC)GO TO 99
      NCLOAD=1
      JOINT=DECCD1(6,L)
      L=L+1
      IF(JEUF(L).EQ.JJC.AND.JEUF(L+5).EQ.JXC)LOC=1
      IF(JEUF(L).EQ.JJC.AND.JEUF(L+5).EQ.JYC)LOC=2
      IF(JEUF(L).EQ.JMC.AND.JEUF(L+6).EQ.JZC)LOC=3
      IF(LOC.NE.1)GO TO 13
14    LOCJP1=J(JOINT,1)
      J1=L+6
      FORCE=DECCD1(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP1)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
13    IF(LOC.NE.2)GO TO 40
15    LOCJP2=J(JOINT,2)
      J1=L+6
      FORCE=DECCD1(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP2)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
40    IF(LOC.NE.3)GO TO 98
41    LOCJP3=J(JOINT,3)
      J1=L+7
      FORCE=DECCD1(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP3)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
98    NCLOAD=0
99    RETURN
      END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

14:04  
 PROG SIZE(I/D)=7046/8745

REL 70-1  
 CON - TIME 1.700 SECONDS

Appendix D  
Plane Grid Program Listing



0002 K4	0000 I 012003 K5	0000 I 012004 K6	0000 I 011766 L
0775 L00000	0000 I 011776 L00000	0000 I 011770 LOK	0000 I 011771 LOK1
0027 MFLF	0000 I 012026 MFLS	0000 I 012023 MFL1	0000 I 012024 MFL2
0030 MFL4	0000 I 012031 MFL5	0000 I 012032 MFL6	0000 I 011761 MJ
0001 NOJ01	0000 I 000001 NOLOAD	0000 I 000002 NOMEN	0000 I 012022 NOP
0000 NUM	0000 I 011773 N1	0004 R 001130 P	0000 I 011613 PP
0046 SHEAR	0000 F 000001 SIN	0000 R 012034 SINA	0000 I 011760 W

```

DIMENSION R(50,50),D(50,50),PP(50)
DIMENSION DISP(50)
COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND
COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)
COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJ01,NOMEN,G
COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLOAD,ISGLV,IEND,NEWPRO
COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,
JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC
COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,
JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ
COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)
DATA JAST /1H+/, JSEM/1H:/, JCMA /1H:/, JPER/1H./, JDOL/1H$/ ,
JLB/1H:/, JCOL /1H:/, JBLK/1H /, JRP/1H)/, JLP/1H(/, JEQ /1H=/
DATA JAC/1HA/, JBC/1HB/, JCC/1HC/, JDC/1HD/, JEC/1HE/, JFC/1HF/,
JGC/1HG/, JHC/1HH/, JIC/1HI/, JJC/1HJ/, JKC/1HK/, JLC/1HL/,
JMC/1HM/, JNC/1HN/, JOC/1HO/, JPC/1HP/, JQC/1HQ/, JRC/1HR/,
JSC/1HS/, JTC/1HT/, JUC/1HU/, JVC/1HV/, JWC/1HW/, JXC/1HX/,
JYC/1HY/, JZC/1HZ/
DATA JPLS/1H+/, JMIN/1H-/, JDIV/1H//, JGT/1H>/, JLT/1H</
DATA NUM(1) /1H1/, NUM(2) /1H2/, NUM(3) /1H3/, NUM(4)/1H4/,
NUM(5) /1H5/, NUM(6) /1H6/, NUM(7) /1H7/, NUM(8)/1H8/,
NUM(9) /1H9/, NUM(10) /1H0/
INTEGER PP
INTEGER R,*
MU=50
W=6
R=5
26 WRITE(N,130)
WRITE(W,131)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,133)
WRITE(N,132)
WRITE(N,138)
WRITE(W,134)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,135)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(W,136)
WRITE(W,132)
WRITE(N,131)
WRITE(N,139)
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
55 CONTINUE
NEWPRO=J
E=0.0
G=0.0
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
CALL READER
CALL INTERP

```

```

IF(E.EQ.0.0)GO TO 29
IF(G.EQ.0.0)GO TO 29
NOJ01=0
CALL READER
CALL INTERP
IF(NOJ01.EQ.0)GO TO 30
NOMEN=0
NLOAD=1
CALL INTERP
IF(NOMEN.EQ.0)GO TO 31
ICOUN1=NOJ01*3
ICOUN2=1
DO 3 I=1,NOJ01,1
IF(J(I,1).NE.JSC)GO TO 8
5 J(I,1)=ICOUN1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
J(I,2)=ICOUN1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
J(I,3)=ICOUN1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1-1
GO TO 3
8 J(I,1)=ICOUN2
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
J(I,2)=ICOUN2
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
J(I,3)=ICOUN2
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
3 CONTINUE
ICOUN2=ICOUN2-1
ICOUN1=ICOUN1+1
NREL=0
51 CALL INTERP
IF(NREL.EQ.0)GO TO 35
LUC=0
IF(JBUF(8).NE.JJC)GO TO 47
JOINT=DECD1(13,L)
L=L+1
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JMC.AND.JBUF(L+6).EQ.JXC)LOC=1
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JMC.AND.JBUF(L+6).EQ.JYC)LOC=2
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JZC)LOC=3
IF(LOC.EQ.0)GO TO 32
ICOUN1=ICOUN1+1
ICOUN2=ICOUN2+1
IHOLD=J(JOINT,LOC)
DO 37 LOK=1,NOJ01,1
IF(J(LOK,1).NE.ICOUN2.AND.J(LOK,2).NE.ICOUN2
6 .AND.J(LOK,3).NE.ICOUN2)GO TO 37
IF(J(LOK,1).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=1
IF(J(LOK,2).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=2
IF(J(LOK,3).EQ.ICOUN2)LOK1=3
LOK3=LOK
GO TO 38
37 CONTINUE
38 CONTINUE
J(JOINT,LOC)=ICOUN2
J(LOK3,LOK1)=IHOLD
GO TO 36
47 IF(JBUF(8).NE.JMC)GO TO 32
JOINT=DECD1(14,L)
L=L+1
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JTC.AND.JBUF(L+1).EQ.JOC)A(JOINT,3)=0.
36 CALL READER

```

```

NOREL=1
GO TO 51
NOREL=1
NI=NOJOI*2
DO 10 I=1, 1, 1
DO 10 K=1, 1, 1
10 B(I,K)=0.0
DO 12 I=1, 1, 1
LOCCJJ=J(1,4)
LOCCJK=J(1,5)
K1=J(LOCCJJ,1)
K2=J(LOCCJJ,2)
K3=J(LOCCJJ,3)
K4=J(LOCCJK,1)
K5=J(LOCCJK,2)
K6=J(LOCCJK,3)
SIN=A(I,5)
COS=A(I,4)
AEL=A(I,3)
EIL=A(I,2)
FLENGT=A(I,1)
A1=COS*COS*AEL+SIN*SIN*4.*EIL
A2=SIN*COS*AEL-SIN*COS*4.*EIL
A3=SIN*6.*EIL/FLENGT
A4=SIN*SIN*AEL+COS*COS*4.*EIL
A5=COS*6.*EIL/FLENGT
A6=12.*EIL/FLENGT/FLENGT
A7=-COS*COS*AEL+SIN*SIN*2.*EIL
A8=-SIN*COS*AEL-SIN*COS*2.*EIL
A9=-SIN*SIN*AEL+COS*COS*2.*EIL
B(K1,K1)=B(K1,K1)+A1
B(K1,K2)=B(K1,K2)+A2
B(K1,K3)=B(K1,K3)+A3
B(K1,K4)=B(K1,K4)+A7
B(K1,K5)=B(K1,K5)+A8
B(K1,K6)=B(K1,K6)-A3
B(K2,K1)=B(K2,K1)+A2
B(K2,K2)=B(K2,K2)+A4
B(K2,K3)=B(K2,K3)-A5
B(K2,K4)=B(K2,K4)+A8
B(K2,K5)=B(K2,K5)+A9
B(K2,K6)=B(K2,K6)+A5
B(K3,K1)=B(K3,K1)+A3
B(K3,K2)=B(K3,K2)-A5
B(K3,K3)=B(K3,K3)+A6
B(K3,K4)=B(K3,K4)+A3
B(K3,K5)=B(K3,K5)-A5
B(K3,K6)=B(K3,K6)-A6
B(K4,K1)=B(K4,K1)+A7
B(K4,K2)=B(K4,K2)+A8
B(K4,K3)=B(K4,K3)+A3
B(K4,K4)=B(K4,K4)+A1
B(K4,K5)=B(K4,K5)+A2
B(K4,K6)=B(K4,K6)-A3
B(K5,K1)=B(K5,K1)+A5
B(K5,K2)=B(K5,K2)-A9
B(K5,K3)=B(K5,K3)-A5
B(K5,K4)=B(K5,K4)+A2
B(K5,K5)=B(K5,K5)+A4
B(K5,K6)=B(K5,K6)+A5
B(K6,K1)=B(K6,K1)-A3
B(K6,K2)=B(K6,K2)+A5

```

```

B(K6,K3)=9(K6,K3)-A6
B(K6,K4)=B(K6,K4)-A3
B(K6,K5)=B(K6,K5)+A5
B(K6,K6)=B(K6,K6)+A6
12 CONTINUE
CALL INVERT(ICOUN2,IFLAG,w,8,D,PP,MJ)
IF(IFLAG.EQ.1)GO TO 29
24 NOLOAD=0
ISOLV=0
NOP=3*NOJCI
DO 17 I=1,NOP,1
17 P(I)=0.0
CALL INTERP
IF(NEWPRO.EQ.1)GO TO 55
IF(IEND.EQ.1)GO TO 27
IF(NOLOAD.EQ.0)GO TO 33
IF(JFOUND.EQ.0)GO TO 25
IF(ISOLV.NE.1)GO TO 29
DO 18 I=1,ICOUN2,1
DISP(I)=0.0
DO 18 K=1,ICOUN2,1
18 DISP(I)=DISP(I)+B(I,K)*P(K)
DO 19 I=ICOUN1,NOP,1
P(I)=-P(I)
DISP(I)=0.0
DO 19 K=1,ICOUN2,1
19 P(I)=P(I)+B(I,K)*DISP(K)
WRITE(W,126)
WRITE(W,120)
WRITE(W,121)
DO 21 L=1,NOJOI,1
MFL1=J(L,1)
MFL2=J(L,2)
MFL3=J(L,3)
21 WRITE(W,129)L, DISP(MFL3),DISP(MFL1),DISP(MFL2)
DO 39 L=1,ICOUN2,1
39 P(L)=0.0
WRITE(W,127)
WRITE(W,123)
WRITE(W,121)
DO 22 L=1,NOJOI,1
MFL1=J(L,1)
MFL2=J(L,2)
MFL3=J(L,3)
IF(MFL1.LT.ICOUN1.AND.MFL2.LT.ICOUN1.AND.MFL3.LT.ICOUN1)GO TO 22
WRITE(W,129)L, P(MFL3),P(MFL1),P(MFL2)
22 CONTINUE
WRITE(W,128)
WRITE(W,124)
WRITE(W,125)
DO 23 L=1,NOMEN,1
MFL5=ABS(J(L,4))
MFL6=ABS(J(L,5))
MFL1=J(MFL5,1)
MFL2=J(MFL5,2)
MFL3=J(MFL5,3)
MFL4=J(MFL6,1)
MFL5=J(MFL6,2)
MFL6=J(MFL6,3)
SIN=A(L,5)
COS=A(L,4)
AEL=A(L,3)

```

```

EIL=A(L,2)
FLENGT=A(L,1)
COSA= COS*AEL
SINA=SIN*AEL
DISP1=DISP(MFL1)
DISP2=DISP(MFL2)
DISP3=DISP(MFL3)
DISP4=DISP(MFL4)
DISP5=DISP(MFL5)
DISP6=DISP(MFL6)
AXIAL=-COSA*DISP1-SINA*DISP2+COSA*DISP4+SINA*DISP5
BENDS=-SIN*EIL*4.*DISP1+COS*EIL*4.*DISP2-6.*EIL*DISP3/FLENGT
&-SIN*2.*EIL*DISP4+COS*2.*EIL*DISP5+6.*EIL*DISP6/FLENGT
BENDE=-SIN*EIL*2.*DISP1+COS*EIL*2.*DISP2-6.*EIL*DISP3/FLENGT
&-SIN*4.*EIL*DISP4+COS*4.*EIL*DISP5+6.*EIL*DISP6/FLENGT
50  SHEAR=(BENDE+BENDS)/FLENGT
    SHEAR=-SHEAR
    WRITE(W,122) L, J(L,4), SHEAR, AXIAL, BENDS
    SHEAR=-SHEAR
23  WRITE(W,122) L, J(L,5), SHEAR, AXIAL, BENDE
    WRITE(W,139)
    CALL READER
    GO TO 24
29  WRITE(W,142)
    GO TO 25
30  WRITE(W,143)
    GO TO 25
31  WRITE(W,144)
    GO TO 25
32  WRITE(W,145)
    GO TO 25
33  WRITE(W,146)
25  IF(IEND.EQ.1)GO TO 27
    CALL READER
    CALL INTERP
    IF(NEWPRO.EQ.1)GO TO 55
    GO TO 25
120  FORMAT(' ',2X,'JOINT          ',2X,'TRANSLATION',11X,'ROTATION')
121  FORMAT(' ',20X,'Z',13X,'X',13X,'Y'//)
122  FORMAT(' ',16,17,3F14.5)
123  FORMAT(' ',2X,'JOINT          ',4X,'FORCE',17X,'MOMENT')
124  FORMAT(' ',2X,'MEMBER JOINT',4X,'FORCE',17X,'MOMENT')
125  FORMAT(' ',18X,'SHEAR',8X,'TORSIONAL',5X,'BENDING Z'//)
126  FORMAT(///'1','JOINT DISPLACEMENTS'///)
127  FORMAT(///'1','SUPPORT REACTIONS'///)
128  FORMAT(///'1','MEMBER FORCES'///)
129  FORMAT(' ',16,F21.5,2F14.5)
130  FORMAT('1',//////////)
131  FORMAT(' ',10X,'*****')
132  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**',52X,'**')
133  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**      ACADEMIC STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS COMPUTER SYSTEM
6    *')
134  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**',20X,'RELEASE 1.0',21X,'**')
135  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**',15X,'UNIVERSITY OF HOUSTON',16X,'**')
136  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**',10X,'DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING',11X,'**')
137  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**',6X,40A1,6X,'**')
138  FORMAT(' ',10X,'**',20X,'PLANE GRID',21X,'**')
139  FORMAT('1')
141  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN HEADER CARD')
142  FORMAT(' ','INSUFFICIENT DATA OR INPUT ERROR')
143  FORMAT(' ','ERROR IN JOINT COORDINATES')

```

```
144  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN MEMBER INCIDENCES')
145  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN JOINT RELEASES')
146  FORMAT(' ', 'ERROR IN LOADING')
27   STOP
     END
```

6

COMPILATION:        1.7  DIAGNOSTICS.

INVERT ENTRY POINT 000334

D: CODE(1) 000436; DATA(0) 000047; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

OT  
 OTR  
 SUB  
 US  
 25  
 R35

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

007 106F	0001	000027	110G	0001	000030	113G	0001	000140	133G
200 155G	0001	000220	170G	0001	000314	20L	0001	000301	201G
072 34L	0001	000040	40L	0001	000213	91L	0000	R	000006 A
005 I	0000	000020	INJPS	0000	I	000003 J	0000	I	000001 K
000 Z									

```

SUBROUTINE INVERT(N,IFLAG,W,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
INTEGER Z,W
IFLAG=0
DO 5 K=1,N,1
DO 5 L=1,N,1
5 D(K,L)=0.0
J=1
40 Z=J+1
CALL PIVOT(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
IF(C(J,J).EQ.0.0)GO TO 34
30 WRITE(W,106)
IFLAG=1
GO TO 20
34 DO 60 K=Z,N,1
FACT=C(K,J)/C(J,J)
C(K,J)=FACT
DO 10 I=Z,N,1
A=FACT*C(J,I)
C(K,I)=A-C(K,I)
10 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
J=J+1
IF(J=N)GO TO 50,50,50
50 DO 91 I=1,N,1
IF(C(I,I).NE.0.0)GO TO 91
WRITE(W,106)
IFLAG=1
GO TO 20
91 CONTINUE

```

```
DO 601 I=1,N,1
D(I,I)=1.0
CALL PIVOTR(N,I,C,D,P,MJ)
CALL BAKSUB(I,N,C,D,P,MJ)
601 CONTINUE
106 FORMAT('G', 'THE SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS IS SINGULAR')
DO 603 I=1,N,1
DO 603 K=1,N,1
603 C(I,K)=D(I,K)
20 RETURN
END
```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.



PIVOT ENTRY POINT 000123

: CODE(1) 000137; DATA(0) 000031; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

35

SEGMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

043	112G	0001	000076	130G	0001	000054	20L	0001	000104	50L			
004	INJPS	0000	1	000002	L	0000	R	000000	LARGE	0000	1	000001	M

```

SUBROUTINE PIVOT(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
REAL LARGE
LARGE=ABS(C(J,J))
M=0
P(J)=J
DO 20 L=J,N,1
IF(LARGE-ABS(C(L,J)))10,20,20
10  LARGE=ABS(C(L,J))
M=L
20  CONTINUE
IF(M)40,50,40
40  P(J)=M
DO 30 L=J,N,1
HOLD=C(J,L)
C(J,L)=C(M,L)
C(M,L)=HOLD
30  CONTINUE
50  RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

BAKSUB ENTRY POINT 000137

ED: CODE(1) 000161: DATA(J) 000043: BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

RR35

SIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0061 111G	0001	0001C2 115G	0000 R 000002 COUP	0000 I 000003 I
0001 K	0000	I 000000 Y		

```

SUBROUTINE BAKSUB(J,N,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
INTEGER Y
D(N,J)=D(N,J)/C(N,N)
Y=N-1
DO 70 K=1,Y,1
  COUP=D.0
  DO 80 I=1,P,1
    COUP=COUP+(D(N+1-I,J)*C(N-K,N+1-I))
80  CONTINUE
  D(N-K,J)=(D(N-K,J)-COUP)/C(N-K,N-K)
70  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

PIVOTR ENTRY POINT 000115

: CODE(1) 000137; DATA(0) 000037; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

35

SEGMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

26 107G	0001	000062	117G	0000 I 000005 I	0000	000007	INJP
00 JP	0000 I	000004	JP1	0000 I 000003 M	0000 R	000002	RHOL

```

SUBROUTINE PIVOTR(N,K,C,D,P,MJ)
DIMENSION C(MJ,MJ),D(MJ,MJ),P(MJ)
INTEGER P
JP=N-1
DO 1 J=1,JP,1
  RHOLD=D(J,K)
  M=P(J)
  D(J,K)=D(M,K)
  D(M,K)=RHOLD
  JP1=J+1
DO 2 I=JP1,N,1
  D(I,K)=D(J,K)*C(I,J)-D(I,K)
2  CONTINUE
1  CONTINUE
RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

READER ENTRY POINT 000040

D: CODE(1) 000042; DATA(3) 000011; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
CK2 001212  
CK3 000004  
R 000032  
R 000020  
BRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

EEZ  
US  
3\$  
2\$  
US  
R3\$

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

002 201F	0000	000003 301F	0001	000004 5L	0004	000000 A
003 G	0000	000005 INJP5	0004	000536 J	0006	000000 JAC
001 J6C	0007	000007 JBLK	0003 I	000000 JBUF	0006	000002 JCC
006 JCOL	0006	000003 JDC	0007	000014 JDIV	0007 I	000004 JDOL
017 JEQ	0006	000005 JFC	0003	000120 JFOUND	0006	000006 JGC
007 JHC	0006	000010 JIC	0006	000011 JJC	0006	000012 JKC
013 JLC	0007	000011 JLP	0007	000016 JLT	0006	000014 JMC
015 JNC	0006	000016 JOC	0006	000017 JPC	0007	000003 JPER
020 JQC	0006	000021 JRC	0007	000010 JRP	0006	000022 JSC
023 JTC	0006	000024 JUC	0006	000025 JVC	0006	000026 JWC
030 JYC	0006	000031 JZC	0005	000001 NOJOI	0005	000002 NOMEN
130 P	0000 I	000000 R	0000 I	000001 W		

SUBROUTINE READER

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN,G

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCHA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)

INTEGER R,W

R=5

W=6

C REAR AND PRINT THE INPUT STATEMENT

5 READ(P,201)JBUF

WRITE(W,301)JBUF

```
C  REMOVE BLANKS FROM THE INPUT DATA
      CALL SQUEEZ
      IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JDOL)GO TO 5
201  FORMAT(80A1)
301  FORMAT('U',80A1)
      RETURN
      END
```

13

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

INTERP ENTRY POINT 000460

D: CODE(1) 000462; DATA(0) 000006; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

BLOCKS:

BLOCK1 000121  
 BLOCK2 001212  
 BLOCK3 000004  
 BLOCK4 000005  
 R 000032  
 R 000020  
 NUMRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

CODE1  
 NTC  
 INC  
 DER  
 R3\$

SIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0425 SL	0001	000451	9999L	0004	000000	A	0012	R	000000	DECODE		
0003 G	0006	I	000003	IEND	0000	000002	INJPS	0006	I	000002	ISOLV	
0000 JAC	0010	000000	JAST	0007	I	000001	JBC	0010	000007	JBLK		
0002 JCC	0010	000002	JCMA	0010	000006	JCOL	0007	I	000003	JDC		
0004 JDOL	0007	I	000004	JEC	0010	I	000017	JEQ	0007	I	000005	JFC
0006 JGC	0010	000015	JGT	0007	000007	JHC	0007	I	000010	JIC		
0012 JKC	0010	000005	JLB	0007	I	000013	JLC	0010	000011	JLP		
0014 JMC	0010	000013	JMIN	0007	I	000015	JNC	0007	I	000016	JOC	
0003 JPER	0010	000012	JPLS	0007	000020	JQC	0007	I	000021	JRC		
0022 JSC	0010	000001	JSEM	0007	I	000023	JTC	0007	000024	JUC		
0026 JAC	0007	000027	JXC	0007	000030	JYC	0007	000031	JZC			
0004 NEWPRO	0005	000001	NOJOI	0006	I	000001	NLOAD	0005	000002	NOMEN		
0000 NUM	0004	001130	P									

SUBROUTINE INTERP

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN,G

COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NLOAD,ISOLV,IEND,NEWPRO

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
 I JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC  
 COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
 I JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMRS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=0

C PROBLEM STATEMENT

IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JPC.AND.  
 & JBUF(2).EQ.JRC.AND.

```

& JBUF(3).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JJC)JFOUND=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)NEWPRO=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C MODULUS OF ELASTICITY
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JEC)JFOUND=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1.AND.JBUF(2).EQ.JEQ)E=DECOD1(3,L)
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C SHEAR MODULUS
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JGC)JFOUND=1
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JGC.AND.JBUF(2).EQ.JEQ)G=DECOD1(3,L)
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C JOINT COORDINATES
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JIC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(5).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(6).EQ.JJC)CALL JOINTC
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C MEMBER INCIDENCES
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JMC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JEC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JMC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(5).EQ.JEC.AND.
& JBUF(6).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(7).EQ.JIC)CALL MEMINC
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C JOINT AND MEMBER RELEASES
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JEC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JJC)JFOUND=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)NOREL=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C LOADING CARDS
  IF(NOREL.EQ.0)GO TO 5
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(4).EQ.JJC)JFOUND=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1.AND.NOLOAD.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)CALL LOADER
  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JJC)ISOLV=1
  IF(JFOUND.EQ.1)GO TO 9999
C END STATEMENT
5  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(2).EQ.JJC.AND.
& JBUF(3).EQ.JJC)IEND=1
9999 RETURN
END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

SQUEEZ ENTRY POINT 000036

D: CODE(1) 000043; DATA(0) 000011; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
 CK2 001212  
 CK3 000004  
 R 000032  
 R 000020  
 BRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

R3\$

ALIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0014 101L	0001	000003	113G	0004	000000	A	0005	000000	E
0001 I	0000	000002	INJPS	0004	000536	J	0006	000000	JAC
0001 JBC	0007	I 000007	JBLK	0003	I 000000	JBUF	0006	000002	JCC
0006 JCOL	0006	000003	JDC	0007	000014	JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL
0017 JEQ	0006	000005	JFC	0003	000120	JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC
0007 JHC	0006	000010	JIC	0006	000011	JJC	0006	000012	JKC
0013 JLC	0007	000011	JLP	0007	000016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC
0015 JNC	0006	000016	JOC	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER
0020 JQC	0006	000021	JRC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC
0023 JTC	0006	000024	JUC	0006	000025	JVC	0006	000026	JWC
0030 JYC	0006	000031	JZC	0000	I 000000	K	0005	000001	NOJOI
0000 NUM	0004	001130	P						

SUBROUTINE SQUEEZ

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN,G

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

I JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,ILB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

I JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBERS/ NUM(10)

K=0

DO 101 I=1,80,1

IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JBLK)GO TO 101

K=K+1

JBUF(K)=JBUF(I)

101 CONTINUE

K=K+1

JBUF(K)=JAST

RETURN

END





JOINTC ENTRY POINT 000113

CODE(1) 000121; DATA(0) 000017; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

BLOCKS:

BLOCK1 000121  
 BLOCK2 000122  
 BLOCK3 000004  
 LEETR 000032  
 CHAR 000020  
 NUMBRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

READER  
 CODE1  
 RRR3\$

SIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0002 10L	0001	000007	115G	0001	000077	20L	0001	000100	99L
0000 DECOD1	0005	000000	E	0005	000003	G	0000	I	000001 I
0006 INJP\$	0004	I	000536 J	0006	000000	JAC	0007	I	000000 JAST
0007 JBLK	0003	I	000000 JBUF	0006	000002	JCC	0007	000002	JCMA
0003 JDC	0007	000014	JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL	0006	000004	JEC
0005 JFC	0003	I	000120 JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC	0007	000015	JGT
0010 JIC	0006	000011	JJC	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB
0011 JLP	0007	000016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN
0016 JOC	0000	I	000002 JOINT	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER
0020 JGC	0006	000021	JRC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC
0023 JTC	0006	000024	JUC	0006	000025	JVC	0006	000026	JWC
0030 JYC	0006	000031	JZC	0000	I	000004 JI	0000	I	000003 L
0002 NOMEN	0010	I	000000 NUM	0004	001130	P			

SUBROUTINE JOINTC

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NUMEN,G

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,

1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,

1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEG

COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)

JFOUND=1

10 IGOOF=0

CALL READER

DO 5 I=1,10

5 IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(I))IGOOF=1

IF(IGOOF.NE.1)GO TO 99

JOINT=DECOD1(1,L)

IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JAST)GO TO 20

```
J1=L+1
A(JOINT,6)=DECODE(J1,L)
IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JAST)GO TO 20
J1=L+1
A(JOINT,7)=DECODE(J1,L)
L=L+1
J(JOINT,1)=JBUF(L)
NOJOI=NOJOI+1
GO TO 10
20 NOJOI=0
99 RETURN
END
```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

DECOD1 ENTRY POINT 000157

ED: CODE(1) 000176; DATA(0) 000025; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

DOCK5:

AR 000020  
MBRS 000012  
DOCK1 000121

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

II  
RR35

SIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0043	121G	0001	000056	130G	0001	000075	20L	0001	000136	30L
0006	ARIGHT	0000	R	000001	DECOD1	0000	I	000007	I	0000
0007	JBLK	0005	I	000000	JBUF	0003	000002	JCMA	0003	000006
0004	JDOL	0003	000017	JEQ	0005	000120	JFOUND	0003	000015	JGT
0005	JLB	0003	000011	JLP	0003	000016	JLT	0003	I	000013
0012	JPLS	0003	000010	JRP	0003	000001	JSEM	0000	I	000004
0000	NUM	0000	P	000000	SIGN					

```

FUNCTION DECOD1(J,L)
COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,
1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ
COMMON /NUMBRS/ NUM(10)
COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND
K=1
JJ=J
SIGN=1.0
IF(JBUF(J).EQ.JMIN)SIGN=-1.0
IF(JBUF(J).EQ.JMIN.OR.JBUF(J).EQ.JPLS)JJ=J+1
JSIDE=0
ALEFT=0.0
ARIGHT=0.0
DO 30 I=JJ,90,1
IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JPER)JSIDE=1
IF(JBUF(I).EQ.JPER)GO TO 30
DO 15 L=1,10,1
IF(JBUF(I).EQ.NUM(L))GO TO 20
15 CONTINUE
DECOD1=SIGN*(ALEFT+ARIGHT)
L=1
RETURN
20 IF(L.EQ.10)L=0
IF(JSIDE.EQ.0)ALEFT=ALEFT*10.+L
IF(JSIDE.EQ.1)ARIGHT=ARIGHT+FLOAT(L)/FLOAT(10.**K)
IF(JSIDE.EQ.1)K=K+1
30 CONTINUE

```

END

21

COMPILATION:

NO DIAGNOSTICS.

MEMINC ENTRY POINT 000236

ED: CODE(1) 000247; DATA(0) 000037; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

BLOCKS:

BLOCK1 000121  
 BLOCK2 001212  
 BLOCK3 000004  
 ITR 000032  
 IAR 000020  
 IMBRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

READER  
 COD1  
 IRR  
 IRR35

SIGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

0002 IOL	0001	000007	I16G	0001	000220	98L	0001	000217	99L
0010 AREA	0012 R	000000	DECOD1	0005 R	000000	E	0000 R	000014	FLEN
0002 I	0000 I	000001	IG00F	0000 I	000006	IJOINT	0000 R	000000	INER
0536 J	0006	000000	JAC	0007	000000	JAST	0006	000001	JBC
0000 JBUF	0006	000002	JCC	0007	000002	JCMA	0007	000006	JCOL
0014 JDIV	0007	000004	JDOL	0006	000004	JEC	0007	000017	JEQ
0120 JFOUND	0006	000006	JGC	0007	000015	JGT	0006	000007	JHC
0011 JJC	0000 I	000007	JJOINT	0006	000012	JKC	0007	000005	JLB
0011 JLP	0007	000016	JLT	0006	000014	JMC	0007	000013	JMIN
0016 JJC	0006	000017	JPC	0007	000003	JPER	0007	000012	JPLS
0021 JRC	0007	000010	JRP	0006	000022	JSC	0007	000001	JSEM
0024 JUC	0006	000025	JVC	0006	000026	JWC	0006	000027	JXC
0031 JZC	0000 I	000005	J1	0000 I	000004	L	0000 I	000003	MEMB
0015 NOMEM	0005 I	000002	NOMEN	0010 I	000000	NUM	0004	001130	P
0012 X	0000 R	000013	Y						

SUBROUTINE MEMINC

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN,G

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
 1 JMC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JDOL,JLB,JCOL,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
 1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBR5/ NUM(10)

REAL INERT

JFOUND=1

10 IG00F=0

CALL READER

DO 5 I=1,10,1

```

5  IF(JBUF(1).EQ.NUM(1))IG00F=1
    IF(IG00F.NE.1)GO TO 98
    MEMBER=DECODI(1,L)
    J1=L+1
    IJOINT=DECODI(J1,L)
    J1=L+1
    JJOINT=DECODI(J1,L)
    J1=L+1
    AREA=DECODI(J1,L)
    J1=L+1
    INERT=DECODI(J1,L)
    J1=L+1
    POLI=DECODI(J1,L)
    NUMEN=NUMEN+1
    IF(IJOINT.EQ.0.OR.JJOINT.EQ.0.OR.MEMBER.EQ.0)GO TO 99
    IF(POLI.EQ.0.0.OR.INERT.EQ.0.0)GO TO 99
    J(MEMBER,4)=IJOINT
    J(MEMBER,5)=JJOINT
    X=A(JJOINT,6)-A(IJOINT,6)
    Y=A(JJOINT,7)-A(IJOINT,7)
    FLENGT=((X**2.)+(Y**2.))**.5
    IF(FLENGT.EQ.0.0)GO TO 99
    A(MEMBER,4)=X/FLENGT
    A(MEMBER,5)=Y/FLENGT
    A(MEMBER,1)= FLENGT
    A(MEMBER,2)=INERT*E/FLENGT
2   A(MEMBER,3)=POLI*G/FLENGT
    GO TO 10
99  NOMEM=0
98  RETURN
    END

```

OMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

LOADER ENTRY POINT 000206

D: CODE(1) 000212; DATA(0) 000021; BLANK COMMON(2) 000000

CKS:

CK1 000121  
CK2 001212  
CK3 000004  
CK4 000005  
R 000032  
R 000020  
BRS 000012

REFERENCES (BLOCK, NAME)

DER  
OD1  
R35

IGNMENT (BLOCK, TYPE, RELATIVE LOCATION, NAME)

132 13L	0001	000003	15L	0001	000153	40L	0001	000174	98L
000 A	0013 R	000000	DECODE	0005	000000	E	0000 R	000005	FORCE
003 IEND	0000	000011	INJPS	0006	000002	ISOLV	0004 I	000536	J
000 JAST	0007	000001	JBC	0010	000007	JBLK	0003 I	000000	JBUF
002 JCMA	0010	000006	JCOL	0007	000003	JDC	0010	000014	JDIV
004 JEC	0010	000017	JEQ	0007 I	000005	JFC	0003	000120	JFOUND
015 JGT	0007	000007	JHC	0007	000010	JIC	0007 I	000011	JJC
005 JLB	0007	000013	JLC	0010	000011	JLP	0010	000016	JLT
013 JMIN	0007	000015	JNC	0007	000016	JOC	0000 I	000002	JOINT
003 JPER	0010	000012	JPLS	0007	000020	JQC	0007	000021	JRC
022 JSC	0010	000001	JSEM	0007	000023	JTC	0007	000024	JUC
026 JWC	0007 I	000027	JXC	0007 I	000030	JYC	0007 I	000031	JZC
003 L	0000 I	000000	LOC	0000 I	000004	LOCJP1	0000 I	000006	LOCJP
004 NEWPRO	0005	000001	NOJOI	0006 I	000001	NOLoad	0005	000002	NOMEN
000 NUM	0004 R	001130	P						

# SUBROUTINE LOADER

C THIS SUBROUTINE HANDLES LOADING CONDITIONS  
C THE ROUTINE IS CALLED FROM INTERP AND RETURNS THERE.  
C THE LOADS ARE ENTERED INTO THE P VECTOR

COMMON /BLOCK1/ JBUF(80),JFOUND

COMMON /BLOCK2/ A(50,7),J(50,5),P(50)

COMMON /BLOCK3/ E,NOJOI,NOMEN,G

COMMON /BLOCK4/ NOREL,NOLoad,ISOLV,IEND,NEWPRO

COMMON /LETR/ JAC,JBC,JCC,JDC,JEC,JFC,JGC,JHC,JIC,JJC,JKC,JLC,JMC,  
1 JNC,JOC,JPC,JQC,JRC,JSC,JTC,JUC,JVC,JWC,JXC,JYC,JZC

COMMON /CHAR/ JAST,JSEM,JCMA,JPER,JCOL,JLB,JBLK,JRP,JLP,  
1 JPLS,JMIN,JDIV,JGT,JLT,JEQ

COMMON /NUMBR5/ NUM(10)

NOLoad=0



```

      J1=0
      LOC=0
15    CONTINUE
      CALL READER
      IF(JBUF(1).NE.JJC)GO TO 99
      NOLOAD=1
      JOINT=DECODE(6,L)
      L=L+1
      IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JMC.AND.JBUF(L+6).EQ.JXC)LOC=1
      IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JMC.AND.JBUF(L+6).EQ.JYC)LOC=2
      IF(JBUF(L).EQ.JFC.AND.JBUF(L+5).EQ.JZC)LOC=3
      IF(LOC.NE.1)GO TO 13
14    LOCJP1=J(JOINT,1)
      J1=L+7
      FORCE=DECODE(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP1)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
13    IF(LOC.NE.2)GO TO 40
16    LOCJP2=J(JOINT,2)
      J1=L+7
      FORCE=DECODE(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP2)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
40    IF(LOC.NE.3)GO TO 98
41    LOCJP3=J(JOINT,3)
      J1=L+6
      FORCE=DECODE(J1,L)
      P(LOCJP3)=FORCE
      GO TO 15
98    NOLOAD=0
99    RETURN
      END

```

COMPILATION: NO DIAGNOSTICS.

-13:34

PROG SIZE(I/D)=7043/8741

VEL 7C-1

ION - TIME 1.849 SECONDS